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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 150 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1949 Price: 2 ANNAS

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CHANCES OF SOLVING KASHMIR DEADLOCK

Trygve Lie's Optimism

Developments To Be Expected Soon

LAKE SUCCESS, June 24 (P.T.I.-Reuter).

MR. Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary-General, said today that he was optimistic about the chances of solving the present deadlock in Kashmir.

His optimism, he said, was based on recent information obtained from members of the Kashmir Commission who had had contacts with the Indian and Pakistan Governments.

Mr. Lie would not add anything beyond this statement, but observers gained the impression that some developments might be expected soon.

Mr Lie disclosed that the India-Pakistan Commission had requested 24 new military observers.

Mr. Lie mentioned this while presenting his case for the establishment of a United Nations field service to a committee meeting here.

Lozano Resigns From Uncip

SRINAGAR, June 24 (PTI): Dr. Alfredo Lozano, Colombian member of the U. N. Commission for India and Pakistan, announced here today that he had resigned his post on the Commission on personal and political grounds.

Dr Lozano told the PTI that his decision was in keeping with the trend of policy followed by the Liberal Party of Colombia, of which he was a member. He pointed out that the Liberal Party which had joined the coalition Government of Colombia had withdrawn from the Government a few weeks ago "owing to political differences."

In view of this fact, Dr. Lozano thought it fit to resign from his post on the Commission to which he was appointed in virtue of his holding of the rank of an Ambassador of the Colombian Government.

Dr. Lozano said he tendered his resignation in the month of May, but had continued to remain on the Commission till now at the request of the Commission.

He will leave Srinagar for Bogota in Colombia on Sunday, June 26.

Dr. Lozano, expressing his gratitude said: "I am certain of the sincerity of the two Governments in their desire to achieve a lasting settlement of the Kashmir problem. And thus though I leave now with regret, still I believe, as too all my colleagues, that the work begun last June and which reached its first climax on January 1 of this year will lead to a final and rewarding peace of this issue and strengthen the ties of the two Dominions."

Dr. Lozano will stop in New Delhi and in Karachi and take leave of officials of the two Governments before his final departure.

Mr. Samper, his alternate member of the Commission, will act in his place.

Girl Falls To Death

BOMBAY, Friday.

Urmila Natverlal, a 23-year-old Gujarati girl, fell from the terrace of Sham Bhuvan, Naviwadi, early this morning. She was found at about 3-30 a.m. lying in a pool of blood on the footpath.

It is stated that Urmila went to the terrace to collect some articles which had been put out to dry. The actual circumstances leading to her fall are not known.

Proposal For U. N. Guards

LAKE SUCCESS, June 24, (U. P. A.): Secretary General Trygve Lie presented his 300-man uniformed but unarmed United Nations guard proposal to a special 14-nation committee today.

Trygve Lie

The proposal also includes a reserve panel of up to 2,000 names eligible to be called for service in observing truces, conducting plebiscites and similar duties.

Lie reported that the Kashmir Negotiating Committee on Thursday requested 24 new military observers, illustrating the need for some standing force.

SITE FOR PERMANENT U. N. HEADQUARTERS

An aerial view of midtown Manhattan Island, one of the five boroughs of New York City, showing the cleared 17-acre tract which is the site of the permanent United Nations headquarters. The tract consists of six square blocks along the East River (foreground). The headquarters site was acquired in the spring of 1948, following an dol. 8,500,000 contribution to the U.N. by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., U.S. philanthropist. The City of New York is spending dol. 20,000,000 on land improvements in the vicinity of the site, including the widening of streets, the broadening of approaches to the world capital, and the construction of a tunnel under First Avenue. On August 11, 1948, President Truman approved a bill passed by the U.S., Congress, appropriating dol. 65,000,000 as a loan to the U.N. to finance the headquarters project. Ground was broken in October 1948, for the first headquarters unit, the dol. 20,000,000, thirty-nine-story Secretariat Building. Plans also have been made for a large General Assembly building and a Conference area. All units will be interconnected.—USIS Photo.

3 PER CENT LOAN 1949--52

Conversion Allowed

BOMBAY, Friday.

Holders of the Government of India's three percent loan 1949-52 will have the option of converting their holdings at par into either the 2-1/2 percent loan 1955 (issue price Rs. 99/2 per Rs. 100) or the 2-3/4 percent loan 1962 (issue price Rs. 99/8 per Rs. 100) the Reserve Bank of India announced here today.

The conversion, which will be permissible from July 4 to July 8 (both days inclusive) can be made through the offices of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Delhi, Madras or Calcutta and through any branch of the Imperial Bank of India, the announcement said.

KISTAYYA RELEAESD

AMBALA, June 24, (P. T. I.): Shankar Kistayya, who was ordered to be released by the full bench of the East Punjab High Court hearing the Gandhi murder case appeal, was released from the Ambala Central Jail this evening.

Escorted by the police, Shankar left for Sholapur immediately by train.

ANDHRA-ORIYA CLASH IN BERHAMPUR

Three Injured: Crude Bombs Thrown At Meeting

BERHAMPORE (Ganjam), June 24. (P.T.I.).

THREE persons including an Advocate were seriously injured in a clash between Andhras and Oriyas here last evening. The police intervened and dispersed the crowd after a lathi charge.

It is stated that the procesion taken out by the Andhras came into clash with a rival group, mainly of Oriyas.

The procession was taken out as a protest against the decision of the Orissa Government making Oriya the sole medium of instruction, prescribing a language test for permanent residentship in the Province and printing voters lists only in Oriya even in the bi-lingual districts of Ganjam and Koraput Districts.

The small police force that accompanied the procession, which was stated to have been taken out with the previous permission of the police was not able to control the situation and additional police had to be called.

Later, the processionists assembled in a hall and held a meeting but here again rival demonstrators attempted to gate-crash the meeting and it alleged stones and crdue bombs were thrown into the hall, Police reinforcements were rushed to the spot and a lathi charge was made to disperse the crowd.

Later in the night some stray assaults were reported.

It is stated that a procession consisting mostly of students was taken out in the afternoon in observance of the "Andhra day". The processionists, it is reported, met with obstruction from some who were opposed to the observance of the day. Thereupon a clash took place. The police rushed to the spot, after failing to disperse the crowd by a preliminary lathi-charge, the police fired a few rounds. Four persons, it is reported, were injured.

Some arrests were made and the situation brought under control.

POLICE OPEN FIRE ON PROCESSIONISTS

Observance Of 'Andhra Day' Brings Faction Fight

CUTTACK, June 24 (UPI): Police had to open fire yesterday afternoon at Behampur when a clash took place between two sections as a result of observance of the "Andhra Day", according to a report received here.

Four persons are reported to have received injuries and removed to hospital.

Agreement On Supply Of Essential Commodities

NEW DELHI, June 24 (PTI).

AN agreement between India and Pakistan for the mutual supply of essential commodities has been reached and signed at the Inter-Dominion Conference in Karachi, to-day, the Ministry of Commerce announced here.

The agreement provides for the export of steel, coal, cotton and jute textiles, chemicals, mustard oil, groundnut oil, vanaspati, sea salt, etc. from India to Pakistan, and jute, cotton, rock salt, hides and skins, etc. from Pakistan to India.

Both the delegations, the announcement stated, had agreed that each country should use its best endeavours to supply the requirements of the other country and that the agreement should be concluded from a realistic point of view so as to achieve a balance of trade as early as possible.

The text of the agreement is to be released after ratification by both the Governments.

The question of the payments agreement, between India and Pakistan, was further discussed between the Indian delegation, headed by Mr. K. G Ambegaokar, and the Pakisatn representatives, headed by Mr. Mohammed Ali.

The working of the present agreement as well as the possible results of the new commodities agreement, entered into between the two countries, were discussed. Certain tentative proposals are now under the consideration of the two Governments, and it is likely that decisions will be reached shortly.

BURMESE C-in-C FOR LONDON

RANGOON, June 24 (PTI-Reuter): Lieut-Gen. Ne Win, Defence Minister and Supreme Commander of the Burmese Armed Forces, will visit London and Washington early next month, it was officially announced here today.

Usually well-informed sources believe the visit is linked with the proposed defence talks with friendly countries which were outlined in Premier Thakin Nu's foreign policy statement last week.

JUSTICE ON THE STREET

CALCUTTA, June 24, (P. T. I.): A mobile police court, presided over by a Presidency Magistrate will come out in the streets of Calcutta tomorrow to try cases of breaches of traffic rules.

This step is being introduced to bring down breaches of traffic regulations. The court will be assisted in its work by a mobile report centre, presided over by a Deputy Commissioner of Police.

WAR KNOCKS AT HONG KONG

Fighting Rages Ten Miles From Frontier

HONG KONG, June 24 (P T I-Reuter).

CHINESE Nationalists and Communists were today fighting only ten miles from the Hong Kong frontier.

Communist guerillas have reached the hilly country north of the Sham-chun river which forms the western end of the international frontiers.

The Nationalist force was estimated at about 2,000 men, the Command including local and regular militia, but the strength of the Communists was not known. Both sides were reported to be well armed.

LASHIO (Burma Road): Chinese nationalists are holding three divisions ready to move into Yunnan if there is more trouble in Burma Road towns, the Chinese Consul said here.

This followed news that the rebellion at Paoshan had been stamped out.

EGYPTIAN SHIP HELD UP

SHANGHAI: The Egyptian motor vessel, "Star of Suez" radioed today that its pilot had been seized by a Chinese Nationalist boarding party after Nationalist warships halted the ship with gunfire, reports U.P.A.

Aparently showing how they intend to blockade all Communist-held ports effective on Sunday, the Nationalists reportedly fired eight rounds across the bow of the "Star of Suez" at 8 p.m. on Thursday near the mouth of the Yangtze.

Under orders, the big passenger-cargo vessel dropped anchor at a spot 60 miles from Shanghai. The passengers were told to put on life-belts. Nationalist warships stood by the vessel throughout the night.

REVISED CLOTH PRICES

Two Per Cent Overall Reduction

BOMBAY, Friday: Revised prices for cotton textiles have been fixed for the quarter July-August-September by the Government of India and an announcement will be made shortly, it was learnt here today.

It is understood that the revised prices show an overall reduction of two per cent in all varieties—coarse, medium, fine and superfine. The reduction in the first three categories of cloth is likely to be small, but in the case of superfine it would work out to about seven per cent.

BONUS DECISION ACCEPTABLE

Token Strike May Not Materialise

BOMBAY, Friday:

The decision of the Government of India to issue an ordinance amending the earlier ordinance about the payment of bonus to the textile workers in National Savings Certificates, has knocked the bottom out of the agitation to stage a one day strike on Saturday.

Only the Communist-dominated Girni Kamgar Union announced that the Government's latest notification made no change to its determination to call a strike.

It is expected, however, that the strike even if it materialises will not be of any serious consequence.

But the police are taking no chances, and full preparations are being made to meet all possible developments.

Mr. Ashok Mehta told a reporter of this paper that he was confident there would be no serious difficulty now in persuading the workers to accept the bonus in the form of National Savings Certificates. "It will be our duty to persuade them not to cash their certificates unless it is absolutely necessary", he added.

He further expressed the hope that in future the Government would consult the representatives of workers before taking any serious steps concerning the workers.

Union Men Arrested

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Bombay Police raided the office of the Girni Kamgar Union this evening and arrested Mr. Kumud Mehta, Umesh Chakramari, and two others who are described as Arjun and Phansalikar for allegedly calling on textile mill workers to go on strike tomorrow.

It is stated that the police also seized some literature in this connection. The Girni Kamgar Union proposed calling a city-wide strike and notices are reported to have been served on the management of several mills to this effect.

YET ANOTHER CASE OF S S C RESURRECTION!

Exam. Board Lamely Informs "Failed" Youth Of Mistake

BOMBAY, Friday: After 17 days of excruciating anxiety, a city youth and his father have learnt that the youth who was declared to have failed in the last S.S.C. examination has really passed.

This is the third case of its kind that has so far come to public notice and it is feared that there are many more such cases.

The youth who has learnt he has passed is Mohan Deoraj Kadam (Seat No. 52.1960) He has now received a cyclostyled circular signed by N. D. Abhyankar, Secretary, S.S.C. Examination Board. The circular states that the candidate "is informed that through mistake his name has not been shown in the printed list of successful candidates. The candidate is, however, assured that he has passed the S.S.C. Examination."

Mr. D. D. Kadam, Assistant Weaving Master, Hind Mills, the father of Mohan described to a reporter of this paper his reaction to this strange experience "For the last seventeen days" he said, "I have been in great anxiety. My son's mental condition was even worse. He was quite confident he had done well and the results came as a serious blow to him.

IN 15 DAYS

"Only successful candidates were issued their marks at the Elphinstone High School office of the Board. We had to apply to the head office at Poona. We wrote to them on June 7 and sent the necessary money order the same day.

"As no acknowledgment came nor the money order receipt (thanks to the efficiency of our postal system) we were naturally in anxiety. It has taken the Board 15 days to send this reply to our request. What might have happened if no request was made, it is hard to say.

"Since we received this letter I have been frantically trying to get a seat for my son for Inter-Science in one of the city colleges. But I am finding it very difficult as all the seats have been filled up. Unless the Government makes special arrangements in cases like this great injustice will have been done to a number of students."

Answers Not Assessed!

ANOTHER S.S.C. BUNGLE

POONA, June 24 (UPI): Another case of a student, P. K. Kemkar, who had been declared as having failed in the last S.S.C. examination, but has subsequently been declared as having passed the same, has been reported.

In a letter dated June 22 addressed to the above student, the Secretary of the S.S.C. Exam Board says: "On verification it has been found that two questions in his Geometry paper were unassessed by the examiner. They have now been got assessed with the result that the total marks obtained by him in Mathematics is 67 and not 61. The grand total of marks obtained by him now being 334, his deficiency of 3 marks in Mathematics is condoned under Regulation 39(2) and the total marks secured by him in Mathematics are raised to 70. His failure is condoned and he is now declared to have passeed the S.S.C. Exam. 1949."

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Advertisement No. 40.

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. For others age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 23rd JULY, 1949. The Crossed Postal Order should be marked payable to Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission at New Delhi Post Office. The Commission may, at their discretion, remit the prescribed application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. SEPARATE APPLICATION WITH SEPARATE FEE REQUIRED FOR EACH POST. Candidates from outside India may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Such candidates should deposit their fees at the Office of the High Commissioner for India or of the Indian Ambassador or of the Government of India's Representative as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. Two weeks' extension allowed to candidates residing abroad. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

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8. ONE ASSISTANT SOIL SURVEY OFFICER AT THE INDIAN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE, NEW DELHI, MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Post permanent but appointment made on a temporary basis in the first instance. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. AGE:— Below 35 years. No age limits for permanent Government servants. PAY: Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650-E.B.-30-800. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 350/- p.m. may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL — (i) M.Sc. or M.A. in Chemistry or Geology or Geography with at least 5 years experience of field survey. (ii) Knowledge of Cartography, triangulation survey, Topographical survey based on geodetic and/or aerial photography. (iii) Familiarity with signs and symbols for compilation of base maps and ability to read and transfer topographic mosaic, and to complete survey data on standard charts and topo forms. DESIRABLE (i) Knowledge of modern survey instruments used in triangulation transit and of survey technique. (ii) Knowledge of French or German.

9. THREE PERMANENT TECHNICAL OFFICERS, MINISTRY OF DEFENCE. AGE:— Below 30 years. PAY: Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650-E.B.-30-800. QUALIFICATIONS:— (i) At least a Second Class M.A. degree or 3 years' Honours degree in Mathematics of a recognised University. (ii) Aptitude for research. 4876

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 41.

APPLICATIONS invited for selection of ONE READER IN HISTORY AND ECONOMICS AND TWO LECTURERS IN MATHEMATICS, IN THE INTER SERVICES WING, ARMED FORCES ACADEMY, DEHRA DUN, MINISTRY OF DEFENCE, from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Candidates applying from outside India should deposit the fees with the High Commissioner for India or the Indian Ambassador or the Government of India's Agents as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. The Commission may at their discretion remit the apolication fee, where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so. Applications on PLAIN PAPER accompanied by a Treasury Receipt or a Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) and giving the undermentioned particulars should reach the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi, before the 9TH JULY, 1949. The Postal Order should be marked payable to the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission at the New Delhi Post Office. (1) Name of the post for which applying. (2) Name and address. 3) Father's name (4) Date and Place of birth (5) Domicile. (6) Qualifications. (7) Previous experience. (8) Full details (with dates and salary drawn) of the previous employment if any. (9) Names (with addresses) of three persons as references. They should be holders of responsible positions but must not be relations. SEPARATE APPLICATION WITH SEPARATE FEE REQUIRED FOR EACH POST.

TENURE:— 5 years' renewable contract. One year Probation. AGE:— For Reader:— Between 35 and 45 years. FOR LECTURERS.— Between 25 and 35 years. The age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. PAY: — FOR READERS:— Rs. 800-50-1250. FOR LECTURERS: — Rs. 500-30-800. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL— (i) At least a Second Class M.A. or M.Sc. (or 3 years' Honours Degree), preferably of a foreign University in the relevant subjects. (ii) TEACHING EXPERIENCE:—At least 5 years for Readers and 3 years for Lecturers. DESIRABLE— (i) Experience in Military Training U.T.C./Scouting and in organising societies and clubs and other cultural activities. (ii) Proficiency in games. 4877

B.B. & C.I. RLY.

THE ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Ajmer, invites sealed tenders in English up to 16.00 hours on 15-7-1949 for providing 114 units 2-roomed quarters for staff at Ajmer. Earnest money Rs. 5,000/- to be deposited with Assistant Chief Cashier, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Ajmer or any Station Master on B.B. & C.I. Form of tender, schedules and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office at a cost of Rs. 5/- per set.

ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF

18/6/49. 4873

NOTICE
TELEPHONES, BOMBAY DISTRICT
PAYMENT OF BILLS BY CHEQUES

IT HAS COME TO THE NOTICE of the undersigned that some of the telephone subscribers are presenting their cheques in payment of bills for local telephone service as also Trunk Call charges at the counter of the Reserve Bank. The undersigned therefore wishes to make it known that such cheques should always be PRESENTED AT THE CASH COUNTER OF THE DISTRICT OFFICE AT AMAR BUILDING, SIR PHIROZSHAH MEHTA ROAD although the cheques should be made payable to "Reserve Bank of India, A/c Telephones, Bombay District".

M. SUNDARAM
General Manager
Telephones, Bombay District. 4859

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 39

APPLICATIONS INVITED for selection of One permanent Pilot for Vizagapatam Port, Ministry of Railways, from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Candidates applying from outside India should deposit the fees with the High Commissioner for India or the Indian Ambassador or the Government of India's Agents as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. The Commission may at their discretion remit the apolication fee, where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so. Applications on PLAIN PAPER accompanied by a Treasury Receipt or a Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) and giving the undermentioned particulars should reach the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi, before the 9TH JULY, 1949. The Postal Order should be marked payable to the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission at the New Delhi Post Office. (1) Name of the post for which applying. (2) Name and address. 3) Father's name (4) Date and Place of birth (5) Domicile. (6) Qualifications. (7) Previous experience. (8) Full details (with dates and salary drawn) of the previous employment if any. (9) Names (with addresses) of three persons as references. They should be holders of responsible positions but must not be relations.

Post unreserved but qualifications and experience being equal, Scheduled Caste candidate will be preferred. Appointment may be terminated on 3 months notice during probation and on 6 months' notice after confirmation. Probation 6 months. AGE:— Between 25 and 47 years (50 years for Scheduled Caste candidates). Age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. PAY:— Rs. 600-40-1.000-1.000- 1.050-1.050-1.100-1 100.-1150. Higher initial pay may be granted, as a special case, to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS: — (i) Matriculation Examination or any equivalent examination. This condition may be relaxed in case of candidates possessing reasonable knowledge of English. (ii) Must be a pilot holding a Master's certificate and must have served for at least six months as Chief Officer of Foreign-going vessels. DUTIES:— Piloting of vessels in and out of Port, berthing and shifting vessels from one berth to another and all incidental duties. 4875

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited by General Manager, Rajputana Salt Sources Division, Sambhar Lake on 20th July 1949 for renovation (removing of silt and slush) of brine percolation canal in Deodani, Sambhar Lake and dry pitching with stone of its sides and bottom. Canal has become silted and 1500 ft. length is to be constructed this year. It is to have a finished cross section of 30 ft. top and 10 ft. at the bottom with a depth of 10 ft. and the sides having a slope of 1:1. Banks and levers have to be levelled and graded and 6" sand and 3" stone chips have to be filled behind and under dry stone pitching to give it an effect of inverted filter.

Estimated cost of work is Rs. 82,600/- only. Earnest money required is Rs. 1,352/- only. The work is desired to be finished by middle of February '50 after which penalty clause may be imposed. Work consists of 66,000 cft. of one foot dry pitching, 9,500 cft. of lime pitching 2.30, 000 cft. of earth work and laying of sand and sweep ballast etc. Supply of stone and ballast will be available from near about querries managed by the Department.

Tenders should be submitted in sealed covers to Administrative officer, Salt Controller's Office, New Delhi by the 20th July '49. Tender forms may be obtained either from the General Manager, Rajputana Salt Sources Division, Sambhar Lake or from the Administrative officer, Salt Controller's Office, New Delhi. Tenders will be opened by the Administrative officer by at 11 a.m. on 21-7-49 at New Delhi in presence of tenderers who may wish to be present and will be accepted by the Salt Controller.

ALL other information and seeing drawings and conditions of site etc. tenderers are advised to visit Sambhar Lake or New Delhi and satisfy themselves of all conditions. 4857

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING
PUBLIC NOTICE
NEW 'D' ROUTE LIMITED STOP SERVICE

WE TAKE PLEASUPE in announcing the opening of a New Service—the 'D' Route Limited Stop, which will operate on and from Monday, the 27th June, 1949 as shown below:—

ROUTE:— From Ballard Estate to Dadar Tram Terminus, along our present 'D' Route.

INTERVAL:— Every 15 minutes.

FIRST AND LAST BUS:—		FIRST	LAST
Ex. Ballard Estate	.....	9.15	17.00
Ex. Dadar Tram Terminus	.....	8.30	19.51
Ex. Bori Bunder	.....	17.15	20.30

NOTE:— On Saturday afternoon from 15.15 and on Sunday for the whole day the service will terminate at Bori Bunder.

J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager.
4869

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

CONVERSION OF

3 Per Cent LOAN, 1949-52

From the 4th July 1949 to the 8th July 1949
(both days inclusive).

Holders of 3 Per cent. Loan, 1949-52 (notified for discharge vide Government Notification No. 5(11)-B/49, dated the 29th April, 1949) will have the option of converting their holdings at par into

(1) 2½ Per cent. Loan 1955
Issue price Rs. 99/12 per Rs. 100 (Nominal).

OR

(2) 2¾ Per cent. Loan 1962
Issue price Rs. 99/8 per Rs. 100 (Nominal).

Applications will be received at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras and at Branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places in the Dominion of India.

For full particulars apply to any of these offices or branches. **(4908)**

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING.
WANTED.

BUS DRIVERS with the following qualifications:—
a) Age—between 23 and 35 years.
b) Height— 5' 4" or over.
c) Without glasses vision should be normal.
d) Clean Driving Licence of at least 1 year's standing with Heavy Transport Vehicle Endorsement.
e) Documentary evidence to prove that applicant has driven Heavy Transport Vehicle for one year.

Apply

J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager,
4213

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 8-8-1949 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of AGRICULTURAL ENTOMOLOGIST TO GOVERNMENT. AGE.—Not more than 35 years on 1-10-1949 for direct recruits and not more than 45 years for those who are already in Government service. The age limits may be relaxed in suitable cases. PAY—Rs. 300 1,100, PLUS allowances admissible under the rules. A higher starting pay up to Rs. 500/- per mensem may be given in a deserving case. QUALIFICATIONS (a) A degree in Agriculture of a recognised university and Ph.D. in Agricultural Entomology of a reputed foreign university. (b) Post-graduate training in Agricultural Entomology, including Zoology, or equivalent qualification and (c) Special research experience for about five years in Agricultural Entomology and (d) experience in teaching of the subject. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope, with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office.

4899

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 1-8-1949 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for three posts of INSPECTOR OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION. AGE—Not more than 35 years on 1-10-1949. PAY Rs. 300 1,100, PLUS cost of living allowance, if admissible. Higher starting pay may be given to a suitably qualified candidate. QUALIFICATIONS—(a) At least a second class graduate in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering for ONE POST, a graduate in Textile Manufacture or a First Class Diploma Holder for the SECOND POST and preferably first class but at least second class graduate in Chemical Technology, Industrial Chemistry or Chemical Engineering for the THIRD POST, and (b) about five years' industrial experience and/or teaching or research experience. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office.

4900

NOTICE

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 3277, in the name of late Sadashiv Rakhmaji Gadhave, it is hereby declared that duplicate thereof will be issued, if no objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

MANAGER
The Digvijay Insurance Co. Ltd.
Bombay.

D/25th June '49.
Bombay. (4912)

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 29th July to FRIDAY, the 26th August, 1949, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
TATA INDUSTRIES, LIMITED,
Managing Agents,
A. R. DALAL
Director

Bombay, 22nd June, 1949. 4905

(For Further Notices See Page 3.)

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra

on 21 April, 2017

PUBLIC NOTICES

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

DR. M. K. PATEL

D.D.S., D.M.D., F.I.C.D.

Dental Surgeon (of Karachi)

B3, Amerchand Mansions

Mayo Road (near Band Stand)

Fort, Bombay. Telephone: 35574

(formerly Dental Surgery of Dr. M. N. Paterson, L.D.S., R.C.S.)

848

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

RECRUITMENT TO CLERICAL ESTABLISHMENT

APPLICATIONS ON PRESCRIBED FORMS are invited from qualified persons, who are domiciled in the Province of Bombay and non-Muslim refugees residing within the Province of Bombay for selection for recruitment to clerical establishment of the B.E.S.T. Undertaking.

The selected candidates, who are not taken up in service immediately will be placed on a waiting list in accordance with their merits for appointment as and when vacancies occur. Those required to attend an interview must do so at their own expense and no compensation will be paid to them for any loss sustained by them in doing so, whether appointed or not.

Scale of Pay: Rs. 75-5-95-6-125-8-160-E.B.-8-200-10-220.

Start of Rs. 85/- to Pass Graduates and Rs. 95/- to Honours, 2nd class and double graduates and Stenographers.

Dearness Allowance on the basis of the Mill Owners' Scale, which is based on the cost of Living Index and is at present Rs. 2/- per day.

Tram fare up to three annas per day according to distance from place of work.

Probationary Period on Appointment: 6 months.

On confirmation: Contributory P.F., Savings Fund, Gratuity and other benefits.

Typing Allowance of Rs. 10/- may be granted to Typists and Stenographers having a speed of not less than 40 words per minute.

Minimum Qualification: Matriculation examination of the Bombay University, or School Leaving Certificate examination of the Bombay University, or Secondary School Certificate Examination or the Senior Cambridge examination, or the Bombay Government Commercial Diploma examination, or any other examination considered equivalent to those of the University of Bombay. Intermediates and Graduates will be given preference and persons with exceptionally good qualifications will be given higher starting pay in the above scale of pay.

AGE LIMIT:

For non-graduates between 18 and 22 years on 30-6-49.

For graduates between 18 and 25 years on 30-6-49.

Relaxation by 3 years in case of Backward Communities.

For non-Muslim Refugees, below 40 years on 30-6-49.

Future Prospects: Candidates appointed will in due course be eligible for promotion to higher clerical grades viz., 220-10-260, 260-15-320, 320-20-400 plus D.A. applicable to these grades and other similar non-technical appointments.

The candidates, who are not placed on the waiting list for the Clerical Grade of Rs. 75 to Rs. 220 indicated above will be considered for recruitment in the lower grade of Clerks viz. Bill Collectors, Meter Readers, Ticket Memo Clerks, etc., in the scale of pay of Rs. 60-5-90 plus D.A. on their clearly stating in the application form that they are willing to accept a post on this grade and are willing to work on night shift duties.

Applications should be sent to the Secretary, B.E.S.T. Undertaking, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, in an envelope marked "Application for Clerical Post" by registered post or handed over personally in the office so as to reach the Secretary ON OR BEFORE 7th July, 1949.

Application forms may be obtained from the Office of the Secretary on payment of -/8/- per form and will be sent by post on receipt of -/11/- by Postal or Money Order. Postal Stamps will not be accepted. Postal and Money Orders received after 30th June will not be accepted.

Ag. GENERAL MANAGER.

4803

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an Assistant Lecturer in Sanskrit and Gujarati at the Ismail Yusuf College, Andheri, in the grade of Rs. 160-10-200-E.B.-10-250, plus dearness and house rent allowances admissible under the rules.

Candidates should ordinarily hold 2nd Class M.A. degree of a Statutory Indian or Foreign University, and be less than 25 years of age. The age condition may be relaxed in deserving cases.

The candidates for the post should have qualification in Gujarati as Principal and Sanskrit subsidiary.

Application form, etc. to be obtained from the Principal, Elphinstone College, Bombay by sending a self-addressed envelope bearing three annas postage stamps. Applications must reach the Principal, Elphinstone College, Bombay 1, not later than 1st July 1949.

(4855)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for five posts of Head Masters of Government Fisheries Schools at Satpati (Thana District), Ratnagiri, Deobag, Jaitapur (Ratnagiri District) and Umarsadi (Surat District) from candidates with Marathi as mother tongue for the first four posts and Gujarati for the fifth post.

QUALIFICATIONS: B.Sc., degree with Zoology as Principal or Subsidiary subject.

PAY SCALE: Rs. 70-5-130-E.B.-6-160-8-200 plus Rs. 15/- per mensem special pay and dearness allowance of Rs. 45/- per mensem.

Applications with full particulars regarding age, qualifications, domicile, experience etc., should reach the Director of Fisheries, Old Custom House Yard, Bombay, not later than July 5, 1949.

4906

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of (1) FOUR STEEL windows, size 6'-6" x 3'-2 1/2" composite made up of 2/SSF32 windows; (2) THREE STEEL windows, size 6'-6" x 4'-8 7/8" made up of 2/SSF33 windows; (3) TWELVE STEEL windows, size 6'-6" x 9'-4" composite of 2/SSA36 windows, will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Wednesday, 6th July, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post.

4896

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition received under Section 36(d) and (h) of the Municipal Act for calling a SPECIAL (Urgency) MEETING of the Corporation to consider the situation arising out of the 25 p.c. increase in the shipping freight in so far as the Bombay Port is concerned, A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CORPORATION will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, THE 4TH JULY, 1949, at 4 p.m. (BOMBAY TIME).

By Order of the Chairman of the Standing Committee

C. F. D'SOUZA

Ag. Municipal Secretary

Municipal Corporation Office, Bombay, 24th June, 1949.

4910

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition received under Section 36(d) of the Municipal Act for calling a SPECIAL MEETING of the Corporation to express the Corporation's regret at the remarks made by Mr. A. L. Guilford General Manager, B.E.S. & T. Undertaking, on leave, on the occasion of a farewell function held in his honour, A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CORPORATION will be held in the Municipal Office on THURSDAY, THE 7TH JULY 1949 AT 4 P.M. (BOMBAY TIME).

By Order of the Chairman, Standing Committee

C. F. D'SOUZA

Ag. Municipal Secretary

Municipal Corporation Office, Bombay, 24th June, 1949.

(4909)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 10-8-1949 from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of CORONER OF BOMBAY. All other things being equal, candidates belonging to the Backward Classes preferred.

QUALIFICATIONS: The candidate should (i) be a practising Advocate of the High Court of Bombay or of the Courts subordinate to it. (For displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan practice in High Courts (Chief Courts in the Case of Sind) of the respective Provinces of Pakistan or Courts under them,) and (ii) have not less than five years' practice at the Bar. AGE: Not more than 45 years on 1-10-1949, relaxable in suitable cases. PAY: Rs. 1,000—1,300 PLUS conveyance allowance of Rs. 80 per mensem and cost of living allowance as admissible under the rules. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/-, payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office.

4902

NOTICE

A WEEK'S INTENSIVE revision post-graduate course in Tuberculosis with clinical demonstrations and reading of X-ray plates, and working of the BCG vaccination etc. will be held free of charge from 1st to 6th August 1949 at the T. B. Clinic, J.J. Group of Hospitals, Bombay. Medical practitioners (both graduates and Licentiates) desirous of undergoing the course at their own expense should apply to the Superintendent, J. J. Group of Hospitals, Bombay 8, on or before 23rd July 1949.

4903

PUBLIC NOTICES

No. 977

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL POLICY.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Subject: OPEN GENERAL LICENCE XI CONCESSIONS

THE ATTENTION of importers is drawn to the Licensing Authorities mentioned in the Commerce Ministry's Public Notice No. 1 (11)-ITC/49 dated the 1st June, 1949, republished under this Office Public Notice No. 967 dated the 3rd June 1949. It is observed that importers are submitting applications for articles in Parts II, IV and V articles to this office even though the correct Licensing Authorities are the Dy. Chief Controller of Imports, Calcutta for Part II, and the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi for Parts IV and V. Such applications are being returned by this office to the importers concerned for submission to the correct Licensing Authorities. Importers are warned that, if they continue to forward their applications to the wrong Licensing Authorities they do so at their own risk, as the last date for submitting such applications to the correct Licensing Authorities is 30th of June, 1949.

R. K. TANDON.

Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.

Gullam Mahomed Building,

Ballard Estate, Bombay,

Dated the 24th June, 1949.

4913

SETH G. S. MEDICAL COLLEGE, BOMBAY 12

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Assistant Artist at Seth G. S. Medical College, Parel, Bombay. The post is a whole time one and carries salary of Rs. 80-5-110-6-140 plus D.A. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year. Applicants should be good at colour drawing and have knowledge of Photography. One holding a diploma will be preferred.

Applications stating full name, address, nationality, age, academic and special qualifications and previous experience together with copies of not more than three recent testimonials should reach the undersigned on or before 15-7-1949. Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidate.

R. P. KOPPIKAR,

For Dean.

4904

CUMMINS DIESEL ENGINES

BLACKWOOD HODGE (INDIA) LTD. are the Exclusive Distributors for the whole of India for the complete range of CUMMINS DIESEL ENGINES and genuine CUMMINS SPARE PARTS. Please send your enquiries and orders to BLACKWOOD HODGE (INDIA) LTD., P. O. Box 8954, Calcutta.

MALKU SAIBU BABIL TRUST FUND

FOR SCHOLARSHIPS: The Trustees of the above Fund invite application for two Scholarships of Rs. 10 per month for one year from deserving students of Telugu Munurwar community, who are studying for Civil Engineering or in the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, or who have appeared for the Matriculation Examination of the University of Bombay and passed the same with highest number of marks or from any poor and deserving boys or girls attending school or college. The trustees are authorised to award the same according to their absolute discretion. The applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 10th July, 1949.

VITHALRAO SHIVLINGU ALKONDE

Managing Trustee, Malku Saibu Babil Trust Fund,

112, 5th Kamathipura, BOMBAY No. 8.

4898

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 6-8-1949 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of ASSISTANT FOOD CONTROLLER (DISTRICT INSPECTION). Preference may be given to a backward class candidate.

PAY Rs. 325—525 PLUS cost of living and travelling allowances as admissible. AGE—Direct recruits should be ordinarily not less than 25 and not more than 40 years on 1-10-1949. QUALIFICATIONS—(1) A degree in Agriculture or Science and (2) experience in the supervision of godowns, grading of grains and use of insecticides. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a crossed Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/-, payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission", who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office.

4901

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING.

SEALED TENDER for the supply of 16 Rolling Shutters for clear openings 6'-0" x 9'-0" and 3'-0" x 7'-0" will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Wednesday, 6th July, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post.

4897

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. Property of P. Williams Esqr. and others at Seth Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty Sea Face of complete household and Office Furniture, Steel Almirah, Safe, Sewing Machine, Typewriter, large Musical Box, Elec. Fan, Wall Clock, Eng. large Ice Box, Partition, Dining, Roll Top writing and Dressing Table, Show Case, Chesterfield, Almirah, Bed, Gramophone, Hall Carpet, etc. (S. Tax). Telephone 40213.

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE of 59 cases Bullock shoe nails of assorted sizes each case of 1 cwt. sweeden make on Tuesday 28th Inst. at 3 P.M. at our Rooms at 72, Medows St. Fort, under instructions from M/S Sakaria & Sons. and on a/c and at risk of M/S Laxmi Agency Corp. defaulting purchasers.

Terms:— 25% cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

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&

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4907

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Wonderful remedy by outward application. Thousands benefitted without operation. Apply for testimonials and directions—H. C. Roy, Specialist in Hernia. DIVINE TREATMENT HALL, 118, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta—9.

GANDHI ASTROLOGER

Health, Wealth, Journey, etc., Lucky numbers, days, by monthly details 1 year Rs. 5 Weekly Rs. 15 Five questions Rs. 2 V.P. As 5. State sex, age and writing time. Hanuman Jothisha Ashrama, Tiruttani, S. India.

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CITY & SUBURBS

Today's Engagements

GRAND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT: In aid of Hume Memorial Church at C. J. Hall at 5-30 p.m. today, Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister will preside.

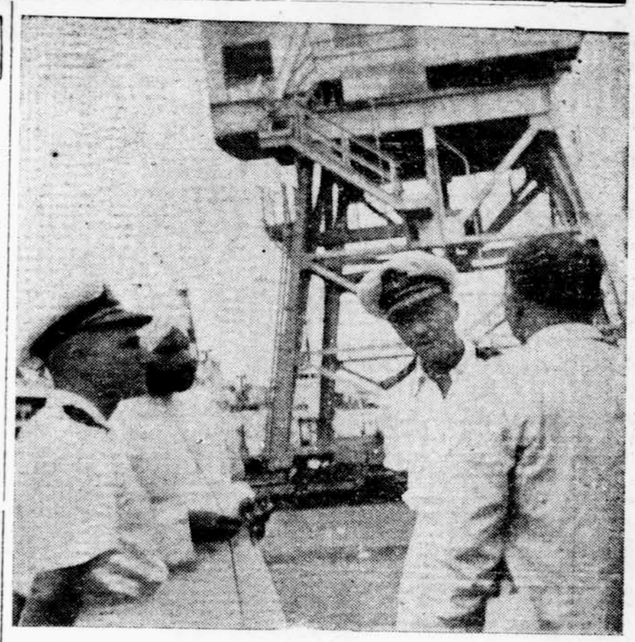
RAMAKRISHNA MISSION: Swami Sambuddhananda will deliver a lecture on Vedanta at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Fort, at 2-45 p.m.

AMATEUR CINE SOCIETY OF INDIA: Screening of the films in the Society's "Ten Best Films Contests," BEST Hall at 4-45 p.m.

TEA PARTY: In honour of Mr. Yusuf Abdulla Fozan, Consul for Saudi Arabia by Mr. Ahmed Haji Abdulla, Chairman of the Bombay Port Haj Committee at Taj at 4-50 p.m. Mr. B G Kher, Premier, will be present.

INDIAN STATISTICAL INSTITUTE (BOMBAY BRANCH): Dr. U. S. Nair, Professor of Statistics, University of Travancore, will deliver a lecture on "The Neyman-Pearson Theory of Testing of Hypothesis" at 4-30 p.m. at the Economics Lecture Hall, School of Economics and Sociology, University of Bombay.

BOMBAY KERYALAYA SAMAJ: Condolence meeting on the death of Mahadavi Uller S. Parmeshwariyer, at Poddar College Hall, Matunga, at 6-30 p.m. Dr. T. K. Trivikram will preside.



Defence Minister Sardar Baldev Singh visited the R.I.N. Warehouse, which was gutted by a big fire over a fortnight ago. Picture shows the Minister with R.I.N. and Dockyard officials.

End Of City Sweepers' Strike In Sight

UNCONDITIONAL RETURN TO WORK LIKELY: 'NO CONCESSIONS,' SAYS PATEL

BOMBAY, Friday:

There were indications today that succeeded in persuading the striking work unconditionally but the reported the dismissed workers continues to

Mr. R. R. Bhole, the "mediator" had sweepers that they should return to "hitch" on the reinstatement of be unresolved.

Mr. B. K. Patel, Municipal Commissioner, told a press conference that the sweepers had to resume work unconditionally. "That condition remains unaltered. It is not a question of their dictating to us. If they don't want to come back unconditionally, they can jolly well stay back. We are not offering them any concessions and there is no question of their **'rejecting' them" he said.**

"However he added: "As better counsels seem to be prevailing with the workers I should like to make it clear once more that we, on our side, had and have no intention of being harsh. This is clear from the fact that though the law has been defied by the workers mass dismissals have not been resorted to. Even with the absentation of a large number of workers we have kept the city as clean as possible and we shall continue to do so whether the workers choose to return to work unconditionally or not."

So far as the workers who had been dismissed were concerned, Mr. Patel said, "they still stand dismissed and no terms will be offered till the "status quo" is resumed". He was not going to change "under any circumstances."

On his talks with Mr. Bhole, Mr. Patel said: "Mr. Bhole asked for an appointment to see me with regard to the strike of the workers. I accordingly met him on Monday, the 20th instant. He told me that the 'strike' had gone on for too long a period and that it could not be my intention to be hard on the workers. He said that their action in going on strike was misguided especially when adjudication was offered, and to end further sufferings of the workers it would be better if they could be induced to join work. He would use his influence to that end. That they must return to work unconditionally was but proper in the circumstances of the case. The question was what would happen if they did return to work. He said that I could recommend what I had agreed to do with the Office Bearers of the Union and the rest of the points could be referred to adjudication. I demurred to this and said that the workers can only expect to get what I had agreed to recommend or the entire demands could be referred to adjudication."

The Municipal Commissioner said that the mechanisation of the city's sanitary services, begun after the advent of the strike, was proceeding satisfactorily and they proposed to get further new equipment like flexible rods. Refuse was being cleared from the city and transported to Chembur at the rate of 55 wagons a day as against the pre-strike average of 70. The daily lorry trips to the dumping grounds stood at 400 on an average.

PROGRESS OF FOOD CAMPAIGN

Cabinet Body Review

BOMBAY, Friday.

A review of the progress made in the various schemes sponsored by the Government of Bombay in connection with their 'Grow More Food Campaign' was made at a meeting of the specially appointed Cabinet Committee at the Secretariat today.

Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies, and Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture, who are members of the Committee were present. Besides, the Director of Agriculture and the Secretary to the Department of Agriculture also took part in the discussions.

Preliminary discussions in connection with the District Food Officials Conference, convened to meet at Poona on June 25 and 26 were also held by the Committee.

MOVE TO INCREASE MILK SUPPLY

Financial Aid To Small Dairymen

BOMBAY, Friday.

In its anxiety to ensure an adequate supply of milk for the people of the Province, the Government of Bombay has been adopting various measures to increase production. Already, schemes of milk colonies such as the one at Aarrey are on hand and loans to the extent of Rs. 600,000 are being given to large-scale dairy farmers, this year, to improve their trade. The Government has now decided to give financial assistance to small-scale dairy farmers also.

Under the five-year scheme, a sum of Rs. 10,000 will be distributed as loans amongst 100 deserving dairymen in the Province for the purchase of dairy animals and milk utensils, the construction of cattle sheds, etc. The maximum amount of loan each dairyman will get Rs. 1,000. The loan which will carry interest at 1 per cent. per annum, is returnable in five years in equal instalments.

The loan amount will enable a dairyman to buy either one to three milch animals, build a small cattle shed or equip his dairy with utensils.

This scheme of assistance to small-scale dairymen is an interim arrangement. The Government has under consideration a more comprehensive and long-term scheme to assist such dairymen to improve their trade.

Applications for loans should be addressed to the Dairy Development Officer; Bombay Province, Poona.

THE WEATHER

POONA, June 24 (PTI): Following is the daily weather summary for Friday the 24th June 1949: The monsoon has been strong in Malabar and the South Konkan where widespread and heavy rain has fallen. It has been active in Assam and sub-Himalayan West Bengal and has extended to Gangetic West Bengal. The heat wave over the United Provinces and neighbourhood persists but temperatures have commenced to fall.

Rainfall has also been widespread in Assam and West Bengal and local in Vindhya Pradesh and the West Central Provinces. Scattered showers have occured in the rest of Northeast India, in the East United Provinces, the East Punjab Hills, Gujarat, the North Konkan, the East Central Provinces and Southeast Madras.

Forecast until the evening of 25th: Rainfall will decrease but continue to be widespread and locally heavy in Malabar and the South Konkan. Widespread rain will also occur in Assam and West Bengal and local rain in the rest of Northeast India and in the Central Provinces. Scattered showers are likely in the East United Provinces, Vindhya Pradesh the North Konkan, the West Deccan and Mysore.

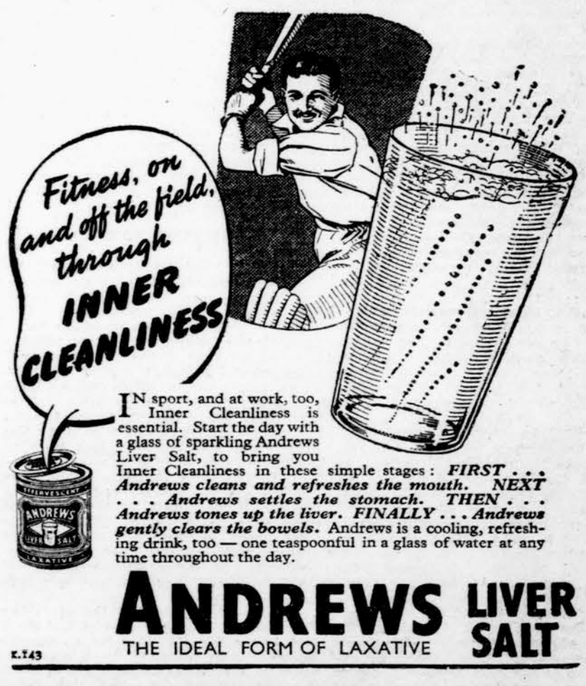
The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 23rd June 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours 1st on 24th June 1949:—

Ahmedabad 101 83 0 0.1 minus 2.8 BOMBAY 89 80 T 14.7 minus 0.9 Calcutta 89 74 1.5 7.5 minus 1.3 Cuttack 105 82 0 5.2 minus 1.7 Dehra Dun 105 80 0 1.5 minus 3.5 Delhi 108 92 0 0.2 minus 1.6 Kodaikanal 60 54 0 2.8 minus 0.6 Lucknow 111 88 0 1.5 minus 1.2 Madras 96 76 0.1 3.7 plus 2.2 Mahabaleshwar 68 64 0.4 9.6 minus 19.6 Nagpur 97 75 1.1 8.8 plus 2.2 Ootacamund 63 53 0 3.4 minus 2.1 Pachmarhi 91 72 0 2.8 minus 3.6 Patna 94 79 0 8.3 plus 3.6 Poona 90 74 0 0.5 minus 3.4 Shillong 71 63 1.1 9.7 minus 5.7 Sholapur 93 72 0 3.5 minus 0.3 Simla 82 65 0.2 2.0 minus 1.6

No Fees For Backward Class Pupils

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay has directed that all the backward class (including scheduled class) pupils, both boys and girls, in Government as well as non-Government secondary schools should be granted the concession of free-studentships irrespective of the income of their parents or guardians, subject, of course, to good progress and regular attendance.



IN sport, and at work, too, Inner Cleanliness is essential. Start the day with a glass of sparkling Andrews Liver Salt, to bring you Inner Cleanliness in these simple stages: *FIRST . . . Andrews cleans and refreshes the mouth. NEXT . . . Andrews settles the stomach. THEN . . . Andrews tones up the liver. FINALLY . . . Andrews gently clears the bowels.* Andrews is a cooling, refreshing drink, too — one teaspoonful in a glass of water at any time throughout the day.

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ON THE INDIAN SCREEN THIS WEEK

Less Taxes And More Theatres, Need Of The Hour

POST-WAR CRISIS IN FILM INDUSTRY

BY K. M. MODI

THIS is an article from Mr. K. M. Modi, Member, Bombay Board of Film Censores and a prominent Film Industralist of India, who has just returned from an extensive tour of U. K. and U. S. A. He deals with the causes of rapid deterioration of Film Industry in post-war period and puts forward certain valuable suggestions for remedy. His arguments are backed by facts and statistics collected from Hollywood and different other Studios in U.S.A. and U. K.

The motion picture of today has developed as medium for mass entertainments. It developed as an industry because it could provide one of the cheapest forms of entertainment to the poorest of the poor. Later on, its great potentialities as a medium of propaganda, publicity and instruction were realised. Its primary function will, however, continue to be entertainment. Even where the film has to be propagandist or educative to the masses it has necessarily to be entertaining. Barring the class-room, films must have some entertainment value if they are to be seen by the masses. It is this aspect of education combined with entertainment that has to be developed, if the motion picture is to play its great part as an instrument of mass education.

MR. K. M. MODY.

ART AND INDUSTRY

Technically and legally, a film studio is also a factory. It has a vital difference from other factodies and mills where goods are manufactured mechanically. The machine does the work and the efficiency of the mill of the factory lies in operating the machinery skillfully to bring out better and better products. In film studio, on the contrary, Art forms the pivot. Human emotions form an essential raw material which goes into the production of a film. Other industrialists mainly cater to the physical needs of man; the film industry caters to the mental needs of man. It is nonetheless an industry because its products are made and marketted on a commercial scale just as any other Industry.

A POOR SECOND

Today, after two world wars India produces 250 to 280 pictures a year. It may not be quite correct to say that this is the average. Because we have duly just passed three years since the end of World War II. In 1946 we in India produced 195 pictures, in 1947, 278 and in 1948 pictures India stands today second only to Hollywood in film production. Admittedly, it is a poor second; for, although we produce about 50 p.c. of the number of pictures produced by America annually, in technique, markets and organisational strength, India stands far behind Hollywood.

The amount of capital invested in the film industry is over Rs. 20 crores. About a lakh of people are employed in this Industry. Besides, it has provided a good field for several auxiliary businesses like Publicity, make-ups, etc. Indeed, the Film Industdy today occupies an important place in the economic and social life of our country.

THE CRISIS

Throughout the world the film industry is today passing through some sort of crisis. Condition in America and England are none too happy for the Industry. They have always enjoyed a world market for their products. With the development of the Industry in other countries in the post-war period, this world market is dwindling day by day. One must have read in the papers about the severe crisis in British film studios. Several of them had anxious enquiries into the conditions in their film industry. They have already set up a Film Finance Corporation to assist independent producers. With a view to conserving dollar resources and helping the national film industry, they fixed up a 45 p.c. quota for British films in the cinemas. As local production is insufficient to meet the requirements of British cinemas, the exhibitors made a hue and cry; the American industry was also considerably agitated on account of the restriction in U. K., as American pictures have been very popular in U. K. The quota has now been reduced to 40 p.c. but this has not satisfied the British exhibitors. While exhibitors in Britain have been clamouring for a reduction in the heavy entertainment tax, the British producers were asking for a subsidy to producers from the entertainment tax collected.

In America, however, although conditions are by no means as they were, film industry is still looking up. Thev are adjusting costs to the changing conditions in the world.

DISORGANISED PRODUCTION

Coming to the Industry at home in the post-war period, India had a turbulent and anxious period during the past three years. One is aware that during the period of the war, production was controlled by Government due to the paucity of raw film supply. In 1943-45, production was on an average of about 125 pictures a year. Immediately after the war and the removal of control on raw film in December 1945, production went up by over 100 p.c. The inflationary boom of the war encouraged many to enter the field of film production with the result that the number of pictures increased year by year.

This increase in production, however, is no indication of the prosperity of the film industry. It is only an indication of how production has been in a disorganised state. It is no exaggeration to say that most of the film producing companies which were started after 1945 ended their career with their first picture or with an incomplete picture in the possession of a mortgagee or financier. The post-war period has been a period of failure after failure to the film producers, except a few lucky ones.

REASONS FOR FAILURE

What are the reasons for this failure? There may be instances of misadventures. But that is not the explanation for the large scale failures in the Industry. In my opinion, these failures have been due to,

(1) Communal disturbances in the country from 1946 to 1948 and the consequent loss of income.

(2) General depression after the war.

(3) Lack of theatres for the release of the large number of pictures produced.

(4) Heavy taxation of the Industry.

(5) Difficulties of the film finance.

There is no gain-saying the fact that public confidence in the film industry as a safe investment has not yet been established. Banks and Insurance Companies fight shy of financing film production. From its very birth, this industry has been a victim of public prejudice. Even today our leaders and Government have not been able to discard their suspicions about this industry and its workers.

THE BOTTLE-NECK

Many producer is killed at the bottle-neck of exhibition. The theatre is the market place where the Industry's wares are sold. Without an increase in the number of theatres, the Industry can never develop.

Unfortunately, our Government consider cinemas as non-essential and their construction is strictly prohibited. I quite agree that in these days of severe housing shortage, the highest priority has to be given for the construction of new houses. At the same time, is it not necessary to provide for entertainment and recreational facilities to the people? Sometimes propaganda is carried on aganist the construction of cinemas and palatial buildings, which are termed as luxury. Such propaganda is mostly engineered by prejudiced people who have not been able to discard their age-old notions about cinemas and films.

In the city of Bombay, the population has gone up from 15 lakhs in 1941 to about 35 lakhs in 1949. It is trie that they do not have sufficient houses to live in. That does not mean that all other constructional activities should be stopped until the housing programme is complete. In fact, from the way they are tackling this problem, its solution is far from sight. Along with housing, it is necessary to make provisions for other amenities. If 500 residential houses are to be built, let there be at least one more cinema.

SHIPPING TAXES

The next vital question is taxation. The film industry has never protested against any tax which is generally levied on the people and the industry. But there should be some limit to the special taxes the industry is asked to bear. Despite the hardships of the industry during the past three years, these taxes have been increased almost every year. The Provincial Government contend that the entertainment tax is paid by the public and the industry has nothing to worry about it. If it were so simple as that, the industry could have doubled its income by just doubling the admission fees. This was not done even in the peak of the war time boom, because it is known to cinema industrialists that their prosperity lies in increased patronage, rather than a higher payment per capita.

At the request of the industry, the Government of India have at last decided to set up a committee to inquire into the film industry. Such an enquiry is overdue. The industry is sinking fast. It has to be saved. There cannot be any question as to the need for developing this industry in our national interests.

LESS TAX AND MORE THEATRES

Before concluding some suggestions may be made about the urgent steps needed to help this industry out of the present impasse.

First of all Government should come to the aid of the industry by reducing substantially the entertainment and other special taxes levied on it. Construction of new cinemas should be permitted within reasonable limits. This would ensure Government's object of higher entertainment tax revenue and better facilities to the people. The industry should read the signs of the time and concentrate on better class pictures. There is a distinct tendency today for the public to pick and choose. When they do not get tickets for a favourite picture, they are no longer inclined to go to any picture just for the sake of seeing a picture. They are rather inclined to keep their hard earned money in their pockets and walk home and have a good sleep. When the pocket pinches, one has to learn the good habit of thrift.

DEVELOP HOME MARKET

The highest gross income of the industry in the peak year 1945-46 has not exceeded Rs. 13 crores, in undivided India. Since then it has been steadily falling and now it is about Rs. 8 crores in India alone. Without a substantial increase in the number of theatres and the spending power of the people there are hardly any prospects of improving the income of the industry. Out of this about 60 p.c. goes by way of different taxes to Government. The income of the industry is, therefore, nothing more than Rs. 3 to 4 crores a year. As the market for our films is primarily confined to India, it is necessary that our home market should develop to a very large extent if the film industry is to grow up as an industry. As regards the spending power of the people, this is steadily deteriorating and unless some relief is forthcoming from the heavy entertainment tax the position cannot improve—Asian Press.

Raj Kapoor Shines In Amar Comedy

Raj Kapoor proves what a great versatile actor he is by his brilliant performance in a light vein in Amar Jyoti Pictures Ltd's "DIL-KI-RANI" which is running to packed houses for the 3rd week at Novelty and Excelsior.

"DIL-KI-RANI" is a romantic tale of two souls, in whom the muse of poetry resides. These souls meet via the muse and immediately they fall in love with each other. But the path of love never goes run smooth and they have to pass through troubled times.

Director Mohan Sinha has turned out a very entertaining tale that keeps the Theatre filled with laughter from the beginning to end. Situations are cleverly conceived and gags are deftly created with the result that there is not a single dull moment in the picture.

Raj Kapoor steals the show with his brilliant performance as the poet in love. His representation is one big piece of brilliant histrionic art, which reaches high level as the story progresses. He receives very good support from Shyamsunder, whose role of poet's friend is very convincing. Madhubala also gives a brilliant performance that keeps the story moving at a fast pace. Badriprasad and Munshi Khanjar also are fine as the father of the girl and Munshiji.

Dialogues are very witty music has a pace in keeping all spirit of the story.

Producer P. V. Banker is to be congratulated for having struck a new line in film production and his pains are visible in the brilliant mounting the picture has received.

'Pardesi Mehani' Released At Two Theaters

Ranjit's "Pardesi Mehaman" featuring Gulam Mohamed, Hushna Banu, Raj Rani, Kamal Kapoor and Bipia Gupta was released with great eclat simultaneously at the Swastik and Neptune yesterday.

Directed by Aspi the action of the film is reported to take place when the Portuguese Vasco de Gama visited India.

Shakhoor and Khurshid, the juvenile actors who give brilliant performances in N. T.'s "Chhota Bhai".

Vasco de Gama and his men have their first view of India and are they happy? A scene from Ranjit's "Pardesi Mehaman".

New Theatres Recaptures Old Glory With "Chhota Bhai"

New Theatres, in the years before the war had always stood for a high standard of cinematic art. But latterly their photoplays suffered a great deal, and therefore it is very gratifying to see their latest "Chhota Bhai" has recaptured for them some of their old glory by being one of the finest films being shown in the city today.

Based on Sarat Chandra Chatterjee's famous story, "Chhota Bhai" reveals a new phase in the annals of entertainment. One great thing that strikes the audiences is its utter simplicity that is charming. It tells a touching story of a youth and his Bhabi who loves him more than a mother. This relation has been fully exploited by the director by translating it to the screen with great understanding and depth of feeling.

Directed most cleverly by Kartick Chatterjee the film is a great triumph to the New Theatres and we hope "Chhota Bhai" will begin a new era for this production unit of pictures one better than the other, in years to come.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

CAPITOL:
"Laila Majnu" starring Swarnalata, Nazir.

KRISHNA:
"Sawan Aya Re" starring Kishore Sahu, Ramola, David, Pratima Devi, Mohna, Sofia and Ramesh Gupta.

LIBERTY:
"Andaz" starring Nargis, Dilip Kumar, Cuckoo, V. H. Desai and Raj Kapur.

TAJ:
"Omar Khayyam" starring Saigal and Suraiya.

SWASTIK: NEPTUNE:
Pardesi Mehaman" starring Gulam Mohmed, Husn Banu, Bipin Gupta, Rajrani.

MINERVA:
"Chhota Bhai" starring Molina, Shakur and Palmahendra.

EXCELSIOR, NOVELTY:
"Dil Ki Rani" starring Madhubala, Badri Prasad, Shyamsunder.

SUPER AND BROADWAY:
"Anokha Pyar" starring Nargis, Dilip Kumar, Nalini Jaiwant.

KOHINOOR:
"Meeth Bhakar" starring Vithal Chandrakant, Sulochana Powar, Anjani, Jaishankar, Bakre and Saroj.

KAMAL
"Dil Ki Duniya" starring Munawar Sultana, Gita Bali, Jaywant, Madhan Puri, Mazharkhan.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE, CITY LIGHT, SWASTIK (Malad):
"Chandralekha" starring T. R. Rajkumari, M. K. Radha, Ranjan, Sundari Bai, and Yashodara Katju.

CENTRAL:
"Jaga Bhadyane Dene Aahe" ("To be let") Marathi comedy starring Shanta Apte.

IMPERIAL:
"Bari Behen" starring Suraiya, Rehman, Ulhas, Pran and Geeta Bali.

ROXY:
"Char Din" starring Suraiya, Shyam, Jayant, Badri Prasad, Randhir, Cuckoo, Mohna and Om Prakash.

JAI HIND AND RIVOLI:
"Satyavan-Savitri" starring Nirupa Roy, Umakant, Bhim.

MAJESTIC:
"Majboor" starring Shyam, Munawar Sultana.

LIDO:
"Jugnu" starring Noorjehan, Dilip Kumar.

NEW WEST END:
"Apna Desh" starring Pushpa Hans, Umesh Sharma, Manmohan, K. Date and Sudha Apte.

CHITRA:
"Saugand" starring Bharati, Panari, Ashit, Chandra.

SURYA (Parel), JAWAHAR (Mulund)
"Roshni" starring Rehana, Mumtaz Ali, V. H. Desai, Sofia, Pran, Nihal, Sita Bose, Benjamin.

PLAZA, PRABHAT:
"Sakharpuda" starring Damuanna, Sumatee and Pendharkar.

DAWLAT:
"Choubeji" starring Dixit, Gope, Radhakrishen and Nirupa Roy.

HIND MATA:
"Grihasti" starring Sulochana Chatterjee, Yakub, Kuldip, Mirza Mushraf.

KISMET:
"Hamari Kismat" starring Aga Prakash, Shanta Patel.

STRAND:
Sunday, June 26, 10-30 a.m.: "Bela" starring Nigar and Jairaj.

A charming scene from Amar Jyoti Pictures' musical comedy "Dil Ki Rani".

PRODUCTION OF RAW FILMS IN MYSORE

U.S. Magnates' Approach

BANGALORE, June 24. (U. P. I.): Few American film manufacturers have approached the Mysore Government for starting raw film manufacturing industry in the State, it was revealed by Mr. H. C. Dasappa, Minister for Finance and industry during his reply to budget discussions in the Mysore Legislative Council today.

Char-Din Is Entertaining Comedy

Blending all the ingredients of first rate entertainment, Ratan Pictures' latest vehicle "Char-Din" is drawing packed houses both at Roxy and and Bandra Talkies.

Char-Din is essentially a musical comedy, presenting an engrossing romance of a sophisticated England-returned young damsel who is all out for Western ways of life. She preaches equality and freedom for women which results in such a revolution that indeed evokes plenty of laughter.

Directed by M. Sadik "Char-Din" is a fare for grown-ups as well as for children.

News From Studios

SARVODAYA PICTURES

Immediately on completing his maiden venture entitled "Varghelt" in record time of two months and which is scheduled to be released simultaneously in Bombay and 8 centres of Gujerat and Saurashtra, Producer Chandrashanker Trivedi has already started the shooting of his second picture christened "Ena Charne" at the Central Studios Tardeo.

Cast in this picture is the cinema fans favourite Lalita Pawar who, for the first time in her career is cast in a Gujerati film together with Sharda.

Others in the cast are Bhogilal, Manubhai Dave, Amrit Jani, Madhukar Trivedi, Raja and others. "ENA CHARNE" is being directed by the veteran Mahander Thakur who has directed several pictures for Sagar, National Studios and Prakash. The story of this picture has been written by N. R. Desai and the music has been entrusted to Avinash Vyas.

POPULAR PRODUCTIONS

Encouraged by the success of his very first venture "JANMAPATHRI" a socio-musical comedy which has just been censored, K. P. Shahani has seriously engrossed himself in his next production which he has christened "SAAS BAHU".

The story of 'SAAS BAHU' has been written by Mr. Shahani himself.

* * *

Omar Khaiyam Films "Dada" will soon be released in the city through the Liberty Pictures. Directed by Harish and produced by Sheikh Mukhtyar the film features Munawar Sultana, Begum Para, Sheikh Mukhtyar, Ghyam, Protima Das, Mava Bannerjee and Cuckoo.

MEHBOOB'S MOVIE MARVEL!
WITH MUSIC BY NAUSHAD
ANDAZ
NARGIS, DILIP, & RAJ
LIBERTY
"Showplace of the Nation"
3-0, 6-15 and 9-30
Plans open 10 to 8-30
Fully Air-Conditioned!
MORE POPULAR THAN EVER IN
14th WEEK

NO!
*IT IS NOT A SHOW SPECTACLE!
*IT IS NOT A DANCE & SONG ROMANCE OR ADVENTURE!
*IT'S NOT A LOVE-TANGLE!
IT IS LIFE-FUL, SIMPLE DOWN-TO-EARTH EMOTIONAL DRAMA, YOU'LL ALWAYS LOVE!
NEW THEATRES' NEWEST HIT!
Direction: KARTICK CHATTERJEE.
*MOLINA. *SHAKOOR. *PALMAHENDRA.
5TH BIG WEEK!
'Chhota Bhai'
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. Holi. at 12-30. (Adv. Bkgs. 10 to 12)
MINERVA

RAJ KAPOOR
EXHILARATINGLY FUNNY to your delight in Amar Jyoti Pictures Ltd's COMEDY....
with
MADHUBALA
BADRIPRASAD
SHYAM
SUNDER
Dil Ki Rani
Producer: P. V. BANKER Director: MOHAN SINHA
NOVELTY 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-45
EXCELSIOR 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
(Booking 9-30 to 12-30, and 2-30 to 7-30)
3rd Week
INDIA FILM EXCH. Release.

AMONG THE IMMORTAL LOVE-STORIES
of the Screen will be ranked AMBICAS
ANOKHA PYAR
NARGIS, DILIP KUMAR, NALINI JAIWANT,
Directed and Produced by M. I. DHARAMSEY
Music: ANIL BISWAS
(An EVERGREEN Release)
SUPER 3-15, 6-15, 9-15 Sunday 12 noon Booking: 9-30 to 11-30 and 5 to 7
BROADWAY 4, 6-45, 9-30 Sat., Sun. 1 p.m. Booking: 4 to 6 p.m.

SWASTIK
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Sun. Matinee 12-30
Booking: 10 to 12 and 3 to 6
&
NEPTUNE
(BANDRA)
Daily: 3-45, 6-45 and 9-30
Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.
RANJIT'S Entertaining and Enlightening Historical
PARDESI MEHAMAN
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Director: ASPI

GOANS WIN TAME ENCOUNTER

Walter D'Souza's Splendid Goalkeeping

BOMBAY, Friday.

GOAN Sports walked into the second round of the Hinrich Shield Memorial Football Tournament by scoring a three goals to one win against Bombay Amateurs. A dull encounter with little constructive football and a rather poor attendance was seen atthe Cooperage this evening.

Goan Sports made capital of the few scoring opportunities that came their way and once again Walter D'Souza their goalie came to their rescue. For the Amateurs Roy put in some hard work but he seems to make it a habit of changing his position from centre forward to right outer just when he has settled down.

Goan Sports opened their account in the fifth minute of play through their right outer, Eugene Mendes ran down the flank and kicked into goal the goalie Bhoja, misjudged the ball But, the Amateurs recovered and pressed repeatedly to trouble the Goan defence.

Walter D'Souza, saved well from a penalty corner in a narrow escape just managing to push the ball over the bar. Soon an indirect kick was also wasted when V. K. Mandon failed to convert off the rebound. Another free kick was wasted, but Amateurs, were out to neutralize and their reward came when from a neat piece of passing by the right-outer, Sheshapoa and due to lapses on the part of the deep defence and intermediate line Survana was well placed to score the equalizer from close up.

Goans and Amateurs played putrid and half-hearted soccer and with both sides kicking wildly little could be expected and as the equalizer came just before the half-time, the sides crossed without any advantage.

In the first ten minutes of the second period and for a major part Amateurs attacked but Walter D'Souza affected some very neat saves which prevented any damage being done. Roy was trying his level best by playing very well forward, but his rough tactics received similar opposition from the Goan defence and he was foiled in his repeated moves.

In the fifteenth minute Goans increased their lead through D'Costa who made capital of a fine pass from Eugene Mendes the right outer. Two, minutes later Franklin D'Souza with a neat piece of dribbling past the entire defence on his own scored the Goan's third goal that had the goalie of the Amateurs beaten all ends up.

The Amateurs failed to recover from these reverses and the Goans missed well planned chances. Mendonca made a gallant attempt to score from far outside the left flank but Bhoja saved. Franklin was fouled badly in an attempt to score and the referee failed to notice it.

Amateurs had one solitary chance of scoring when from close up and with only the goalie to beat, V. K. Mendon shot wide.

The game ended rather tamely and was a very tame display of soccer.

The teams: GOANS S.C.: Walter D'Souza; J. D'Souza, M. Fernandes, G. D'Costa, B. D'Souza, R. Tavares, E. Mendes, Fenelon Almeida, F. D'Souza, L. D'Costa, L. Mendonca.

BOMBAY AMATEURS: Bhoja, Puthran, Shetty; Bangera, Uchil, Puthran; Seshapoa, V. K. Mendon, Roy, Y. M. Mendon, Survana.

Referee: L. N. Desai.

FOOTBALL AT PAREL

BOMBAY, Friday.

The following are the results of the matches played in the Football League at Parel:

SECOND DIVISION INDIAN LEAGUE

R.I.N. 1 (Pereira) BEST 1 (Savant).

MUSRY CUP

Burmah Shell 'C' 11 (Isaak 4, Hari 2, Iswant 2, Shivram, Bao, Muslim) Khatau's 0.

FIFTH DIVISION HARWOOD LEAGUE

Little Flower 'A' 9 (Pinto 3, Andrade 3, D'Sa 2, Rodrigues 1) Tutorial 0

Little Flower 'B' 4 (D'Gama 3, Munes 1) St. Isabel's 0.

Poona Aga Khan Semifinal Drawn

POONA, June 24. (P. T. I.): The Second semi-final in the Poona Aga Khan Hockey Tournament between the Poona United and the Royal Bombay Sappers and Miners ended in a tame draw this evening, each side scoring once.

Against the run of play, the Poona United scored in the first half. Gabrel with a solo effort scoring with a stinging shot. A few minutes after the breather the Royal Bombay group equalised.

The teams will meet again tomorrow morning and the winners will meet the Armoured Vehicle Depot in the final tomorrow evening.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL
Cooperage
5-45 p.m. Maharashtra vs. Sion Area XI (Hinrich's Shield)
St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel
3-30 p.m. Bombay Stars vs. Mahim Young Boys
4-30 p.m. Cathedral Old Boys vs. G.I.P. 'C'
5-40 p.m. Bombay City vs. Goan's 'B'
G. I. P. Rly. Ground, Parel
4-40 p.m. St. Sebastian's 'B' vs. Ahmed
5-40 p.m. St. Mary's vs. St. Sebastian's (Fifth Division Harwood League).

Yorkshire Head County Cricket League

BRILLIANT CENTURY BY HUTTON

LONDON, June 24 (PTI-Reuter)—Hurricane hittings oy Yorkshire today brought them a glorious victory over Sussex and with it the leadership in the County Championship table.

Yorkshire's win brought their points total to eightyfour from ten matches, while Worcestershire, previous leaders with eighty points from the same number of games, were playing outside the championship series in the matches ender today. Worcestershire are now second in the table.

Middlesex and Glamorgan both won today, and are now joint third, each with sixtyfour points from eleven matches. Kent notched their fourth win from eleven games and are fifth in the table with fifty-six points.

Yorkshire, set to hit off 247 in two and a half hours, got the runs with quarter of an hour to spare. Len Hutton adding another century to his soaring total of runs in June. Hutton reached his fifty in fifty minutes and his century came in one hour 35 minutes, including ten fours.

At the start Sussex wwere only 20 runs ahead with five wickets down, but a stand of 113 for the seventh wicket by Cox and John Oakes enabled them to leave Yorkshire with a difficult proposition. Cox reached his first century of the season in three and three quarter hours, including twelve fours, while J. Oakes hit one six and 12 fours in 90 minutes at the wicket.

Glamorgan got 177 runs in 79 minutes to beat Essex. Exhilarating batting by P. Clift was approximately crowned by his reaching his century with the winning hit of the match. Hitting hard in front of the wicket, Clift raced to his hundred with two sixes and fourteen fours.

Glamorgan provided dynamic cricket of sheer abandon and when it was over the crowd rusaed on the field and mobbed Clift.

For Essex, A. V. Avery had the distinction of hitting his second hundred of the match.

After losing Jack Robertson, England's opening bat, for only 4 runs, Middlesex scored the required 79 without further loss on a dusty and worn pitch to beat Gloucestershire The runs were hit off by Syd Brown and Bill Edrich, who batted very surely and took no risks.

Gloucestershire lost 5 wickets in the morning for 79 runs, and only Tom Graveney offered any real resistance. He failed to reach his century by four runs after hitting ten fours in a stay of two hours ten minutes.

Derbyshire never looked capable of obtaining the 217 for victory against Kent which they required at the start of the day, and their last seven wickets fell for 100 in just over 2 hours. Bowling at his fastest, Tridgway claimed two wickets with only five runs added to the overnight 133.

The following are the County Cricket results:

AT BRISTOL

Middlesex beat Gloucestershire by 9 wickets.

Gloucestershire 189 and 246 (Graveney 96, Sims 5 for 104). Middlesex 357 and 82 for 1

AT CHESTERFIELD

Kent beat Dergyshire by 116 runs

Kent 265 and 166.

Derbyshire 82 and 233 (Ridgway 3 for 37)

AT HOVE

Yorkshire beat Sussex by five wickets.

Sussex 285 and 359 for 8 declared (John Oakes 79, Cox not out 121).

Yorkshire 398 and 247 for 5 (Hutton 100).

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL

CALCUTTA, June 24 (A. P. I.)—The following are the result of matches played in the First Division of the Calcutta Football League today:—

Rajasthan 0, Aryans 0.

E. I. Railway 1, Dalhousie 1.

George Telegraph 4, Calcutta Garrison 0.

Dalhousie earned a valuable point in their return league match with the E. I. Railway today. The Railway side effected no less than five corners in the first half but none of them produced any result. A sudden movement by Dalhousie saw the Railway side one goal down in the twenty-fourth minute of the first half. Thorpe was the scorer for Dalhousie. The equalizer came in the twenty-third minute of the second half, when from a short pass off Mewalal, A. Nandy rushed in and scored.

D. GHOSE NETS ALL FOUR GOALS

Calcutta Garrison made many changes in their team but could not do much against George Telegraph. D. Ghose netted all the four goals, two before interval and two after. The Garrison gave an improved display in the second half but could not score.

BANGALORE RACES

Acceptances For Today

BANGALORE, June 24.

Following are the acceptances for the tenth day of Bangalore Races to be held on Saturday June 25:

—THE YERVADA PLATE (Div. II)—Dist. Six Furlongs.

Peppermint 9-4, Happiness 9-1, Irish Poppy 8-13, Jehangir 8-13, Andromeda 8-11, Keep Smiling 8-7, Kantaka 8-7, Yankee Doodle 8-6, Star of Sethu 8-4, Alma 8-3, RAF 8-1, Spanish Girl 7-12 and Traitor 7-9.

THE MAHALAXMI PLATE—Dist. One Mile.

Der-nue-wey 9-9, Royal Run 9-0, On and On 8-12, Prohibition 8-10, Sinister 8-8, Carpala 8-7, Utter Panic 8-2 and Dauntless 8-2.

THE YERVADA PLATE (Div I)—Dist, Six Furlongs.

Tamasha 9-4, Flying Princess 9-2, Big Hearted 9-2, The Angel 9-1, Merry Go Round 8-11, Prize Bond 8-10, Kickshaw 8-10, Broadcast 8-7 and Royal Gambler 7-13.

THE CAUVERY PLATE (Dist. Six Furlongs).

Assignment 9-4, Nettled 9-0, Stanbridge 8-11, Ellamenco 8-7, Sicily 8-3, Dominica 8-1, Wee Lassie 8-0, Renaissance 7-12, High Command 7-10, Vanderdale 7-7, Lejong 7-4 and What a Gift 7-4.

THE CHIKKAVVARAM GOLD CUP—Dist, 1 mile 2 Furlongs)

Taslaroon 9-7, Dev Kumar 9-2, D. Day 8-13, Marie Louise 8-12, Dolly 8-9, Poppet 8-8, Rabia 8-7, Hurry On 8-3, Battle Out 8-1, Royal Express 7-12, Hunter 7-9, French Prior 7-8, Maharukh 7-2, Oscar 7-2 and Ma Belle 7-0.

THE YERVADA PLATE (Div. II)—Dist. 6 Furlongs.

Mr. Rambler 9-4, Flying Jester 9-2, Alcovita 9-2, Blue Flame 9-1, Yemin-ul-Mulk 9-1, King of Diamonds 9-1, Jubilation 8-13, Just It 8-12, Golden Memory 8-11, On and On 8-11, Princess Marnock 8-10, Win Again 8-10, Post to Post 8-9, and Widad 8-5.

THE POONA PLATE—(Dist. Seven Furlongs)

Pearl Mahal 9-4, Onyx 9-2, Ducky 9-0, Theresa's Gift 8-12, Zalim 8-8, Ajmal 8-4, Davi Dayal 8-1, Oracle 8-0, Boswell 7-13, Laxmidhar 7-13, Green Lad 7-11, Kalyan 7-11, Moon Dust 7-8 and Baltoi 7-8.

THE ISMAILIA PLATE (Dist. One Mile).

Al Nadir 9-4, Officer 9-0, Jowdat al Iraq 8-13, Eden 8-4, King Solomon 8-4, Khalid Amer 8-3, Usang 8-3, Amal al Shabab 8-2, Abjar Suad 7-10, Naqib 7-10 and Sharjeel 7-7.

Races selected for the Treble Event are: Three, Five and Seven.

Worthington To Coach Bengal Cricketers

CALCUTTA, June 24 (PTI)—T. S. Worthington former England and Derbyshire cricketer, has been engaged as coach of the Cricket Association of Bengal for the coming season. He will arrive Calcutta in November.

Worthington toured India in 1937-38

DIVECHA FAILS TO FIND PLACE IN OXFORD XI

LONDON, June 24 (PTI-Reuter)—R. Divesha, who was fighting for his place in the Oxford University cricket team to meet Cambridge University at Lords starting on July 2, failed to be selected.

Oxford University's South African captain, C. B. Van Ryneveld has announced the team which includes India's A. H. Kardar, an old blue, but not Divecha.

RAILWAYS FOOTBALL TO BE HELD IN CALCUTTA

Inter-Services Soccer May Also Come Off

CALCUTTA, June 24 (PTI)—The Inter-Railway Football Tournament may by held in Calcutta in the second week of August if it is suitable to the organisers of the tournament.

The League Committee of the Indian Football Association yesterday considered a request from the Indian Railway Athletic Association whether the tournament could be held in Calcutta. The committee decided that it could accommodate them if the tournament was held in the second week of August.

The committee also considered a request from the Services Sports Control Board to hold their Inter-Services Football Tournament in Calcutta The meeting agreed that the tournament could be held here if the last week of July was suitable.

AMBALA HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

Fourth Division Engineers In Final

AMBALA, June 24. (A. P. I.): Fourth Division Engineers qualified for the Final of the Hot Weather Ambala Garrison Hockey Tournament today after defeating the Fourth Division Artillery by three goals to one. The match was replayed for the third time. The Engineers will now meet the South-West Scouts in the final tomorrow.

Gussie Moran First U. S. Seeded Player To Be Eliminated

DIMINUTIVE CHINESE BORN BRITISH GIRL CAUSES FIRST UPSET AT WIMBLEDON

WIMBLEDON, June 24.

British girls vied with the Americans for Wimbledon honours today with Gem Hoahing, the Chinese born British girl knocking out the seeded American Gussie Moran and Mrs. Mollie Blair, the British Wightman Cup player eliminating the seeded Mrs. Nellie Adamson of France.

Two other good home wins were those of Mrs. Jean Walker Smith over the South African Mrs. Sheila Summers and Mrs. Phyllis Dawson Scott over Mrs. C. Boegner of France.

The Americans were Louise Brough the holder and Mrs. Margaret Osborne Du Pont both of whom scored very easy wins.

Miss Brough is playing so well that she looks assured of retaining her title.

Best feat of the day was undoubtedly that of Gem Hoaning, the 28-year-old Hong Kong girl who has lived most of her life in Twickenham in beating Miss Moran, fourth ranking player in the United States by 6-2, 5-7, 6-3. The petite Miss Hoahing, the smallest player in the championships, standing only five feet high seemed dwarfed by the well-built Californian girl as they entered the centre court, but when they left it just over an hour later "David" had slain "Goliath".

Miss Hoahing, who is British covered court champion, trailed 0-2 in the first set but placing her shots with great precision and preventing the powerful American from reaching the net, she won the next six games for the set.

Just losing the second set Miss Hoahing ran into a 5-1 lead in the third and although Miss Moran made a partial recovery, the British girl driving faultlessly won the day.—(PTI-Reuter).

Diminutive Gem Hoahing, jumping excitedly from one foot to the other, said she was unable to believe she had beaten the much-publicised Gussie Moran. "It was only the second time in my tennis career that I have played on the centre court and it is the first time I have ever got beyond the first round. I believe Miss Moran was very nervous. She seemed upset at her numerous errors. Before we went on the court, I was convinced Gussie would beat me easily, but when we began to play, I just hit the ball back at her any way I could and kept her going".

In another men's doubles event, Vladimir Cernik and J. Krajcik of Czechoslovakia beat Egypt's Marcel Coen and Wing Commander Adly Shaffi, 3-0, retired. The Egyptian team had to give up when Shaffi suffered a spasm of pain in the chest, believedly due to severe indigestion.—(UPA).

Mrs. Mollie Blair, a physical training instructress, played a fine all-round game to defeat Mrs. Nelly Adamson, the blonde French left-hander, by 6-2, 7-5. Mrs. Adamson led 2-1 in the first set but Mrs. Blair fighting back with great determination took six games in a row for the set. The French girl looked assured of drawing level when she led 4-2 and then 5-3 in the second set but the British girl struck a brilliant patch and won the next four games for a straight sets victory.

Mrs. Walker Smith beat Mrs. Summers who has not been in good health this year by 6-2, 6-2 while Mrs. Dawson Scott just got the better of a marathon encounter with Mrs. Beegner by 11-9, 0-6, 7-5. She now meets Mrs. Watermeyer of South Africa for a place in the last eight.

Miss Brough beat Mrs. Maryhalford of Britain 6-1, 6-0 and Mrs. Du Pont beat Mrs. Chandler of Britain 6-1, 6-1.

The rest of the day's programme consisted of doubles matches, the men having a day off from their singles events. There were no surprises.

The fine spell of hot weather continued and another huge crowd packed the arena.

Brilliant weather again brought more crowds to the All-England Club for the Wimbledon Tennis Championships today, the fifth day.

The Wimbledon authorities confirm that this week's attendance is likely to break all records.

Interest today focussed chiefly on the women's singles where nine of the third round matches for the last 16 were being played.

Matches in men's and women's doubles and mixed doubles were also being played but no men's singles where the last eight will be found tomorrow.

MEN'S DOUBLES (Second Round)

R. Gonzales and F. Parker (United States) beat D. Mitic and J. Palada (Yugoslavia) 8-6 6-2 6-3.

J. Ducos and C. Grandet (France) beat R. Colin and Beu Deatreman (France) 6-4 7-5 6-3.

J. Garper (Australia) and A. Van Swolu (Netherlands) beat K. Femer and D. Vad (Hungary) 3-6 6-3 6-4 13-11

WOMEN'S SINGLES (Third Round)

Mrs. E. Dawson Scott (Britain) beat Mrs. C. Boegner (France) 11-0 11-9 0-6 7-5.

MEN'S DOUBLES (Third Round)

G. Mulloy and F. Schroeder (United States) beat M. Matous (Czechoslovakia) and F. Puncec (Yugoslavia) 6-1 6-4 6-1.

J. Bromwich and F. Sedgman (Australia) beat G. Jackson and C. Kemp (Ireland) 6-1 7-5 6-1.

WOMEN'S SINGLES (Third Round)

Mrs. B. Hilton (Britain) beat Miss E. Andrews (Britain) 6-1 3-6 6-3.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES (First Round)

Miss Shirley Fry and Mrs. H. Kinchny (United States) beat Miss J. Mareellin (France) and Miss H. Straulcovh (Czechoslovakia) 6-3 6-4.

Miss J. Fetch and Mrs. T. Long (Australia) beat Mrs. O. Anderson (United States) and Miss R. Woodgate (Britain) 6-0 6-0.

MIXED DOUBLES (Second Round)

J. Mottram and Miss J. Gannon (Britain) beat C. Spychala (Poland) and Mrs. G. Walter (Britain) 4-6 6-3 6-3.

Geoff Brown and Miss J. Fitch (Australia) beat L. Cater and A. Brighton (Britain) 6-2 6-3.

MIXED DOUBLES (Second Round)

N. Cockburn and Mrs. E. Watermeyer (South Africa) beat D. Mitic (Yugoslavia) and Miss P. Hermsen (Netherlands) 6-4 6-4.

G. Worthington and Mrs. T. Long (Australia) beat R. Colin and Mrs. J. Boutin (France) 6-0 6-1.

F. Ampon (Philippines) and Miss G. Butler (United States) beat J. Thomas and Miss J. Mareellin (France) 6-2 6-1.

MIXED DOUBLES (Third Round)

E. Sturgess and Mrs. Sheila Summers (South Africa) beat E. Fannin (South Africa) and Mrs. H. Rihoany (United States) 6-2 6-1.

O. Sidwell (Australia) and Mrs. W. Du Pond (United States) beat E. Bjerre and Miss E. Fog (Denmark) 6-2 6-1.

PROSPECTS FOR LORD'S TEST

Jack Robertson's First Chance At Home

LONDON, June 24 (PTI-Reuter): A fast wicket and fine weather are expected for the start of the second test between England and New Zealand tomorrow at Lords.

New Zealand have their fast bowler J. Cowie fit again after a pulled-up muscle. Their reduced attack of four bowlers kept England from wearing fast in the drawn test at Leeds. They will probably have gained confidence from their good display there, and will be hoping to do even better this time.

With Syril Washbrook unfit, Jack Robertson of Middlesex gets his first home test chance for England's opening batsman.

He has generally done better at Lords than elsewhere, and altogether the England side looks strong in batting. If either side is to win the match, their scoring will have to be quick during the nineteen hours of actual play.

INSOLVENCY NOTICE ON GHIARA UPHELD

Federal Court Decision

An appeal was preferred by Mr. K. P. Ghiara to the Federal Court of India from the judgment and order of the High Cort of Judicature at Bombay (Chagla C. J. and Bhagwati J.), dated July 22 1948 in Appeal No. 7 of 1948. The above appeal was heard by Sir Saiyid Fazl Ali J., Mr. Justice M. Patanjali Sastri J., Mr. Justice Mehr Chand Mahajan J. and Mr. Justice Bijan Kumar Mukherjee J., and was dismissed with costs throughout. Four separate and concurring judgments were delivered by all the four presiding judges.

In July 1947 a Consent Decree in Suit No. 1726 of 1945 was obtained by the parties in which the Appellant Mr. K. P. Ghiara undertook to pay Rs. 12½ lakhs to the C. P. Syndicate Ltd., in certain instalments and on payment of the first of these instalments the C. P. Syndicate Ltd. had undertaken to transfer to Mr. Ghiara debentures of the Western India Oil Distributing Co. Ltd., which it held. A default clause in the Consent Decree stated that in case Mr. Ghiara failed to pay any one instalment for a period of one month after the due date, the balance of the whole amount outstanding then, would forthwith become due and payable. On the 15th October 1947 Mr. Ghiara committed a default of the payment of the first instalment of Rs. 2½ lakhs and the default having continued for one month thereafter, the C. P. Syndicate Ltw. called upon Mr. Ghiara to forthwith pay the total amount of Rs 12½ lakhs under the above said decree

NOTICE SERVED ON GHIARA

The C. P. Syndicate Ltd. served on Mr. Ghiara an Insolvency Notice under the Bombay Presidency Town Insolvency Act 1939 and called upon him inter alia to either pay up the amount of Rs. 12½ lakhs or to secure it or to satisfy the Court that he had a counter-claim equal to or exceeding the amount due by the C. P. Syndicate Ltd. from Mr. Ghiara, before the expiry of the 30 days period mentioned in the Insolvency notice etc.

On the 17th December 1947 Mr Ghiara took out a notice of Motion to set aside the Insolvency Notice stating that no amount had become due and payable to the C. P. Syndicate Ltd. and that the notice was bad in law. Tendolker J after hearing parties, in a lengthy judgment, dismissed the notice of Motion refusing to set aside the Insolvency Notice. Mr. Ghiara then preferred an appeal to the Division Bench of the Bombay High Court and Chagla, C.J. and Bhagwati J. upheld the judgment of the lower court refusing to set aside the Notice relying on Ordinance 3 of '48 which validated all notices and forms issued under the B.P. Towns Insolvency Act, 1939 Mr. Ghiara applied for leave to appeal to the Federal Court which was refused by Chagla C.J. and Gajendragadkar J.

Mr. M. V. Desai, Senior Advocate, Federal Court with Messrs. G.K. Dua, by Mr. S. P. Varma, Agent appeared and N. A. Mody, Advocate instructed for the C. P. Syndicate Ltd Respondents. Messrs. H. M. Seervai and R. J. Joshi instructed by Mr. Rajinder Narain, Agent, appeared for the appellant, Mr. K. P. Ghiara.

DACCA NEWSLETTER:

Acute Food Crisis In East Bengal

(From Our Correspondent)

DACCA, (by Mail.

THERE have been interesting political developments here in recent weeks The bye-election at Tangail was an eye-opener so far as the Muslim League is concerned, and the defeat of the League candidate clearly indicates how the land lies. The Working Committee of the Muslim League held a meeting to consider the present situation. There is apparently a division in the camp.

One section of the Leaguers was of opinion that there was something wrong with the present set-up of the Muslim League officials; while another thought that the programme and methods of the Muslim League is not at all satisfactory. There was however a temporay compromise effected and it was generally decided that the Muslim League should enlist 50 lakhs of members.

DISTANT RUMBLING

This apparently is all very well, but nevertheless there is the rumbling of the distant thunder and the student revolt against the University of Dacca seems significant. The University has no doubt been functioning for the last few days but there is an undercurrent of discontent against the University. This was more than evident when Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy was here a few days back to denfend a student leader at the Dacca High Court. Large crowds of student sightseers assembled at the High Court and the manner in which they behaved themselves clearly showed that their target was the present Muslim League Government.

Choudhury Khaliquzzaman, President of the Pakistan Muslim League with his secretary will examine the provincial set up of the Muslim League and mend matters and it is not unlikely that the present personnel of the Muslim League will be changed. Failing that the formation of an Opposition bloc in the Muslim League is almost certain and it is not unlikely that this opposition will join hands with the Congress Opposition and the Pakistan National Congress are assembling in Khulna on June 25 to formulate their general policy

SUHRAWARDY IN THE PICTURE

Mr. H. S. Suharawardy has also been in the picture and his visit is regarded not merely as a professional affair but considerable political significance is attached to it and there are many in this area among the members of the Muslim League-even among Secretariat Officials who would like to have him back and it is not unlikely that Mr. Suhrawardy will fight one or two of the bye-elections of the East Bengal Assembly. The outlook for the Muslim League does not seem very bright and Communists are getting a chance and are taking advantage of the inefficiency of this Government.

FOOD SCARCITY

Food is the most vital question for any Government and here in East Bengal the food position is gradually becoming more and more difficult. Prices are soaring and people are being asked to take to wheat. But wheat is not the normal food of the province but people may have to take to wheat unwillingly as a matter of necessity. Besides food, the consumer goods are dear and other edibles like vegetables, eggs and milk also are getting dear and the country is heading towards a crisis. As a consequence the countryside is a howling wilderness and even the Mohamedans are leaving the villages in large numbers. Latest information available goes to show that a good many of the Mohamedan villagers have left for Assam where they believe they can make a living if they behave themselves. Some are even migrating to Calcutta.

Communications in the province have not improved yet. The railways are still struggling and may just pay their expenses. There is no chance of there being any real expansion although there are schemes to connect Dacca with a Aricha, Sylhet with Chatak and Jessore with Darsana. The survey in regard to the Dacca Archa scheme long overdue is over and it is estimated that it would cost at least a minimum expenditure of 3 crores of rupees. Even if the money is found, there is doubt if the railway scheme will be taken in hand. This is largely because East Pakistan has no plants for constructing bridges and they are not likely to have these plants in the near future.

There are no labour troubles yet; but it is not unlikely they would crop up. The Government held a Tripartite conference with representatives of Capital, Labour and Government. Dr. Malek, the Labour Minister presided over this conference and explained the attitude of the Government with regard to Labour. From what he said it is apparent that the Government policy is to accommodate the legitimate needs of the labourers.

DEMAND OF SEAMEN

There may be a difficult problem for the Joint Steamer Companies that are building all their hopes on the strength of the Government. In view of the rise of prices there is a strong and legitimate demand among the Steamer employees for better wages and the employees have just formed a union for East Pakistan with Mr. Samsuddin, an Ex-Minister of United Bengal as their President. But the attitude of the Joint Companies is hostile to this pnion and they want the President to be a man of their choice. But this is not quite suitable from the Trade Union Point of view and there is an undercurrent of severe discontent among the Steamer Employees and the Joint Steamer Companies playing such a large part in the transport of the province should be careful to see that they do not alienate labour.

Mr. Ellisson, a Central Government Official, has just arrived to work here as Industrial Adviser or Director of Industries. He has a long programme of work already framed by the Hon'ble Mr. Hamidal Haq Choudhury. These include jute mills, cotton mills, tanning institute, chemical works and the programme is undoubtedly an ambitions one; but it is very doubtful if this ambitious scheme can ever be carried into effect largely because of financial difficulties. To find money for these schemes, the East Bengal Government will have to raise a loan from outside and recruit experts from abroad.

AURORA

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

PEAR BUCK'S PRIZE-WINNING NOVEL

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3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun. 12-30
Plans open 10 to 12 and 4 to 6

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The Bombay Chronicle

It is the nature of men to be as bound by the benefits they confer as by those they receive.

—MACHIAVELLI.

COMPLACENCY

In his natural anxiety to meet the hard criticism that has been levelled by many against our present economic condition Mr. K. C. Neogy, Commerce Minister, goes rather too far when he says that "there is nothing wrong with India's economy". Such a remark, unless it is meant not to be taken very seriously or literally betrays a complacency which is not quite helpful in improving matters. He may be right in saying that there is "no crisis of the kind that is sought to be mde out by certain parties". That only depends upon the parties he has in mind. But he cannot disprove the statement of Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyangar, himself a prominent Congress leader, that "unless there is a drive to produce all the grain, all the cloth and all the other necessaries of life in our own country, we will be faced with a very serious crisis". The picture that Mr. Ayyangar drew recently is not at all exaggerated. He points out an imminent crisis but points out also how it can be got over.

Coming to details, Mr. Neogy observes that our unfavourable balance of trade, in so far as it is the result of heavy expenditure on the import of capital and essential goods, represents the measure of her capital and industrial development and as such augurs well for the future. If the unfavourable balance were due only to the import of capital goods, we could afford to regard it as a production loan which could be steadily reduced with the help of the proceeds of developed industries. But the balance represents very nearly the value of our food imports which will be needed for at least two years' more. Mr. Neogy admits our various economic difficulties like food shortage, dollar deficit and the statemate in the investment market. But he regads all these as "nothing more than problems of transition". The transition has been distressing and long and the end of it is not yet in sight. It is not going to be in sight unless, as Mr. Ayyangar warns, we produce all the grain, cloth and other necessaries of life. It has somehow become a collosal problem and cannot become simpler by wishfully thinking that "there is nothing wrong with India's economy." We agree with Mr. Neogy that our difficulties about shortage in food and raw materials are due mainly to partition and increased population. But whatever their cause, so long as these unprecedented difficulties exist, they ought not to be underestimated.

As regards the remedies to improve the situation, we agree that imports of capital goods will continue to be necessary for increased production. But how are we to pay for these imports? Our starling balances will not suffice. We must increase our exports, particularly to dollar areas. Mr. Neogy claims that our export drive has already shown encouraging results representing a 39 per cent increase "in value" over a period of two years" although there has been no marked rise in prices. But this is balanced by his further remark that, "while the physical volume of India's imports had incrsased, no corresponding increase had taken place in the physical volume of her export". How precisely is the volume of exports to be increased? It is some relief to be assured by Mr. Neogy that a Committee would be shortly constituted "to recommend ways and means of stimulating India's export trade." If the Committee's recommendations succeed in balancing our foreign trade, and in drawing up priorities, nobody will complain of any economic crisis. But just at present the situation is regarded by many as serious, even though Mr. Neogy may not call it a crisis.

Bombay's Beggars

It appears from the press note issued by the Director of Publicity, Bombay, that the Government of Bombay has taken serious notice of the increased population of beggars in the city. The Greater Bombay Police has been taking sustained action against beggars by arresting them and committing them to beggars' homes. The public is asked to co-operate by not offering alms to beggars. The nuisance of begging could be checked, to a great extent, if the public decides to refrain from distributing alms at random, but the public will take a long time to realise that the habit of making petty charities fosters the evil of begging which, in its turn, encourages crimes. The lack of recognised places to which beggars should be shifted is pointed out as the main difficulty in removing them out of the city. The cost of establishing and maintaining homes will be much less if the procedure between the arrest of beggars and their commitment to homes is properly gone through. Mendicancy, apart from being an inevitable consequence of extreme destitution or unemployment, has been developed as a trade. It has been resorted to as a means of sustenance by able-bodied idlers and also as a side-profession by others who have some occupations to depend upon for their daily bread. Such beggars should have no place in homes. In order to detect them, it is necessary to inquire into the antecedents and actual conditions of all the arrested persons, and then able-bodied professional beggars and others, who have taken to begging as an additional source of income, should be compelled to earn their livelihood by honest means.

Beggars, who are destitute, diseased and physically disabled form a different category. Among them, too, those who deserve relief in homes will have to be carefully selected. Lepers are found in a large number in the streets of Bombay. The Government and Municipality are alive to the menace of leprosy to public health; but they have yet to take steps for the segregation of leper beggars. Experience has shown that all the cases of other diseases and disabilities noticed among beggars are not necessarily genuine. As for example, blindness is likely to be a less common disability than it appears as an association of begging. Since passers-by are generally moved to put alms in the bowls of beggars who seem to be blind, sighted beggars not infrequently pretend to be blind; and the lay public being unable to discriminate between the really blind and pretenders is easily misguided. This is also the case with other disabilities such as dumbless and lameness. It is hoped that the Police authorities will deal strictly with the pretenders among beggars and send them, not to homes, but to places of employment.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

HONGKONG: Chinese Communists are likely to demand the return to China of Hongkong and Kowloon—British territory opposite Hongkong harbour—when the question of recognising China's new regime is raised, according to a well-informed source with Communist contacts.

Semi-official Chinese sources in Formosa alleged today that the 'Anchises' had been bombed as she "neglected to hoist her flag".

* * *

Amendments about to be introduced into the Indian Mines Act of 1923 show that under the old act, women could work underground also day and night, there was no weekly day of rest, no rescue station, no maintenance of creches and pithead baths.

But we are not surprised. In 1923 as also before and after India was governed by an efficient regime devoted solely and most altruistically to the good of the native masses including labourers

* * *

A spokesman of the Jammu and Kashmir Government says, apropos of Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan's recent offer of free food: "The people of Kashmir do not require any assistance or charity from Pakistan."

But it isn't by way of humiliating "assistance or charity". It is a pure give-food-and-take-votes business deal.

* * *

"The Pakistan Prime Minister", the Kashmir spokesman adds, "will do well to turn his attention to his own country and do something if he can to assist the starving people of East Bengal whether on humanitarian considerations or otherwise."

What nonsense. We mean what's the 'quid pro quo' need from East Benga!?

* * *

Contradicting rumours that he has resigned, Admiral Nimitz, Kashmir Plebiscite Administrator, says: "I remain completely at the disposal of the United Nations."

And the United Nations remains completely at the disposal of its Kashmir Commission, which, in its turn, remains completely at the disposal of its high obligation to accommodate Pakistan.

* * *

Quetta: June 22: Nawab Mohamed Khan Ogzai, leader of the Baluchistan Tribes Federation, yesterday demanded the immediate suspension of the Baluchistan Advisory Council which is at present a nominated body, and its reconstitution through elections.

—P.T.I.-Reuter.

That is impossible for very good reasons of state. If the demand is acceded to, what guarantee is there that Baluchistan will not pretty soon afterwards demand a fully democratic regime, which might lead to anything?

And secondly, how in that case will Qazi Mohammad Issa, the Chief Adviser (ha ha) find his well-deserved and well-earned place in Baluchistan?

City Corporation: Week By Week

(By "Citizen")

Hopes of the six week old strike of city sweepers coming to an end have once again been dashed to the ground. The trial of strength between the two parties which has gone on for forty-two days is likely to go on at least for some more time.

I have consistently maintained that the substitute sanitary services attempted by the Municipal authorities however necessary and laudable they may be, are not the real remedy and the health of the city has suffered a setback during these days. This contention has been borne out by the recent comments of the city press which has noticed the fly nuisance more than once and has also referred to the increase in the deathroll of the city in the last week or two.

WILLING TO NEGOTIATE

Apart from the terms on which the strike is to be settled the very fact that fresh attempts were undertaken showed a definite change in the outlook of both the parties The strikers who had decided to hold on 'indefinitely" seem to be ready to come back to work if they are allowed to do so with honour. The Municipal authorities and the Government who were adamant so far have no doubt softened. The Municipal Commissioner talked the matter with Mr. R. R. Bhole and the latter is reported to have seen the strike leaders in jail, Mr. Bhole, it might be mentioned, is an ex-M.L.A., a Harijan leader, and one of the trusted lieutenants of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar. Last week I hinted that there was a possibility of the Law Member of the Government of India paying a visit to the city and lending his help to settle this matter. He has since then been reported to have left for Mussurie for a fortnight's rest.

VITAL ISSUE

The terms that Mr. Bhole had drawn out although not disclosed officially were said to be quite simple. They were that the zpoints in dispute should be referred to adjudication, the strikers come back to work and those who have been "dismissed" by the Commissioner or convicted by the court are to be reinstated in service. There is however a little hitch regarding the last item. Is it to be reinstatement or reemployment. If it is reinstatement they would continue to derive the benefits of their past service, although they would be losing their pay for the days of the strike but if it was reemployment as fresh hands it would mean that they start with a new service record. The Municipal Commissioner, it seems, although he is ready to take most of them back, wants them to come in as new hands while the strikers are insisting that there should be no victimization and there should be no break in their service because of this sorry episode. The point might appear to be minor to outsiders but for the strikers as well as for workers in general it is of material importance and justice is surely on the side of the workers. After all, if the matter is to be settled as it were "out of court", and the legality or otherwise of the strike is not to be gone into, then surely there should be no break in the service of the strikers and they should continue to get the benefits of their past service. Merely because the Municipal Commissioner "dismissed" these men or a court of law convicted them on an issue the legality of which is yet to be tested they should not be made to suffer consequences whose seriousness would be out of all proportion.

LEGALITY OF THE STRIKE

It can be asked what was the reason for the change in the attitude of the authorities and one need not go far to seek the answer to that question. Last week I pointed out that the point about the legality of the strike was being tested in the court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate. June 21 was fixed for the hearing of the matter but the Government pleader applied for a ten days' adjournment on the plea that the Advocate-General was to appear to argue the case on behalf of the Government. The adjournment was granted and the case has now been fixed for July 2. The fact that the Government suddenly decided to attach so much importance to the case, indicates that, although according to the Municipal Commissioner the point occurred to the strikers "rather late," there is strength in it. Else the Advocate-General would not be brought to the Police Court to argue the case. Then the rule for the Habeas Corpus application on behalf of one of the detained leaders has been admitted in the High Court and might come up for hearing any day in the course of the next week.

Thus a legal battle royal has been waging between the parties and may be that, whoever appears either in the Police Court or the High Court to argue the cases on behalf of the strikers, the line that is followed is, according to the strikers, that the strike was in no way illegal. Is it that the authorities are now feeling the weight of this argument and the change in their attitude is the result of this realisation as well as the insufficiency of the substitute sanitary services and the definite deterioration in city's health? Whatever the causes of the fresh desire on either side to come to terms and end the agony, the citizens would welcome a settlement and be happy at the end of this long drawn out, in fact the longest, strike in Bombay's Municipal history.

SCHOOL CHILDREN IMPLICATED

A rather amusing and strange reference to the strike situation came up for discussion before the Schools Committee this week, which considered a letter sent to it by Mr. K. G. Saiyaddain, Educational Adviser to the Government of Bombay. The letter suggested that, in view of the deteriora-

(Continued on Page 9)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Rejoinder To Mr. Bharucha

Mr. Naushir Bharucha's letter in your issue of Thursday, June 23, assumes the incorrectness of statements have appeared in the press from time to time with regard to the sweepers' strike. If these statements were "incorrect", then the statement he has made in correcting them, is certainly most mislead.

Mr. Bharucha says the Kamgar Sangh wrote to the Municipal Commissioner on April 13, presenting its demands. "but the Commissioner failed and neglected to send them a reply for one whole month."

I never thought Mr. Bharucha could be caught napping so easily. How could he not have sent them a reply for a whole month when no less than half a dozen meetings were held between him and the Union leaders from April 18 to 30. These meetings were responsible for the strike not taking place on April 27 as per the 14 days' notice given by the sweepers.

Secondly, Mr. Bharucha maintains that the Commisioner failed to bring this as urgent business before the House. What could he bring before the Corporation when negotiations were in progress? The notice of the strike was duly brought to the notice of the Standing Committee but naturally the negotiations then in progress were awaited.

Next, Mr. Bharucha argues that the Commissioner's estimate that the demands of the sweepers would cost Rs. 5 crores is entirely wrong. It is not only completely right, the figure having been arrived at by the Municipal Chief Accountant, but the entire expense would be recurring. Just one of their demands, namely, to increase the staff fourfold, is enough to give a substantial idea of the cost.

At no time has the Commissioner said that he did not know what the demands were. How could he say that when they were before him and when he was discussing them with the Union leaders? All he said was that he did not know what their minimum demands were. Naturally, to this day he has no idea. His estimate of Rs. 5 crores is based on the original demands.

Further Mr. Bharucha states the Sangh leaders were arrested before they could send a reply to the Commissioner. They were arrested only after they had embarked on an illegal strike. On April 30, when the Union leaders met the Commissioner, the latter asked them when they would come again to resume the negotiations. They replied they would consult their members and let him know. He did not hear a word from them till May 9 and then. They merely wrote to say that they would put the result of their joint talks before their Managing Committee on May 11 and communicate to him the result. It seems strange that they had no time to put it before their committee in the ten days that elapsed between the last meeting with the Commissioner and wriing this letter.

However, the Commissioner, received no communication from them even on May 11. And the next thing he knew was, that the sweepers had gone on strike, without assigning any reason or giving any notice. The circumstances instantly made it an illegal strike and the leaders were, therefore, arrested. The only reply they apparently intended to send the Commissioner was the strike, and they paid the penalty for breaking the law.

Mr. Bharucha says that the Ad Hoc Committee were not allowed to see leaders in jail. With the attitude of the Committee as it was to support the stand of the strikers, what good would it have done. They were obviously in no mood for conciliation. They were challenging the Government, the Municipality and the people. It was for the party that behaved illegally to make the first move.

Mr. Bharucha brazenly maintains that it is "wrong to say that the sweepers have declined adjudication." At the very second meeting on Friday, April 22, the first thing they told the Commissioner was that they did not believe in adjudication. They would get what they wanted by negotiation —or else by a straight fight. On April 30 when they met for the last time, they reiterated this stand. They told the Commissioner then not only that they did not believe in adjudication, but that they were prepared to oreak the law and take the consequences. It is wrong to say that the Commissioner has at any time renounced the method of negotiation, going out of his way as he did every time to ask the Union leaders when they would come to resume the talks. Once the law was broken, how was it possible for the Commissioner to subscribe to negotiations which would not be legal?

The Commissioner was expected to disclose to the Ad Hoc Committee the details of the concessions he was prepared to make—so that they could add some more salt and pepper to it and make matters worse! The details of the demands which were still under discussion, did not arise at all so long as an illegal strike was in progress.

Mr. Bharucha asserts and has been asserting ad nauseum that the 1948 award has not been fully implemented. Mr. Bharucha has not been able to point to one specific award and say that the Municipality has not honoured it. He is merely indulging in generalizations and is unable to prove his charge.

Mr. Bharucha asserts in short that the strike is not illegal and that the Commissioner has no business to ask them to return to work first because, if they did so, they would be admitting that their strike is illegal.

What else is it if it is not illegal? They went on strike without giving any notice whatever. Even the three days' notice which they had promised the Commissioner they would give on April 28 was not given.

Mr. Bharucha fears that, if they went back to work, they would be liable to dismissal from service, etc. They are 'already' liable and have been legally dismissed. The illegality of the stoppage of work has been established in a court of law which has convicted more than 250 sweepers up-to-date who have refused to return to work. These convictions by the Chief Presidency Magistrate ever since May 16 are sufficient proof that the strike is illegal.

If Mr. Bharucha considers acts of sabotage to be "a fuss", the only conclusion one can arrive at is that he does not appear to object to them. Huge stones and bricks have been found in drains.

As for the number of workers recruited, the response has been more than satisfactory. And if it has not risen to Mr. Bharucha's expectations, let it be mentioned that it is not that there is anything unattractive in the offer of Rs. 3/- per day that would-be workers fear that they would be molested and intimidated.

Mr. Bharucha has again tried to mislead public opinion by raising doubts in its mind regarding the number of working members in a worker's family. By citing exceptional cases, one cannot prove the rule which clearly shows that most members in every working family is a wage-earner.

As for the condition of the city today, the best judge are the public and their eyesight. If you see it with a jaundiced eye, even a clean street will appear filthy. But if the eye is fair, it will readily appreciate that it is difficult to believe a strike has been waging in the city for the last over 40 days. Some parts of the city may be dirty. They have always been so. That is not the result of the strike. Never has civic consciousness been greater than it is today when right-minded corporators have realized their duty, and in many parts, many men, women and children are helping the Municipality to keep their streets clean.

It is mischievous to say that Government, the Commissioner and the Municipal Congress Party are not anxious to see the end of the strike. They are anxious as anyone else to save the sweepers from being misled as they are and from heaping misery on their own heads—just to promote somebody else's game of power politics.

HOMI J. H. TALEYARKHAN.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

A Bad Mess

The S.S.C. Examination Board is setting up new records in bungling. A number of students who had actually passed their examination, were declared failed. It is not merely the heartburn and the mental anguish that have to be taken into account. There are losses more substantial. As the father of one of the unfortunate victims of the Board's incompetence has explained it is very difficult for these young students to obtain seats for the courses they desire in the colleges they want. There may even be cases where it may not be possible to get any kind of seat at all. Nor is this a matter concerning a single, isolated individual. Three cases have so far appeared in the public press. It is almost certain that there are more such instances. The communication from the Board "assuring" the candidate that he has passed is a cyclostyled Memo. It has the usual alternative "his/her" indicated in its text. This suggests that the cases of this kind were so many that the Board found it impossible to write individual letters, but got a large number of copies cyclostyled and filled in only the names and numbers. There is a distinct case for a very thorough scrutiny into the way the Board runs its business and a ruthless cleaning up so that this is not repeated. This must be the first and last year of such bungling. And even more important and urgent than this is that the Government must promptly exert itself to see that the young boys and girls who have had to face this ordeal are not subjected to a permanent handicap by their failure to get accommodation for their further education. The Government must intervene promptly and effectively to see that no permanent injustice is done to them.

The Afghan Boomerang

Sardar Faiz Mohammed Khan, the Afghan Ambassador in London, has asked Britain to help Afghanistan in the dispute with Pakistan over the future of seven million Pathans across her borders in the North-West Frontier Province and the tribal area. The Ambassador, according to PTI Reuter report, said that it was "a matter of life and death" to Afghanistan and added, "We shall never allow millions of our flesh and blood to be absorbed into Pakistan." All this and more that Sardar Faiz Mohammad Khan said recalls to mind Muslim League slogans of a few years back and tempts one to wonder if the League's pro-Pakistan propaganda is coming home to Pakistan to roost. The Afghans insist in effect on their being a Pathan nation, which incidentally, has more reason and justification for its validity than a "Muslim nation." And the "Pathan nation" wants its homeland, "Pathanistan" or "Pukhtunistan" and its freedom. But the problem is far more serious than being merely an interesting case of propaganda having turned into a boomerang. It has in it the makings of a grave flare-up which is, moreover, menacingly immediate. Sardar Faiz Mohammed Khan has represented Pathan feelings and forecast possibilities more correctly than the Abdul Qaiyums and Liaqat Ali Khans of Pakistan.

Call Of Statesmanship

Pathan nationalism or whatever it may be called is a reality, so are Pathan patriotism and spirit of freedom. This has to be faced in a sensible manner by the leaders of Pakistan in the interests of their country itself. "Unless", the Afghan Ambassador said, "Pakistan sees reason, there will be a revolt on the North-West Frontier. Indeed, our own people in Afghanistan will revolt also." He did not altogether exaggerate. The situation is without doubt alarming and explosive. The Pathan is traditionally a lover of freedom and a fighter. He has fought against incredible odds and he will fight. No tyranny, severe or mild can succeed against him. The more he is sought to be suppressed the more militantly determined he grows not to be suppressed. This is undeniable and well-known history. And it is ordinary psycholology that antagonism and implacability increases with dilatoriness and repression. Pakistan leaders should have eyes to see how this is being illustrated in the case of the Pathans. The demand now is complete independence. But there is yet time for statesmanship. A compromise is still possible which may satisfy Pukhtoon aspirations without necessarily involving complete separation from Pakistan. But for this compromise Pakistan leaders must go back to Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and his formula which latter they scornfully rejected and the author of which they sent to jail in the intoxication of newly acquired power. If they do not do this, they may, we fear, have to lose more.

Fees In Primary Schools

The Bombay Municipal Corporation's decision to increase the fees in its upper primary schools is regrettable but in the present circumstances, seems to be unavoidable. Primary education being compulsory for pupils between 6 and 11 years, no fees are charged in the lower primary classes I to IV. Upper primary education is not yet compulsory, not even free in many places. In the Bombay Municipal upper primary schools a nominal fee has long been charged and no serious objection seems to have been taken so far against this practice. With increased salaries that had to be paid to teachers it was found difficult to carry on with a nominal fee. The position became more difficult. When recently Government abolished the teaching of English in the lower secondary schools numerous zstudents rushed to the municipal upper primary schools, where the fees were low, there being little difference in instruction between these, and the lower secondary schools without English. The Bombay Municipal Schools Committee, which is under no statutory obligation to maintain upper primary schools, has experienced additional difficulties in accommodating these students without raising the fees. Hence the decision to increase the fees. It should be noted, however, that even the new scale is far below that in the lower secondary schools. Moreover, even apart from the exemption from fees accorded to Harijans, the Schools Committee has sanctioned 30 per cent free studentships and 20 per cent half-free studentships to deserving students.

More Grants Sought

Considering all these circumstances, it cannot be said that the municipality has acted harshly or unreasonably in charging a fee ranging from Rs. 1-8 to Rs. 2 in the upper primary classes when the fees for the corresponding classes in the secondary schools are twice or thrice as high. Nevertheless we much regret the need to charge any fee in the primary schools. Free and compulsory primary education for children from 7 to 14 years is an ideal that has now been universally accepted in India. If it cannot be immediately made compulsory it should be made atleast free. This will of course mean that Government will have to make much higher grants to local bodies which have to maintain primary schools. But till the new scale of grants, is sanctioned by Government, most of these bodies will have to charge a reasonably low fee in upper primary schools.

What A Blunder

Examination vagaries have recently become very common. Cases have been known of candidates who were declared to have failed but who in a reexamination of their papers were found to have passed. But perhaps all records are beaten by the case of Dayabhai B. Patel, who appeared for the recent secondary school certificate examination. He was first declared to have failed but, when he asked for his marks, he received two mark-certificates, one showing that he fails and the other that he passes. There was evidently some blunder somewhere. But when the boy asked for his marks how could any responsible official send him two different mark-certificates, without previously ascertaining which was the right and which the wrong one? Will the S. S. C. Examination Board explain the mystery or an eggregious blunder or perhaps a series of them?

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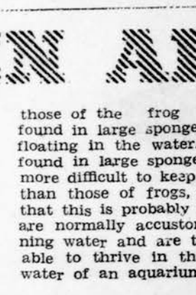

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OPEN AIR

The Toad is very much like the frog in appearance,—in fact, at a casual glance it is difficult to tell which is which, though the toad prefers to hide away in some cool, moist retreat during the day and to come out to feed during the night. The differences between frogs and toads lie in the texture of their skin, their power of movement and the way in which they lay their eggs. The toad has a rather dull, rough, leathery skin, covered with warts and nodules while that of the frog is smooth and shining. The toad, which moves with a slow ambling gait or in short awkward hops, instead of the large, springy movements of the frog, is rather squat in appearance and has shorter back legs than the latter. The eggs of the toad are laid, generally in running water, in long strings of jelly, like necklaces of beads, which get entangled among the weeds, in contrast to those of the frog which are found in large sponge-like masses floating in the water. I have found in large sponge-like masses more difficult to keep in captivity than those of frogs, and I think that this is probably because they are normally accustomed to running water and are therefore unable to thrive in the stagnant water of an aquarium.

D. R.

TOAD

REBELLION IN BURMA ROAD TOWN PUT DOWN

People Undergo Two Months Ordeal Under Insurgents

WANTING, (Burma—Chinese Frontier), June 24 (PTI):

CHINESE Nationalist authorities said today that rebel soldiers and police in the Burma Road town of Paoshan—now firmly back in Nationalist hands—had subjected the population to a two-months "reign of looting and harrassment".

The leader of the rebellion was a high officer of the Yunnan-Burma highway police, who proclaimed himself a Communist General and seized control of the town in the name of the Communists.

He was killed when the Nationalists recaptured Paoshan on June 12, after 6,000 troops stormed the walls and killed 800 of the rebels.

CAUSE FOR MUTINY

The authorities said the immediate cause of the rising was "the appearance of a large quantity of forged paper currency in Poashan". Soldiers and police demanded payment in silver dollars because bank notes were being rejected by the local banks and population, they said. Mutineers started by looting the banks and eventually seized control of the town.

Jobless Chinese coolies returning from Burma along the Burma Road were forcibly recruited by the rebels.

A 1,000 Chinese soldiers in Paoshan were found to have taken no part in the rising of the 26th Division which started the rebellion, and were taken back into the Nationalist forces, authorities said.

LIBERATION DAY FOR CHANDERNAGORE

CHANDERNAGORE, June 24, (P. T. I.): The President of the Administrative Council of Chandernagore, Mr. Deben Dash, in a telegram to the Commissioner for French Indian settlements at Pondicherry has expressed his wish to celebrate the ceremony of the transference of Chandernagore to the Indian Union on July 14, the historic date when France was liberated

Mr. Dash proposes to invite Pandit Nehru, the Indian Premier, to preside over the function

FIERY HEAT WAVE HITS U. P.

Eleven Persons Die Of Sunstroke

LUCKNOW, June 24 (PTI): Eleven persons have died of sun stroke in the past three days in Lucknow and Allahabad as a result of the terrible heatwave which hit the United Provinces during the week.

Twenty other persons suffering from the effect of sun-stroke have been admitted in hospitals in the two cities.

In Lucknow today a middle-aged man passing along the Ganj Bridge collapsed and died, as the temperature in the City shot up to 110 degrees despite early morning showers.

A ten-year-old boy collapsed on the roadside yesterday and succumbed before medical relief could reach him.

Travelers from the districts reported that birds died by dozens and littered the province's highways.

The present heat wave, weather experts said, "is particularly intense in the western districts."

The unpleasant "loos" (hot wind) continued to blow till midnight, last night, and despite light thundershowers in the early hours of the morning which brought some relief to the heat-stricken citizens, the temperature again shot up to 110 degrees during the day, three degrees less than yesterday.

There are, however, no signs of the regular monsoon.

FAO'S BIG PLAN

PARIS, June 24 (PTI-Reuter): The Executive Council of the United Nations Food and Agricultural Organisation today approved a tentative programme of technical assistance for under-developed countries.

If carried out in full, the programme would require a first year expenditure of 9,500,000 dollars.

The programme provides for advisory services to farmers and training at home and overseas for technicians in agriculture, forestry, fisheries, nutrition, vital statistics and rural welfare.

MILLMEN ASKED NOT TO STRIKE

Mazdoor Sabha's Advice

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Mill Mazdoor Sabha, the labour wing of the Socialist Party, tonight called upon the textile workers of Bombay not to participate in the one-day token strike called for tomorrow by the Communist-dominated Girini Kamgar Union.

This mandate was decided upon by the executive of the Sabha after three hours' discussion of the latest ordinance of the Government of India regarding payment of bonus to workers.

The executive decided to advise the workers not to accept the bonus pending clarification of certain aspects of the ordinance.

The Sabha has opposed to the token strike, but wanted time to negotiate with the Government of India for the withdrawal of the Ordinance itself.

BONUS ORDINANCE CLARIFICATION

BOMBAY, Friday.

Doubts have been raised about the scope of the amending Ordinance which the Government of India has decided to bring out, enabling the issue of National Savings Certificates in lieu of the portion of the bonus convertible under Ordinance No. 11 of 1949, in any denomination at the option of the workers.

The amending Ordinance will provide for issuing 7-year or 5-year certificates, instead of 12-year certificates. While not reducing the quantum of saving, it will enable a worker to get any portion of the second instalment of the bonus in cash, as the certificates will be encashable any time. Even a worker will be in a position to encash all the certificates issued to him.

N. R. Pillai To Lead Indian Delegation To UNESCO

NEW DELHI, June 24 (PTI): Mr. N. R. Pillai, Commissioner-General for Economic Affairs in Europe, will lead the Indian Delegation to the ninth session of the United Nations Economic and Social Council, to be held at Geneva from July 5.

Premier of West Bengal Dr. B. C. Roy snapped on arrival in Bombay on Thursday 'en route' to Switzerland for health reasons.

Liaquat's Damp Stunt Fizzles Out

PAKISTAN HAS FAILED TO HONOUR ITS PLEDGE

NEW DELHI, June 24 (PTI): Authoritative sources here today described the Pakistan Prime Minister Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's offer of food to "the millions of starving in Kashmir" as a "political stunt" in keeping with the previous allegations of the existence of an "iron curtain" and "millions of prisoners" in Kashmir.

These sources said that if the Pakistan Prime Minister was earnest in his desire to help the people in parts of Kashmir held by India, he should have made his offer to the proper authority, namely, the Government of India, instead of to the United Nations Kashmir Commission through an address to a mass rally of the "Azad Kashmir" forces.

However, they added, even if the offer were made to the Government of India it would not have been accepted as there was no desire to accept any free gifts from Pakistan.

PLEDGE NOT HONOURED

Surprise was expressed that a country, so anxious to help on "humanitarian grounds", should have failed to honour its pledge with regard to the supply of food to India.

Under an agreement entered into last year, Pakistan was to have supplied to India by August 1949 1,75,000 tons of foodgrains, but not a ton had yet been received.

It would be incongruous for India to starve people in parts of Kashmir held by her troops, authoritative sources said. There was no dearth food in Kashmir. Kashmir's requirements were about 31,500 tons and these could be easily supplied from the 40 lakh tons of food that India was importing this year.

Visitors to Kashmir including foreign correspondents, it was pointed out, had testified that perfectly normal conditions prevailed in Kashmir.

A press note issued by the Kashmir Bureau of Information, New Delhi, characterises as "mischievous, baseless and ridiculous" Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan's allegation that food conditions obtaining in Kashmir were "appalling".

Make More Of Popular Type Of Cloth

—SAYS MOOKERJEE

CALCUTTA, June 24 (PTI): Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookherjee, India's Minister for Industry and Supply, today told the representatives of the Bengal Millowners' Association that they should concentrate on the manufacture of those varieties of cloth which were popular in the province.

The Minister said that this rationalisation of production, keeping in view the taste and nature of the demand prevailing in the province, would not only ensure the mills a ready home market and eliminate freight charges, but would also relieve to a great extent the pressure on the existing none too easy transport system of the country.

On the question of cotton supply, the Minister advised a more extensive use of Pakistan and foreign cotton.

The Government were not inclined to consider the question of withdrawal of the excise duty on superfine cloth at the present moment. In order to prevent such goods from getting into black market, the Minister favoured their sale through a smaller number of selected retailers.

Greek Premier Dead

ATHENS, June 24 (UPA): Themistocles Sophoulis, 90-year-old Premier of Greece died on Friday of a heart attack.

Sophoulis was three times Premier of Greece, in 1924, in the post-war provisional government in 1946 and again in 1947.

In 1908 he organized a revolt against the Turks but he was caught and sentenced to death.

Communist-Led Mob Attack In Bhagalpur

BHAGALPUR, June 24, (U. P. I): A mob, about 500 strong led by Communists is alleged to have raided the office of a local zamindar on the morning of June 22 and looted away 500 maunds of grain and other articles including utensils, according to a report received here from Naugachia

The report further says that the absconding Communists have made that area their central place of activities and offensive programme.

Expansion Of Cotton Cultivation

NEW DELHI, June 24: The distribution of better seeds, fertilisers, provision of irrigation facilities and introduction of a summer crop in suitable areas, are the main features of a Madras Government scheme to increase cotton cultivation as part of an All-India plan, sponsored by Sardar Datar Singh of the Central Ministry of Agriculture.

11 KILLED IN TANK EXPLOSION

TOKYO, June 24, (PTI-Reuter): Eleven persons were killed and 53 injured, including 23 seriously, when a tank of chemicals exploded today at the Showadenko Chemical Plant, situated between Yokohama and Tokyo.

The explosion caused damage estimated at 170,000,000 yen.

Old Caves Discovered

CALICUT, June 24, (P. T. I.): Workmen near Badagara, about 30 miles from here, have discovered ancient caves while digging, according to reports received here. They found earthen vessels filled with water in the caves, these reports said.

NEWS BRIEFS

Four deaths from heat stroke were reported in Allahabad on June 24 as the heat wave continued to sweep over the United Provinces. The temperature was 113 degrees on June 23. Three more persons suffering from sunstroke have been admitted to hospital.

* * *

Permission to hold a public meeting in Jullundur on June 26 "in observance of Lohia Day" has been refused by the District Magistrate, the Secretary of the Socialist Party informed the press.

* * *

Ludiana Police have recovered two bombs, one rifle, one gun and several cartridges from a house in the village of Bagrian. One person has been arrested. In Qila Raivur village, a person in whose haystack was found two countrymade bombs and some cartridges, was taken into custody.

* * *

The future extension of Cinchona plantations in the provinces of Madras and West Bengal will be considered at a conference of the representatives of these Governments to be held in July in Delhi. The conference is being convened to consider the situation arising out of the serious competition of "Paludrine" and its growing popularity as a more effective remedy for Malaria than quinine.

* * *

Bhagat Amin Chand, the Punjab Harijan leader yesterday suggested that the first President of the Indian Republic should be a Harijan. He said: "It was the earnest desire of Mahatma Gandhi long before India achieved independence that a Harijan should be the first President of Free India".

* * *

The three United Nations conciliation Commissioners for Palestine decided yesterday to suggest a two-weeks' recess of the two-month-old Arab-Israeli conciliation talks in Lausanne. It was understood that they thought a "breathing space" would be useful to enable both sides to "think things over".

* * *

The Berkeley Chapter of the Hindustan Students' Association of America plans to establish a Gandhi Memorial Wing at the University of California main library. It will be a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi's "peaceful aims and faith in humanity".

* * *

Settlement of the Canadian seamen's strike which has locked up Canadian ships in ports all over the world was announced by their leader, Bill Arland in London yesterday.

* * *

The Government of India have decided to lift the ban imposed on bringing into India of copies of the newspapers, "Nawa-i-Wakat", "Inqilab", "Imroz" and "Nawa-i-Pakistan", printed and published at Lahore, the Ministry of Home Affairs announced on June 24.

* * *

The Travancore Government have sanctioned opening of 56 new high schools and 43 middle schools this year in the State. The State at present has 213 high schools and 550 middle schools having a total strength of 2,02,550 students. According to the Administration Report for last year over 9,50,000 children were attending 3,290 primary schools in the State.

* * *

The Constitution Committee appointed by the first session of the Interim Indian National Commission for co-operation with UNESCO will meet in Delhi on July 22. The Committee will review the representations of voluntary organisations on the Commission and will also consider the requests from various voluntary organisations. The Committee consists of 13 members including among others Mr. Justice R. P. Mukherjee, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Dr. Zahir Hussain, Mr. Ananthasayaanam Ayyangar, Dr. Tara Chand, Srimathi Kamaladevi, Mr. R. P. Masani and Dr. A. L. Mudaliar.

* * *

Eighty thousand refugees in five different camps in Jaipur will, according to the Secretary of the Rajasthan Refugee Congress, go on a one-day sympathetic fast on June 24 when Maharaj Dwarka Prasad Sharma Sind Congress leader begins his fast unto death before the Rajasthan Secretariat "to purify the Government."

* * *

The British licensed "Telegraf" reported on June 23 that the Soviets had executed the Mayor of a town in the Soviet occupied province of Mecklenburg. The newspaper said the Mayor of Drewereiche in the district of Templin was shot when he failed to fill a Soviet order for German workers to build a target range.

* * *

Five hundred of the 800 Arabs arrested this week by the Israeli authorities in a drive to smash a suspecated Muslim Britherhood (extreme Nationalist) underground movement in Nazareth have now been released. Other 300 have been screened and leaders of the suspected underground movement will be tried under military law.

* * *

The Pakistan Government on June 23 published an Ordinance allowing foreigners to enrol in the Pakistan Forces. The Ordinance which is retrospective to November 25, last year, legalises the appointment of non-Commonwealth officers already serving with the Pakistan forces, and gives the Governor-General power to enrol any foreigner in the forces with either Commissioned or non-Commissioned rank.

Karachi on Friday.

* * *

The police have seized more than 100 unlicensed firearms from villages under the Julana Police Station in Sangru district (Patiala). The seizure, which includes 50 rifles, 40 country-made guns and other weapons, has been made in connection with a move to chek the mounting crime wave in the area. The champaign has been extended to June 30. Thirtythree country-made pistols and guns were recovered from different villages in Bhatinda Tehsil.

RUSSIA CHANGING TACTICS AGAINST ALLIES

From Offensive To Defensive, Says Acheson

WASHINGTON, June 23, (U.P.A.): Secretary of State Dean Acheson said today that the Paris Big Four meeting demonstrated that Russia has changed her tactics from an offensive to defensive.

Acheson said that the Soviet Union, because of the recovery progress in Western Europe and Western Germany, was forced at the Paris meeting to adopt the attitude that it could not relax its present hold on the Eatern Zone of GFermany or the Eastern sector of Berlin. He said that that made an agreement on Germany impossible.

He said that the United States, Britain and France could not and did not retreat a single inch at Paris because of the success of the Western policies in Western Germany. He said that the Western position now is to return responsibility to the Germans as swiftly as possible under a system that guarantees the basic human freedoms. He said that, on the other hand, the Russians are afraid and cannot give the Germans a voice in their own affairs. He added that if the Soviets did this, they would be lost and they know it. As a result of the success of the Western policies, Acheson said, the Russians refused to make any concessions.

Acheson said that the West is going forward with its programme on Germany without any hesitation and that the programme is in better shape than ever before. He called the modus vivendi on Germany one of very modest propotions but that it could help relax the tension in Germany. The modus vivenid stated that the blockade must not be reimposed but Acheson intimated that while this was welcome there should not be any illusions about this statement.

He said that the other part of the programme on Germany dealt with matters to be hanled at administrative levels which meat the creation of forums to try prevent crises. For instance, the trade relations between the two Germanies must be worked out by the High Commissioners and the exports must balance not only in terms of the amount but also of the essentiality of such exports.

Acheson insisted that the conference was like a gauge on the boiler showing whether the steam was up or down. He added that the conference showed the Western powers were stronger and more confident.

NO DIGNITY IN BUSH-SHIRTS

NEW DELHI, June 24, (U. P. I.): It is learnt that instructions have been issued to the officers of the Government of India that decorum should be observed in dress, as in other things, where the dignity of the State is concerned.

Although no official dress has been definitely prescribed for State occasions, officials have been advised that bush-shirts and the like do not comform to the formal dress.

It has been emphasised that on such occasions the dress worn by officials should be appropriate and fitting to the dignity of the State.

OPERATION OF SALES TAX ACT

Concession To Dealers

BOMBAY, Friday.

Since the Bombay Sales Tax (Amendment) Act, 1949, was brought into force some three months ago, the Government of Bombay has been receiving representations urging relaxation of some of its provisions.

After carefully considering these representations the Government has decided that in the case of all fabrics containing any material of gold, silver or gilded metal,, whether knitted, woven or embroidered, and thread, zari or other embroidery material of gold, silver or bilded metal, the levy of sales tax, when such goods are despatched outside the Province, to any place in the Indian Dominion and the French and Partuguese possessions in India., should be at the rate of none-fourth of an anna in the rupee, instead of the usual rate in such cases—half-anna in the rupee.

The Government has also decided that sale of edible oils pressed or manufactured on 'ghanis' worked by human or animal agency by owners of such ghanis, who hold certificates issued to them by the Commissioner of Sales Tax, should be exempted from sales tax.

ASIAN FEDERATION OF LABOUR

Ceylon Trade Union Leaders' Reaction

COLOMBO, PTI-Reuter): Trade union leaders in Ceylon expressed various views on the formal resolution of labour leaders from eight Asian countries now meeting in Geneva to set up an Asian Federation of Labour.

Dr. N. M Perera, leader of the Lanka Sama Samaj Party (Trotskyites), speaking on behalf of the Ceylon Federation of Labour, commented that this specific objective smacked too much of political sectarianism. He said that the Ceylon Federation of Labour welcomed any attempt to co-ordinate trade union activities in Asia. It was necessary to work for a common standard of living for Asian labour he added.

Fighting Communism, Dr. Perera said, too often meant "fighting on behalf of capitalism". Trade unionists should not pursue a sectarian political policy, he added.

Commenting on the proposal to give the contemplated federation an anti-Communist bias, Dr. Perera said "let politicians fight it out."

Mr. A. E. Goonesingha, President of the Ceylon Labour Union, said: "fighting communism attracts me very much. It is necessary to save the labour movement from these desperadoes who utilise trade unionism for political ends." Labourers for them he sad were pawns to be moved about on the political chessboard. The present proposal should receive the full support of all Asiatic countries, he said.

A representative of the Ceylon Trade Union Federation said: "the World Federation of Trade Unions is the only democratic trade union centre in the world. The present proposal is a move by disruptions who are frightened by progress and communism. The working classes in Asia will not be misled by them", he said.

RATION QUANTUM

The foodgrains ration quantum and the maximum proportions prescribed for different cereals in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District rationed areas for the 26th Rationing Week, commencing from Sunday, June 26, 1949 to Saturday, July 2, 1949 will remain the same as during the current week.

Stop Press

U.S. RACIAL RIOTS

ST. LOUIS (Missouri), June 24 (PTI-Reuter): Racial riots, which broke out when the municipal swimming pools here were opened to both whites and Negroes last Tuesday, flared up again in isolated parts of the city last night. One white youth received a skull fracture and several other people suffered minor injuries in other incidents in scattered parts of the city.

DEATH IN FIELD

BARODA, June 24 (PTI): Three persons were found dead with bullet wounds on their body, in a paddy field in Umret in Khaira district on Monday last. The police have made three arrests in this connection.

RED ADVANCE

SANFRANCISCO, June 24 (PTI-Reuter): Communist-controlled Peiping radio said tonight that Communist forces operating in Chekiang and Fukien provinces south of Shanghai had driven to within 85 miles of Foochow, the nearest large port to Taiwan Island (Formosa), where some Nationalist forces have concentrated.

Mahakoshal Newsletter

GOVERNMENT'S EFFORTS TO IMPROVE THE LOT OF ABORIGINALS

Verrier Elwin's Appreciative References In London

(From Our Own Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, June 21.

Dr. Verrier Elwin, the renowned Anthropologist and founder of the Bhumijan Sewa Mandal, Patangarh, in the Mandla district, C.P., who has gone to England to recoup his health, has been doing excellent work to propagate the cause of the Aborigines, and to acquaint the English people with the interest the Government of India have been taking to improve the lot of these people.

Dr. Verrier Elwin, delivered a series of lectures before learned societies in England. Last week he addressed gatherings of professors and other eminent scholars at the Universities of London and Oxford. Dr. Elwin spoke in the highest terms of the welfare work of the Indian Government for the aboriginals, especially in the Central Provinces, Orissa and Assam. "Pandit Nehru's Government", he observed, which is inspired by the humanitarian and scientific ideals of its great leader, is developing a policy which will avoid the mistakes that have disfigured the administration of backward peoples in other parts of the world." "Today", Dr. Elwin remarked, "the primitive people of India are filled with a new hope. They are being encouraged to develop both culturally and economically, and far reaching schemes for their benefit will, in due course, enable them to take their proper place in the Free Republic." "The establishment by the Government of India of a Department of Anthropology under the distinguished direction of Dr. E. S. Guha (who is also at present in Europe) is in itself a proof of its enlightened concern for the aboriginal population", observed Dr. Elwin.

Dr. Elwin is expected to return to India some time in October next.

Postal Employees' Demands

Resolutions, demanding the unconditional and immediate release of Shri Om Prakash Gupta, General Secretary of the Posts and Telegraph Workers' Union and of other leaders who are detained in the jails of the various provinces without trial and expressing sympathy with the members of the families of these detenus; urging the Government of India to extend all facilities to the negotiating committee to meet the authorities round a table in a congenial atmosphere to thrash out all points of differences between the Union and the Department; praying Government to grant compensatory allowance to the Post and Telegraph employees in Jubbulpore and to abolish the cadre of 'second' division clerk, were adopted at the Second Conference of the Post and Telegraph Workers' Union, Central Circle, which was held on Sunday last at Jubbulpore under the presidentship of Shri H. V. Kamath, M.C.A. The Conference also requested the Government to implement, without delay, the favourable recommendations of the Expert Committee's report and make improvements to Workshops quarters at Jubbulpore.

KARACHI, June 24 (PTI-Reuter).—Inter-Dominion Conference on Secretariat level between India and Pakistan for mutual exchange of essential commodities concluded here this afternoon after a ninety minutes' session.

The Conference held the longest sitting this morning for about four hours.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

SALE OF AERO ENGINES

Tenders are invited for the purchase and removal of the following Aero Engines located at stations shown against each:—

S. No.	Description	Quantity	Location
1.	Scarab	36	Bangalore 7, Kanpur 4 and Avadi 25.
2.	Ranger 440-7	56	Jodhpur 7 and Avadi 49.
3.	Merlin T-24-2	16	
4.	Hercules XVI & XVII	164	
5.	Cheetah	47	
6.	Pratt & Whitney	161	Avadi
7.	Bristol Hercules	70	
8.	Mercury	1	
9.	Wright Cyclone	102	
10.	Merlin Rolls Royce	34	

Export permits of these engines cannot be guaranteed but may be recommended to proper quarters.

Tenders should be submitted in prescribed form which can be had from the Disposals Offices at New Delhi, Calcutta, Kanpur, Bombay, and Madras at Rs. 5/- per set in Cash/Money Order. Tender form contains dimensions and particulars of the Aero Engines, instruction to tenderers, condition of sale and inspection permit.

Tenders should be addressed to the Director General of Disposals, Miscellaneous Metals and Hardware Directorate Shahjahan Road, New Delhi and should reach him by 4 P.M. on 24-7-49.

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Director General of Disposals,

New Delhi.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALE

AUCTIONEERS: M/s. Banarsi Das & Sons, 57, Theatre Road, Calcutta.

PLACE OF AUCTION: (1) Vehicle Sub-Depot, Dhanbad. (2) Vehicle Sub-Depot, Nirsa.

DATE & TIME: (1) 26-6-49 commencing at 8 A.M. at Vehicle Sub-Depot, Dhanbad. (2) 27-6-49 commencing at 9 A.M. at Vehicle Sub-Depot, Nirsa.

STORES: A large number of surplus M. T. Vehicles comprising Trucks, Water-Tankers, Trailers & Motor Cycles mostly of the descriptions given below.

(A) 8 Cwt. Dodge, Humbersnipe & Ford Trucks, 30 Cwt. G. S. Chevrolet and Fordson Trucks, 3 Ton Ford, Dodge, Leyland, G.M.C. & Chevrolet Trucks, 10 & 15 Cwt. G.M.C. & Dodge Trucks, 5 Ton G.M.C. Lorries, 30 Cwt. Ford, Chevrolet & G.M.C. Lorries 15 Cwt. Water-tankers 400/200/220 Galons capacity Chevrolet Trucks, Trailers Articulated, Low loading Albion, Eagle Oil Trailers 400/450 Gall. capacity.

(B) Motor Cycles—Solo, Indian & Combination B.S.A., New Imperial, Norton, Royal Enfield, Triumph, Norton Combination, Welbike folding Excelsior 98 C.C., Ariel & Matchless.

(C) Amphibian 2½ ton 6 x 6 G.S. D.U.K.W.—353.

(D) In addition to the above stores, a huge quantity of Wheel Assemblies (Rims) will be sold at Vehicle Sub-Depot, Nirsa.

The above vehicles will be sold in convenient lots.

25% of the bid shbuld be paid as Earnest Money (in Cash).

The stores may be inspected at site by arrangements with the Officer-in-Charge of the Depots or by permits to be obtained from the Information Officer (Disposals), 4, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

Full details and conditions for each sale will be announced at the time of auction.

All or any of the stores may be withdrawn from the auction if necessary.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (Disposals), 6, Esplanade East, CALCUTTA

A.C. 42

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Madras Newsletter:

ACCUSED MINISTERS' CHARGES AGAINST PRAKASAM GROUP

Demand For An Enquiry

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS, (By Air Mail):

FOR a week Mr. Shankarrao Deo held the centre of public attention in Madras with the enquiry he was conducting into the allegations by some Congress legislators of Madras against some of the Ministers. He interviewed all the Ministers of the Madras Government and most of the M.L.As who were concerned in making the charges.

He rouded off his visit with an address at a public meeting where he made, a general reference to the internal differences among rival groups of Congressmen and characterized them as family disputes, which should be settled amicably by frank discussions among the members of the family without exposing them to the public gaze.

He deprecated in general the demand by Congressmen for judicial enquiries into the allegations against other Congressmen, because just as a family dispute is taken to a Court of Law only when the disputing members have decided to divide and drift apart, a judicial enquiry will mean that differences among Congressmen are irreconcilable and that the two sections, had agreed that there can be no understanding or compromise among them.

Whether the analogy is on all fours or not, Mr. Deo's intention in bringing it forward is probably unquestionable. But it is doubtful if his public reference to the question in the terms mentioned above was relished by all sections of the public. The complainants interpret it as an attempt to minimise the significance of the charges they have preferred, if not prejudice them altogether. They assert that the allegations are made against the Ministers not in their capacity as Congressmen but in their capacity as Ministers and, therefore, they stand on a different footing. Lastly, they reiterate their determination to press for a Judicial enquiry.

JUSTIFICATIONS

On the other side the Ministers and the Ministerialist group are not prepared to take the position lying down. All the Ministers against whom complaints are made, namely, Messrs. B. Gopala Reddi, H. Sitarama Reddi, K. Chandramauli, and M. Bhaktavatsalam (Mr. Daniel Thomas is dead), have put in their defence in the form of long statements, explaining their viewpoint regarding the charges or justifying their decisions as Ministers, which constitute the main point of the charges against them.

In effect, their main defence seems to be that most of the allegations relate to decisions which they took in the ordinary course of administration, as and when files were put up to them for orders, and they could not form part of an indictment for corruption or maladministration against them.

They have, as a counter-blast, formulated a charge-sheet against the Prakasam Ministry and demanded—that those allegations should also be examined and inquired into in the same way as allegations against them are being investigated. This charge-sheet has been communicated to Mr. Prakasam by Mr. Shankarrao Deo prior to his departure.

It is not known what will be the next step of the Prakasam group now that they had declined participation in the later stages of the Deo enquiry. Supposing the Congress Working Committee, to whom Mr. Deo will suomit his report, scouts the idea of a judicial enquiry, what will they do?

The position will become delicate, particularly if the Working Committee take the view that in the present circumstances, it is not desirable that Congress should be weakened by internecine strife, and that, therefore, the allegations and counter-allegations by different groups among the Congress Legislature Party in Madras should not be pursued.

It is generally felt there that if the Working Committee take a strong line on the matter and makes a serious effort to bridge the gulf between rival groups in the party, it will have a salutary effect. There is also a feeling that the Working Committee can pave the way for such bridging of the gulf if it throws its weight in favour of broad-basing the Madras Ministry.

DISTRICT BOARD ELECTIONS.

The Government's decision to hold general elections to the District Boards in Madras Province is both welcomed and looked askance at by the public. That elections to these bodies are going to be held after nearly nine years is generally welcomed. But it is feared that the holding of the elections might accentuate the divisions and schisms among Congressmen in the province, particularly in the Telugu Districts.

As is well-known, the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee at present dominated by what is known as the Ranga-Pakasam group, while the ministerialist group or the group that supports the present Telugu Ministers in the Madras Cabinet, is in a minority therein. In District Congress Committees, the same line of division exists throughout, some of these Committees being held by the supporters of one group and others by the supporters of the rival group.

In the setting up of candidates for the District Boards, which will have to be done by the District Congress Committee, it is feared that group difference will play a dominant part and that ultimately these differences might be accentuated in the course of the election campaign. When rival Congress groups contend against each other, there is danger of the situation being exploited by a third party, which in most districts will be the Communist Party.

Both the Tamil Nad and Andhra Provincial Congress Committees have decided to contest the district board elections. But strangely enough, some of the district Congress Committees in Andhra have adopted resolution that the Congress should not participate in them as party.

As the District Board elections will provide a test of the strength of the Congress in the Province, it is felt that if Congress cannot participate in them as a united organisation, it is better to postpone them tor sometime. But it does not seem probable.

SQUARE DEAL FOR INDORE CLERKS

Pay Scales Raised

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE. (By Mail): The Labour Commissioner of the Malwa Union Mr A. S. Banawalikar has settled the dispute between the Mill Management and clerical staff of the Indore Textile Mills. The following are the main features of the settlements.

The pay scales of the Lower and Upper Subordinates will be 50-4-62-4½-80-5-100 and 100-7½-145 respectively while those of the Senior and Head Clerks will be 145-7½—190 and 200-10-300 respectively. Overtime shall be paid at twice the ordinary rate of pay drawn by the clerks.

The working hours of the clerks shall be six and a half hours per day. A scheme of gratuity as contained in Bombay award on a contributory basis in respect of claims arising from the death of the beneficiary and on a noncontributory basis in respect of claims arising from retirement, shall be worked out within the next three months. One month's sick leave in each year of service will be granted on half pay basis

The former Excise Minister of Malwa, Mr. Yeshwantsingh Kushwah is likely to be the eleventh Minister in the present Malwa Cabinet. This will bring the ratio of Ministers from Gwalior, Indore and the smaller States to 6: 3: 2: which was 5: 3: 3: in the former Cabinet. There is also a feeling in the Provincial Congress quarters that pending enquiry of the complaints of misconduct as Minister lodged against Mr. Kushwah, he should not be taken in the present Cabinet.

THE CHOICE

An impassioned appeal for complete unity was made by Hon'ble Pt. Ravishanker Shukla, Premier of C.P. while addressing a public meeting here on June 21. The Congress stands for non-violence and the Communists and the Socialists for violence and you have to choose between the two, he said.

He added that if we are unable to change the present condition, our country shall go the China way. People talk of economic freedom but they must remember that it is not possible until we have not met all onslaughts against our hard-earned political independence.

Addressing a Hindi literary gathering, Pt. Shukla said that the question of national language has almost been decided and will come in our statute book in July next when the Constituent Assembly passes the relevent clause. The language will be Hindi drawing all new words from Sanskrit while the Nagri will be our script. We will, however, not exclude those foreign words from our language, which are now part of it.

During his three-day visit to this city, Pt. Shukla met the Press informally and addressed a Marathi literary gathering and some other meetings where he was given a cordial welcome. The Prime Minister of Malwa and the City Municipal Council entertained him at tea.

Pt. Shukla had arrived here leading the 50-man barat of his son Mr. Shyamacharan who was married to Kumari Premlata, daughter of well-known local Ayurvedic physician Pt. Khyaliram Dwivedi. This was the first visit of Pt. Shukla to the city. The city is already a fine one and it looks more so, being the home of my daughter-in-law, Pt. Shukla said laughing.

POSTAL WORKERS' DEMANDS

Special Conference To Discuss Issue

BOMBAY, Friday.

Delegates of Postmen and Lower-grade staff of the Postal department will be summoned to meet in a special conference in July or early August to consider the non-implementation of some of the major demands made on the Government of India by their Union, it is learnt in Bombay.

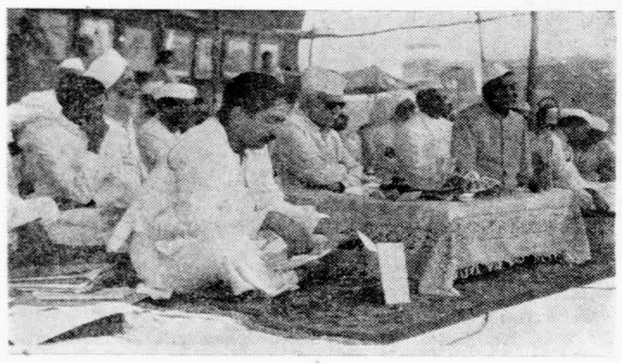
The Conference will discuss the fate of these demands and decide what should be done to follow them up and realise the demands.

The main pending grievance of the postmen is the demand for the appointment of a Committee of Anomalies, to resolve the anomalies that have arisen out of the application of the recommendations of the Pav Commission. They also want revision of pay scales, particularly of those who joined service before 1931 and the payment of wages for the days they were on strike last time. That issue has been hanging fire for a couple of years now.

The Executive Committee of the All-India Postmen and Lower Grade Staff Union is billed to meet in the city on Saturday, when plans for the special conference are likely to be drawn.

Besides this question the Executive Committee will discuss the realignment and reorganisation of Postmen and Lower Grade Unions and the internal dispute in the U. P. Postmen's Union This question has already been referred to Mr. V. G. Dalvi, General Secretary of the All-India Postmen and Lower Grade Staff Union.

DELHI POLITICAL CONFERENCE



A two-day political conference presided over by Dr. Kitchlew was opened by Dr. Rajendra Prasad who is seen here delivering his opening speech.

U. P. SEARCH FOR HINDI WORDS

Plan To Replace English

LUCKNOW, June 24 (PTI): The United Provinces Government has just launched a search—for 20,000 Hindi words.

This search is the sequel to the Government's plan to switch-over from English to Hindu (Devanagri script) in respect of all official correspondence, with effect from September The U. P. Government adopted Hindi as the State language of the province two years ago.

Prof. Dharmaveer, special officer of the U. P. Government's lexicon section, recently received an "order" from various departments of the Government for 20,000 new Hindi administrative, legal and technical expressions.

Assisted by a team of 12 linguists, Prof. Dharmaveer has so far "found" 5,000 Hindi expressions which can be understood by the people.

The lexicon section compiled two dictionaries of Sanskrit into English and 'vice-versa', containing about 50,000 words each, to help them in coining new Hindi terms.

"Arthashastra," the famous treatise on statecraft written by Kautilya, "Manusmriti," and Yagnyavalkya Smriti, were consulted in preparing a ready list of about 6,000 Sanskrit terms used for administrative purposes in ancient India.

The final list of 20,000 words will be examined by a seven-man committee headed by the Education Minister, Mr. Sampurnanand, a Hindi scholar himself.

INDIAN FISHING INDUSTRY

Lack Of Capital Hampers Progress

LAKE SUCCESS June 23 (PTI-Reuter): The low socio-economic status of Indian fishermen and the lack of capital are providing India with a serious problem in attempting tt enlarge and modernise the fishing industry, says Mr. H. Srinivasa Rao, Chief Research Officer of the Madras Central Marine Fisheries Research Station, in a report on Indian fishery to be presented at the first United Nations Scientific Conference on the conservation of resources.

He says, "the utilisation of suitable brackish water ponds on our coasts for the culture of fish would appear to be within the collective financial resource of our fishing villages aided by our provincial and state governments."

"If at least a fourth of the area of coastal salt water pools or ponds is suitably prepared and made available for fish culture, the cost would work out to half a crore of rupees."

The main and immediate problem of Indian marine fisheries is, according to Mr Rao, one of intensive and extensive exploitation rather than conservation.

HYDERABAD (Dn.), June 24 (PTI): The Hyderabad City Police have taken into custody 25 persons in their drive against Communists.

A separate section of the city police force is understood to have been formed to take precautionary measures to deal with any emergency arising out of Communist activities.

BRINGING WASTE LANDS UNDER THE PLOUGH

Cochin's Major Irrigation Schemes To Cost 4 Crores

ERNAKULAM, June 24 (PTI): An 80-mile stretch of the South Indian Railway from Shoranur to Cochin will be electrified, with the completion of an ambitious hydro-electric project launched by the State Government.

The project, estimated to cost Rs. 2,50,00,000 at its initial phase, aims at providing supply of power to the entire state as well as parts of Travancore and Malabar.

Two thousand workers are now employed on this project at the village of Peringalkuthu, about 50 miles from Ernakulam. Over Rs. 40,00,000 worth of machinery has been imported, or ordered, from abroad.

On the completion of the first phase of the project, expected in 1952, 84,000 kilowatts of power will be generated at the power station. The ultimate target of this project is 20 million kilowatts.

Irrigation Scheme

The Government of Cochin State has launched three major irrigation projects and a land reclamation scheme to bring vast areas of waste lands under the plough, thus increasing the State's food production.

The irrigation projects—the Peechi reservoir scheme, the Chalakkudi diversion scheme and the Wadakkanchery river valley scheme—will bring 25,000 acres under cultivation, while the land reclamation scheme will add 60,000 acres to the State's arable lands.

The Cochin Government has set up a tractor organisation, equipped with bull-dozers, motor graders and mechanical tractors, for clearing forest areas and levelling uneven, rough patches of ground. Over 600 acres of land have so far been cleared by the tractors in the Annamalai forest. The Government proposes to settle 10,000 agricultural families in the lands cleared and create, rural townships on these reclaimed acres. At the rate of 12,000 acres per year, the tractor organisation will finish clearing 60,000 acres of jungle land by 1954.

The Cochin Government has a budget of Rs. 4,50,00,000 for this irrigation-cum-reclamation scheme.

DACCA, June 24 (PTI-Reuter).—Mr. Sukumar, Chief Secretary and Mr. D. N. Gupta, Deputy Secretary, Home Department, Government of West Bengal, arrived here yesterday morning by air from Calcutta to attend the Conference of Chief Secretaries of the two provinces, which commenced today at the East Bengal Secretariat.

FAST TO PURIFY GOVERNMENT

JAIPUR, June 24 (PTI): Maharajdwarka Prasad Sharma, Sind Congress leader, began a "fast unto death to purify the Government", at noon today in front of Rajasthan Secretariat.

Maharaj Sharma decided to fast on the Government's refusal to institute a non-official inquiry into police firing on refugees at Durgapur on June 15. He was led in procession from the Rajasthan Refugee Committee Office to the Secretariat building by a large number of refugees.

Strong police guards have been posted on all sides of the Secretariat to prevent disorder.

It is understood that some refugees may also join Maharaj Sharma by going on hunger-strike in sympathy.

HOUSEWIVES PARADE

AMBALA, June 24 (PTI): Housewives carrying empty vessels yesterday paraded the steers of Ambala to raise their voice against the city's adequate water supply.

Demonstrating under the blazing midday sun the women put forward the demand for supersession by the Government of the Cantonment Board on the ground of the Board's failure to improve the city's water supply position.

Ambala is one of the hottest places in the country. While the average temperature here during the summer rises upto 110 degrees, water scarcity becomes acute. Drinking water is at times sold here, and the price for a tumblerful ranges from one anna to two annas.

ARMED DACOITY IN SANGLI

SANGLI, June 24 (PTI): Ornaments and cash worth about Rs. 25,000 were carried away in an armed dacoity here yesterday night.

The dacoits, it is stated, assaulted some members of the house they raided before decamping with the booty.

COSTLY LUNCH

SINGAPORE. — A chicken curry lunch was costly for Mr. Norman Meredith, 36-year-old surveyor of the Sarawak Oil Company, of Seria, Borneo.

A chicken bone struck in Mr. Meredith's throat and stopped him from swallowing.

His firm chartered a plane to fly to Singapore for an operation to remove the bone.

Two Hindu priests have been sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 25 each by Shambalpur (Orissa) Magistrate, for obstructing Harijans from entering a Shiva temple. This is the first case of its kind in Orissa

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NO FORMAL DEMAND FOR ANY TERRITORY

Zafrullah Khan On Pakistan's Dispute With Afghanistan

KARACHI, June 24 (PTI-Reuter):

SIR Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan Foreign Minister, said yesterday that Afghanistan had made no formal demand for Pakistan territory from the present border to the River Indus.

He made this statement in commenting on a report that the Afghanistan Ambassador in London was believed to have reasserted his country's claim to a part of West Pakistan in a recent meeting with a British Foreign Office official.

Sir Mohammed told Iran and Iraq in a message that Pakistan was "quite prepared" to consider any legitimate grievances Afghanistan might have against the Dominion. He was replying to a telegram from the Iranian and Iraqi Foreign Ministers which expressed concern at strained relations between Pakistan and Afghanistan.

The Pakistani Foreign Minister said in his statement: "Till now we have not understood precisely what the Afghan Government wants from us. All we know is that a good deal of wild propaganda has been carried on by Afghanistan which only makes the situation worse".

He told the Iranian and Iraqi Ministers that Pakistan had supplied their representatives in Karachi with a note explaining the history of the tribal areas. "Much as we would like to see completely friendly relations restored in Afghanistan, we feel this cannot be achieved unless the Government of Afghanistan change their attitude and stop their propaganda" he added.

TIPS FOR IDEAL WIFE

Dr. Morris Fishbein, eminent American doctor, has ten golden rules for wives. Many, he says, knock ten years of the life of patient spouses by thoughtless treatment.

The ideal wife should—

Never start family quarrels—they keep a man under constrant emotional strain;

Be sympathetic about business problems;

Not make excessive demands for money—they add to his worry and strain;

HELP, URGE

Encourage him to see his doctor when anxiety upsets him;

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Urge him to have a physical checkup every six months after middle age;

Give him well-balanced meals—including "robbit food."

Help him keep his weight down;

Encourage sensible, not excessive exercise;

Take an interest in his "safety valve" hobbies, and finally—

See that he gets plenty of rest.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALE

AUCTIONEERS: M|s. Banarsi Dass & Sons, 57, Theatre Road, Calcutta.

DATE & TIME: 5-7-49 at 10 a.m.

PLACE OF AUCTION: Albion & Lothian Depot, Budge Budge.

STORES: Enamel Basins, Heels Leather for Shoes, Cots folding legs etc., Dressing First Aid, Hurricane Lanterns, Rubber hose 5/8", Tommy Cooker, Basin wash 14" Lanterns Gasoline, Folding Chairs, Various Brushes, Cotton Ropes, Jute Sisal Tent etc., Cordage Manilla, Enamel Jugs Soaps Castille, Aluminium Degchies, Cases Mattress 29" x 26-1/2" Various types of Cutlery and Crockery, Shoes Mule, Cordage Hemp, Cotton waste, Various items of textiles—such as, Trousers, Coats, Jackets Pyajamas, Coats Mackinon, Slacks, Woollen and Cotton Trousers, Coffee Bags, Blankets etc. Also Tentage items Cotton Mattresses and Pillows etc. Large quantities of boots and shoes various. U|S strapping steel, cans and containers.

The stores may be inspected at site by arrangements with the Officer-in-charge of the Depot or by permits to be obtained from the Information Officer (Disposals), 4, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

Full details and conditions for the sale will be announced at the time of auction.

All or any of the stores may be withdrawn from the auction if necessary.

Office of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals),
6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

A.C. 43

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DHANWANTHARY VAIDYASALA
H.O. THODUPUZHA, (TRAVANCORE STATE)

RED ATTACK ON SERAMPORE JAIL

Mukherjee's Statement

CALCUTTA, June 24 (PTI-).—Mr. Kalipada Mukherjee, Acting Home Minister, of West Bengal, said in an interview that the three-pronged attack against the Serampore Sub-jail, the Mahesh Police outpost and a Labour Union office on Wednesday night was carried out by Communists.

The whole thing was planned and very quickly accomplished. All the three raids and the meeting preceding the raids, took not more than 45 minutes.

Mr. Mukherjee visited yesterday the place of disturbances and discussed with the local authorities the protective measures to be taken.

Mr. Mukherjee said that the raid on the labour union office of a cotton mill was to intimidate the workers. Ninety per cent of them belonged to the union, which was affiliated to the Indian National Trade Union Congress. This Union, which had a total membership of 1,500, was formerly dominated by the Communists. About a year and a half ago, it was captured by Congress workers. Failing to capture the union through constitutional means, the Communists adopted a method of intimidation to create a rift in the union and weaken it.

ACCOUNT OF THE RAID

Giving an account of the raid on Mahesh police outpost, the Minister said that shortly after the meeting held at Mahesh, a crowd of 200 people armed with bombs, crackers, acid bulbs and other missiles attacked the outpost which had only one sentry and a few sepoys at the time. The sentry was not present then and the sepoys were nonplussed at the sight of the raiders, who, they thought, had firearms with them the raiders first cut the telephone line and began to break the furniture. In the meantime the sentry returned and the miscreants dispersed.

Simultaneously, another group of persons went to the Labour Union Office at Serampore and broke open the door of the office, which was under lock and key then. On entering the room the miscreants ransacked it, burnt some national flage, destroyed papers and furniture and set fire to the office. Some of the miscreants attacked the house of the Secretary of the Union. In the meantime workers belonging to the Union rushed to the office, when the raiders ran away.

At the Serampore Sub-jail, Mr Mukherjee said, the miscreants threw two bombs, some acid bulbs and crackers. The warders of the jail sounded the alarm gong and as they came out of the jail the miscreants disappeared.

The Minister said that the situation in the area was now quite and normal. Adequate police arrangements had been made. About a dozen persons had so far been arrested in this connection. Some of the persons wanted by the police were absconding.

PIGEON COMMITS "SUICIDE"

COPENHAGEN.—A white pigeon flew into the Laboratory of a factory here, ate some cyanide standing on one of the benches and fell over dead.

Called The Mayor 'Bucket Of Lard'

If you call a civil servant a fool in Germany you may find yourself in prison for anything up to six months under the "insult law" passed in 1931 to protect public servants. It lapsed during the Hitler regime but is being revived.

One case has already been brought. A citizen in a town in the U. S. zone called the mayor, "a crook, a liar and a bucket of lard". He was found guilty and ordered to pay £5 to the German Red Cross and the costs.

The taxpayer gets off if he can prove what he said is true.
court.

TRIBESMEN ACCEPT CHIEF'S WIFE

SEROWE, BECHUANALAND, June 24, (PTI-Reuter):— More than 6,000 Bamangwato tribesmen, after four days of parley in this remote African village, today acclaimed their 27-year old Chief designate Seretse Khana and his 24-year old white wife, former London typist Ruta Williams, whom he had refused to give up.

Only about 40 petty chiefs rose when he asked his tribesmen "stand up those of you who will not accept my wife."

When they had sat down, he asked those who wanted him and his wife as well to stand up. The 6,000 rose and applauded him thunderously for ten minutes.

Earlier today, Seretse's uncle the Regent Chief Tshekeci Khana told the parley "according to native law and custom I will hand him the Chief's chair and all my rights. But if he persists in bringing his white wife I will fight him to the end". Tribal custom dictates that Seretse must have a year of tuition and guidance before being fully installed.

Seretse, who was studying law at Oxford, was summoned home last October shortly after his marriage. In January his tribe offered him the choice of giving up his wife or his chieftainship.

TENNIS COURT NET SAVES TWO LIVES

BRISBANE.—A tennis court net saved the lives of two men when a Moth plane in which they were travelling crashlanded at Treveston, near Brisbane.

The wheels of the plane were caught in the net, which acted as a brake.

The pilot and passenger walked from the wreckage practically uninjured, although the plane was wrecked.

jumped the fence as the plane swooped over a house and crashed into the

Two boys playing on the tennis court

GLEANINGS

Bishwanath Prasad, a young copyist of Civil Court, Jamui, played a huge joke with some of our esteemed townsmen. White-complexioned, slim and noted for his charming voice, Bishwanth attired himself in a beautiful Santipuri Sari and well-knit blouse and stepped out of his house with a letter in his hand. With his face covered and eyes peeping out, she went to the adjoining 'Sandhya Parishad' where 'she' produced the letter and stood aside bashfully. The letter said "she was a refugee girl, in need of help. She was willing to marry provided she could get a charming partner." Many in the club spoke lovingly and money poured out in twos and thoes. The 'refugee girl' pocketed them and walked out without a word with the letter. Several lawyers profusely expressed kind sentiments. Hindusabhamen, however, were not content with the mere asking and made kind enquiry about her parents and relations and wanted to send her away to an anathalaya. But the refugee 'girl', to avoid speaking simply made sobbing efforts. Several young boys looked askance at the girl and were ready to shelter her for the night.

Charming little Bishwanath, unrecognised was pursuing his journey to dupe persons, when somebody pulled down her sari's end. This huge joke sent the people rolling in laughter and many who had been befooled were surprised at his excellent make-up.

—"Indian Nation", Patna.

In the Legislative Assembly the Minister for Education, Mr. K. Madhava Menon, told Begum Sultan Mir Amiruddin that there was no proposal under the consideration of the Government for changing the names of Deputy Inspector of Schools (Men) and Deputy Inspector of Schools (Women) into Deputy Inspector and Deputy Inspectress of Schools respectively. However, hereafter, Deputy Inspectors (both men and women) would be designated according to the ranges like "East", "West", "North" and "South", to which they were posted. Begum Sultan Mir Amiruddin: May I know why the Education Department is so deficient in grammar as to adopt this cumbersome procedure for naming their officers. Do they not know the feminine of Inspector is Inspectress. (laughter) The Minister: It is not due to want of knowledge of grammar. When the boys and girls ranges were amalgamated and became one range, the Director of Public Instruction adopted these names for the Men and Women Deputy Inspectors. Somehow or other some women officers did not like remaining within brackets: (laughter) However, no such objection has come from the men officers. So, the Director of Public Instruction, in order to get over the difficulty, has now adopted the designation according to the ranges they occupy, such as 'East', 'West', 'North' and 'South'. Mr. K. Brahmananda Reddi: If one Deputy Inspector is styled as Deputy Inspector (East) and another Deputy Inspectress as the Deputy Inspector (West), how are they to meet (laughter). Begum Sultan Mir Amiruddin: Will Government revise their ideas about things. Do they not know that the the feminine gender for Inspector is Inspectress?

The Minister: If it is revisedfi and if women are taken into the Police, then they will have be called Sub-Inspectress of Police. (laughter).

Mr. B. Gopala Reddi: Sir, what is the feminine gender for 'the Speaker' (more laughter).

A voice: Speakress (renewed laughter).

—"Indian Express", Madras.

The same 'ghost' who is supposed to have appeared some months ago, once again disturbed the peace of the Secretariat when it is stated to have opened not less than six rooms of the Ministries of Transport and Food and Agriculture in the North Bloc. It also had his 'breakfast' in the room of the Minister for Food and Agriculture,

It is stated that the 'ghost' did not break into the building but used keys to open the rooms.

The 'ghost', it is further stated went to the room of the Minister for Transport and unhooked the telephone receiver. Then he visited the room of the steno, took out a bunch of keys and opened some of the boxes. In this case, though no papers were lost yet the files were found scattered.

In the Ministry of Agriculture also the same manifestations of the 'ghost' activities were evident.

The police; it is believed, have come to the conclusion that it is the doing of one person as the foot-prints on the floor are similar. Since no papers have been lost or tampered with, it is believed that the "Ghost's" main aim is to harass the Secretariat officials.

—"Indian News Chronicle," Delhi.

A new style of shoe lifting came to light when a respectable looking boy of about 14 tried to slip away with a pair of chappals from a refugee stall holder in the Dasaswamedh market Benares. The boy, who had come bare-footed, asked for a pair of chappals and put them on for a trial. Without asking them off he asked for other pairs and finally rejecting them all quietly moved away, while the shop-keeper was busy restoring them to their places on the almirah.

The shopkeeper however, found the boy later and caught him. The boy raised an alarm swearing all the while that he was putting on his own pair purchased last night. The crowd that collected on the scene, curiously enough, also supported the boy and, but for the intervention of the constable on duty would have procured his release with honour. The policeman took the chappals from the boy and found them absolutely new.

The boy was taken to the police chowki, where he admitted that he was the son of a schoolmaster of Allahabad and had come with a marriage party. Having little money to spare, and wanting good shoes for the festive occasion he adopted this ruse.

—"Searchlight," Patna.

City Corporation: Week By Week

(Continued from Page 6)

tion in the sanitation of the city, students and teachers of Municipal Schools should help to keep their respective localities clean and the opportunity should be used to instil civic sense in the young children. It was suggested that an appeal to that effect should be made to the teachers and the children.

The urgent item was marked "confidential" by the Secretary, but the Opposition which has been always protesting against the policy of hush-hush and demanding discussion in full blaze of publicity, suggested that the same should be discussed openly and the entire Committee agreed to that proposal. The Opposition suggested that the matter should be either recorded or at least postponed till the strike was over, since in the first place it was not proper to make young children do street sweeping and secondly there was likelihood of misunderstanding being created, and it was not fair to involve them in a controversy. The Congress party also did not favour the idea of making our tiny tots sweep the roads and felt that the matter should be shelved and as a result it was postponed without fixing any further date for its consideration. But the fact that a suggestion of this kind should have come from the Educational Department over the destinies of which Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier presides shows that at least that department does not share the opinion of the Municipal Commissioner and the Home Member about the standard of cleanliness maintained during the period of strike.

PUBLIC INTEREST

On both the days of the Corporation meetings, thousands of strikers assembled outside the Hall and peacefully demonstrated against the policy pursued by the Municipality. Their hope that the matter might come up for discussion did not materialise as the Municipal Commissioner did not ask priority for the urgent item which figured on the agenda on both the occasions. May be that the presence of the crowds outside, or the progress of the newly started negotiations prevented the Municipal Commissioner from doing so. But whenever the matter comes up, may be for a post-mortem on the whole issue after the strike is over, it is bound to lead to a full dress debate as the entire conduct of the Municipal authorities and the way they handled the situation will be gone into and discussed from all possible angles

SCHOOL FEES

The Opposition once again protested against the rise in the fees of Upper Prihary Classes in Municipal Schools but its move to maintain the status-quo was defeated by 25 against 31 votes. The argument advanced by them was that the Schools Committee was going to get more money and there was possibility of savings being effected on account of the system of co-education having been introduced which has resulted in the amalgamation of schools and consequent savings in expenditure. The Congress Party however stuck to the rise in fees on the ground that it was not the responsibility of the Municipality to provide education beyond the fourth standard and, if they did so, they were justified in charging higher fees than before.

PORT CHARGES

Last year the Corporatoon held as many as twenty-six special or adjourned special meetings in the course of twelve months. It was a record in itself but it appears that the second year will not be less prolific in this matter. There have already been two special meetings held so far, and the requisition for a third one has been sent by the Opposition. This time they want to discuss the situation created by the rise of 25 per cent in freight charges in Bombay Port. It is said that this has already sent up the prices of imported articles in the city and is likely to affect the entire trade of the city adversely. The meeting may be held next week and it promises to evoke a discussion on the entire working of the City Port Trust whnch is now dominated by the Indian Merchants Chamber having the largest representation on that body, when it was recently reconstituted according to the new Act passed by the Government of India.

General Elections In Egypt

CAIRO, June 23, (UPA):— Egyptian Premier Ibrahim Abdul Hadi Pasha told the United Press of America today that the first general elections in five years will be held in October and that martial law would be suspended during the elections, writes Walter Collins, UPA Staff Correspondent.

The Premier broke his long silence about the date of the forthcoming elections in an exclusive interview. He promised that the freedom of assembly, speech and the press would be granted to assure elections.

London Port Officials Ultimatum To Strikers

LONDON, June 23, (PTI-Reuter): The port of London authority tonight flung an ultimatum to striking stevedores (skilled dockers) that they would allow no ship entering London to be unloaded until work began on two Canadian strike bound vessels, Argomont and Beaverbrae.

Feeling rose high today as gang after gang refused to handle the two ships in support of a feud between two Canadian unions.

The striking Canadian Seamen's Union, to which the crew belong, claim that their employers are trying to cut their pay and have called in the American led International Seafarers Union to break the strike.

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Many regard the first movement of Beethoven's 'Moonlight Sonata' as perfection in music.

With cigarettes, perfection is elusive, but in The "Three Castles" we think you will find a cigarette that is as near perfection as any you have smoked.

The "Three Castles" Cigarettes
FAMOUS FOR OVER 70 YEARS
Rs. 3/5/- for 50. Subject to local tax adjustments.

TC/66 W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

EARLY NERVOUS DROP IN ACTIVE SHARES ATTRACTS HEAVY SHORT COVERING

BOMBAY, June 24.

Yesterday's drop was carried further this morning on the local Stock Exchange and a feeling of nervousness prevailed. There was general selling pressure but as soon as the urgent liquidation had run its course shorts came in cover and prices made an upward move. This buying support was based on technical considerations at the recent decline was overdue.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1170 and after declining at Rs. 1135 rallied at Rs. 1152. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 243 and after easing off at Rs. 237 rallied at Rs. 242. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 921 and downturned at Rs. 902 on further liquidation but rose at Rs. 931 on short covering and professional bull support. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 241 and after declining at Rs. 236 improved at Rs. 240. Swadeshi Shares opened at Rs. 267 and after declining at Rs. 256 improved at Rs. 265. Scindia Shares opened at Rs. 13/7 and after declining at Rs. 13, advanced at Rs. 13/8.

At the close Tata Steel Defds. were done at Rs. Rs. 1157 while Ordinary Shares were placed at Rs. 243. Bombay Dyeings improved at Rs. 935 and Svadeshi Shares were done at Rs. 268.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	27 8
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	240 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	264 0
Central India Mills (4)	212 0
Simplex Mill (3)	146 0
New Great Eastern (8)	129
Indore (9 plus 3)	111 8
Gokak Mills (12) XD	237 0
Century Spinning (15)	215 0
Colaba (12)	120 0
India Bleaching (6)	142 0
Swan Mills (20)	291 0
Finlay Mills (15)	234 0
Morarji Gokuldas	415 0
Edward Sassoon (30)	196 4
Meyer (12)	111 4
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 5
India United Ordinary (0-13-9)	10 10
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 8 6
Madhusudan Mill (15)	180 0
Podar (5)	130 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	189 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	242 8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1170 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-3)	135 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	131 4
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	256 4
Belapur Sugar (9)	174 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	21 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	13 7
Premier Construction	76
Tata Chemical	7 13
Tata Oil (2)	38 8
Indian Iron (0-12)	19 2
Bengal Steel (0-8-9)	7 3
British India Corp. (0-9)	7 3
L. Copper	1 11
Wimco	152 8
Alcock	212 8
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1442 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1385 0
Tata Hydro (3)	146 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	54 0
Phoenix	150 0
Indian Mfg.	4150 0
Kuria	117 8
New City (4)	151 4
Minerva (12)	113 12
Bradbury	313 2
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 10
Bharat Mills (2)	23 12
Mysore Spg. Mills (8)	172 4
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	160 0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	583 12
Vishnu Cotton (8)	190 0
Western India (40)	5070 0
Standard (15)	205 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	2650 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	15 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	41 0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	260 0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	29 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 4
Madhusudan B (2-8)	85 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	153 12
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	78 12
Berar Mills	281 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
New Great New	156 0
ELECTRICS (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-8)	118 12
Ahmedabad New	44 8
Surat Electric (2-8)	133 12
Karachi Electric (2)	131-8
Broach (0-5)	7 8
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 6 6
Amalgamated (0-12)	12-8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26 6
Poona Electric Supply (8)	146 14
Bombay Suburban (3) XR	131 4
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank India (35)	1766 4
Imperial Bank of India pp (8-12) (8-12)	435 0 437 8
Central Bank	77 8
Central Bank New (1-8)	76 0
Bank of India (4)	177 8
Union	7 0
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	112 8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 0
United Commercial (8)	38 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	26 12
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-8)	105 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4000 0
Empire (10)	625 1
New India (7)	54 0
Jupiter (1-4)	14 4
Vulcan (0-10)	11 8
Indian Mercantile (21)	32 0
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B. I. G. (1)	19 0
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	15 10
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14)	114 8
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	225 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	97 8
Burma Petrol	1 2 3
Mackenzie (6)	85 0
Port Canning (3)	67 12
Kemp and Co. (30)	398 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	128 8
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	90 8
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	37 0
Mukund Iron	10 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	150 0
Supreme India X.R.	
Jam Wire (6)	57 4
Bombay Uganda	60 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	122 8
United Motor	32 0
Associated Cement New (3)	128 8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Manmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic X.D	700 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrela Batteries	51 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	190 8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1310 0
Hydro Electric (7)	123 12
Bombay Steamer (6)	248 12
Central India (5)	635 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	646 4
Lakshmi Mills	258 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	305 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 10
Pre. Construction First	102 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref	101 12
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	113 12
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	121 4
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2nd)	80 0
Standard	101 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kalamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	96 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 2
New Victoria Mill	1 8
New Victoria (Pref.)	4 4
Paltan (8)	105
Gold Mohoor	312 8
New Kaiser Hind	360 0
Sajjan Mill (20)	160
Osmanshahi (10)	245 0
Azamshahi	255 0
Air Services	4 8
Air India Tata	86 0
Hind Motor	3 3
India Steam	5 4

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, June 24.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98 12 0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100 10 0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99 10 0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96 11 0
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99 11 0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99 3 0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95 12 0
3 per cent non-terminable	98 8 0
3 per cent 1966 Con. z	98 8 0
3 per cent 1949-52	100 3 0
3 per cent 1951-54	101 9 0
3 per cent 1953-55	102 0 0
3 per cent 1957	101 8 0
3 per cent 1959-61	101 1 0
3 per cent 1963-65	100 5 0
3 per cent 1966-68	100 2 0
3 per cent 1970-75	100 0 0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104 12 0
4 per cent 1960-70	110 6 0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102 8 0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	110 8 0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114 4 0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2 3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97 6 0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97 2 0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 12 0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 10 0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	99 12 0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 4 0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100 4 0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100 4 0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98 0 0
3 per cent U.P. 1961-66	99 14 0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110 12 0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110 8 0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114 0 0
6 per cent B. Municipal 1954	115 0 0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60	107 0 0

ART SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, June 24.

120 Ready Japan	3 4 0
150 Ready Japan	3 5 0
120 Ready Italy	3 0 0
150 Ready Italy	3 5 0
150 D. Box June	662 0 0
150 D. Box July	672 0 0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, June 24:

The local bullion market opened steady today and improved slightly on scattered covering. This improvement induced heavy selling and prices recorded a sharp decline. Later on there was some short covering which resulted in partial rally.

Ashad Silver opened today Rs. 180 - and improved at Rs. 180/4 but downturned at Rs. 178/4 on heavy selling on reports sales of Nizam Silver. Thereafter the market recovered at Rs. 179/4. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 179/8.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 115/2 and after improving at Rs. 115/6 declined at Rs. 114/6 and improved at Rs. 115/- Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 116/4 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75/4.

Later on Bulls were free buyers and Silver advanced at Rs. 180-12 Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs. as. p.
Ready Silver	180 4 0
Ashad Silver	180 6 0
Ready Gold	116 4 0
Ashad Gold	115 2 0
Sovereigns	75 4 0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, June 24:

Forward trading remained suspend on the local Cotton Exchange today as ruling prices are above ceiling level.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 544 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, June 23!

KARNAK July 65.10 (plus) 190
KARNAK Nov. 53.25 (plus) 85
KARNAK Jan. 52.15 (plus) 85
ASHMOUNI Aug. 41.68 (plus) 61
ASHMOUNI Oct. 41.96 (plus) 70
ASHMOUNI Dec. 42.05 (plus) 75.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, June 24

The local Produce market was fairly steady with moderate businesss. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	38	12	0
Coromandal Ready	37	10	0
Bold Ready	37	8	0
June-July	37	14	0
August-September	37	3	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	26	4	0
LINSEED—			
Ready	29	10	0
June-July	29	7	0
August-September	28	15	0
GROUNDNUT OIL—			
Local Mills	21	5	0
Ready Mills	20	14	0
June	20	13	0
July	20	12	0
August	20	10	0
Linseed Oil	17	0	0
CASTORSEED OIL—			
First pressing quality	17	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	18	8	0

CALCUTTA JUTE.

CALCUTTA, June 24.

Calcutta Closing B. Twills Ready June 126, July 122-10, Auguse-Sept. 117, Futka August 117-2.

CLOSING HESSIANS.

Seven and half ounce Ready June 30, July 30 A.

WORTH STREET QUIET

NEW YORK, June 23.

Apart from quartermaster inquiries the cotton gray goods market remained quiet as traders prepared for the usual seasonal lull.

With deliveries against spring lines completed, buyers marked time. Buyer interest in the big spring season is not expected to show itself until August, brokers said.

The newest government inquiries involve 5,000,000 yards of uniform twill and over 1,500,000 bed sheets. Statisticians report that a check back on government inquiries indicated that bids on around 20,000,000 yards of various cotton fabrics will be opened around mid-July.

Print cloth fabrics continued to soften. The recently active baggin numbers slackened.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, June 23.

SILVER: Spot and Forward 43-1/2d.

Gold: Bars fine per oz £88/12/3

London price for exportable sterling area silver 58 to 59 nom

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 24.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready
B. C. Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 6th—9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329 Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs 8100
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 8320
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl. 79.
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D Gldr 79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 82 1/4
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs 157
Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs 165 1/4

New York/London Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 52, 57-53, 43 London/Alexandra Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl 40; London-Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4, London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70; London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4-02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 1096-1098; London-Prague Cross Rate K 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 17.34-36.

London Discts 3 Mos 5/8 p.c. London Discts 6 Mos 3/4 p c
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c.; Bank of England Rate 2 p c.
Money:—Call 3/4 pc; 3 Mos 1 p c; 6 Mos 1-1/4 p c; 12 Mos 1-1/2 p c.
Tone:—Easy.

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, June 24.

Quiet conditions prevailed on the local market today textiles remained steady with buyers for selected scripts while Plantings were dull.

The Miscellaneous were easier. Bank shares maintained ground.

Following are today's closing quotations on the Madras Stock Exchange:

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES:

Government of India Three per cent Paper 98-6, Ditto 1953-55 102, Ditto 1970-75 100-1, Government of Madras Three per cent 1960 100-2.

BANKS: Travancore 14-2.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES:

Deccan 15-14, Travancore 5-1, Ditto Pref. 8-12, Mysore 41

PLANTINGS: Balmadis 1-13, Blue Mountain 2-5, Chembra 4-3, Cochin Malabar 3-11, Devashola 14-8, Midland 3-1, Nelliampathy 0-15-6, Ouchterlony 4-11, Periakaramalai 17-2, Pullangode 0-14, Thirumbadi 1-7, T. R. and T. Co 4-6, Waterfall 2-8-6, Textiles Buckingham 135-8, Ditto Pref. 193, Coimbatore CM 113-8, Coimbatore Spg. 45, Laskshmi 68-12, Madura 35, Mettur 282-8, Radhakrishna 137, Rajalakshmi 52, Ranga Vilas 51, Trav. Rayons 2-5, Trichinopoly 10-4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 66, Tric. F. A. C. T. 3-5, India Cement 16-12, Mettur Chem. 5-10, Ditto Pref. 102, Mysore Chem. Fert 7-6

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, June 23.

U.S. price of foreign silver, 71½ cents

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, June 24

MILLS

Apollo 2/6 2/4 2/5
Bharat 24/4 23/12
B. Dyeing 920 25 7/8 42/8 27/8
C. India 211 8/8 13 12
Century 215
Colaba 120
Elphinstone Ord. 53 54
Elphinstone Pref 106/4
Finlay 230/8 29/8 34
Gokak 232 37
I. U. Defd. 1/8/6 1/9 1/8 1/8/6
I. U. Ord. 10/10 10/9 10/10
Indore 110 18/12
Kohinoor 241/8 36 37/8 37 41 40
Laxmi 583/12
Meyer 110 11/4
Model 160
Morarji 408/12 15
New City 151/4
New Great 128 27 29
New Union 15/4
Phoenix 147/8 50
Podar 130
Sassoon Cotton 15/8
Sholapur 2650
Simplex 147 44 48 46
Svadeshi 266 55 67 64
Tata Mills 40 39 41
Vishnu 190
C. P. Rly. 114/8
Scindia 13/7 13 13/8 13/7

BANKS

Baroda 113 11 12/8
Central 77 76/12 77/4 76/8 78 77/4
Central New 77/8
Imperial Old 1765 60 66/4
Imperial New 435
India 178/8 76 77/8
Union 7
U. Commercial 38

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 118/12 18/2 18/12
Andhravalley 1385
Surat 133/12
Hydro Pref. 123/12
Power 1442/8
Power Pref. 1310

INSURANCE

I. Mercantile 32/8
New India 54/8 55 53/8 54
Oriental 4050 70 4000
Vulcan 11/8

STEEL

B. Steel 14/12 14/13 14/11 15
I. Iron 18/13 18/4 19/2 18/14 19/2
Tata Defd 1167/8 72/8 32/8 75 65 70
Tata Ord. 242/8 36/8 43/12 42 42/8
Tata IInd Pref 35/12 35

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 211/4 12/8
A.C.C. Old 130 29/4 29/8 29 31/8 30/12 31/4
A.C.C. New 126/8 28/8
Belapur 168 65 69/8 67 75 72 74
B.B. Old 262/8 55 56/4
B. B. New 98/2 97/8
B. B. Petrol 1/2/6 1/2/3
B. I. C. 7//3
I. I. Trust 90/8
I Copper 1/11
Dena Trust 16 (Ex Div)
Kemp 398/12
P. Const. 75 72/8 76/8 76
Shivrajpur 20/8
Tata Chem. 8/4 7/12 7/13
Wimco 152/8
Walchandnagar 122/8
Tata Oil 40 38/8

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 44/8

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Speculative Counters Steady

CALCUTTA, June 24.

The market ruled steady for the more speculative stocks and a fair business was put through all round.

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Loan 1986 98-9-6, Three per cent Loan 1963-65 100-4, Three per cent Loan 1966-68 100-1, Three per cent Loan 1970-75 100-2.

COTTONS: Benares Cotton 4-8, Cawnpore Textiles 8-3, Kesoram 11-15, New Victoria Ordy. 1-6.

COALS: Amalgamated 20-2, Bharat Colliery 5-14, Bengal 35, Burrakur 9-15, Central India 4-11, Churulia 3-4, Jogta 2-14 Ex. Div., Seebpur 26, Sendra 8-4, South Karanpura 21, Standard 14-8, Talcher 2-7.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 2-1, Indian Copper 1-12, Sone Valley Cement 4-8, Alkali and Chemical 7-12, Bhartia Electric Steel 12-12, Brithwaite and Co. 6-6, Indian Iron and Steel 19-6, Jessop and Co. 11, Kumardhubi Eng. 6-4, Marshalls 4-1, Steel Corp. 15-7, Steel Products 1-3, Textile Machinery 5-4, B.I.C. 7-8, British Burma Petrol 1-1, India Paper Pulp 116, Shree Gopal Paper 8-14, Titaghur Paper 25-12, Midnapore Zemindary 55, Assam Saws 5-9, India Steamship 5-5.

SUGARS: Belsund 2-5, Champdrani 17-8, New Savan 7-1.

TEAS: Barduar Tea and Timber 4, Dhunseri 5-4, New Chumta 22.

Allotment Of Jute Quotas

NEW DELHI, June 24.

The Government of India have decided to allot the following jute goods quotas for the half-year ending December 25, 1949:

British North Borneo 87 tons, Gold Coast 1,500 tons, Sierre Leone 733 tons

British East African territories: Kenya 3,690 tons, Uganda 2,680 tons, Northern Tanganyika 664 tons, Southern Tanganyika 1,651 tons, Zanzibar and Pemba 115 tons, Gambia 250 tons, Fiji 93 tons, Nigeria 5,000 tons, Sarawak 200 tons, Tripolitania (Libya) 270 tons, Falkland Islands and South Georgia 142 tons, Cyprus 785 tons, Sychells 60 tons, Sudan 3,000 tons, Nyasaland, 163 tons, British Somaliland 12-1/2 tons

South-West Pacific Islands: Tonga 17 tons, Solomon Islands 82 tons, Gilbert and Ellice Islands 20 tons.

The Government have also decided to make an additional allocation of 1,000 tons of jute goods for the half year ending June 25, 1949 for the Tanganiyka Groundnut scheme. The total quota of jute goods for British East African territories for the jute year 1948-49 is thus increased from 14,700 tons to 15,700 tons.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, June 24.

S. S. LIVE UROUWEKERK

From Antwerp: 579 bdls wood screws 32 cases window glass sheets 165 bales hosiery yarn 58 bars channels 36 cases saws.

From Hamburg: 10,000 bags cement 30 cases flour mills.

From Coppenhagen: 120 drums potassiam carbonate 126 read news paper 25 cases flour grinding mills.

From Gothenburg: 663 bales read news paper 120 bales wood pulps 174 bales glazed news print 3234 bales old news papers.

From Liverpool: 50 drums steel angles 17550 cases angles cuttings 19399 bdls M. S. angles.

From Marcelles: 82 bales paper 52 cases alarm pieces 64 cases brandy 30 cases olive oil in bottles.

From Genoa:—56 cases alluminium flat sheets, 2359 cases artificial silk yarn, 78 cases rayan yarn.

From Rotterdam:—2527 bdls water pipes, 200 cases hobnails, 250 rolls grey papers, 90 bdls flanges, 320 cases bottled beer, 545 cases chicory, 150 bags dextrine 280 bdls unlined straw boards, 200 bags farina products, 119 drums desizing agents, 10000 ctns. quick quaker oats, 250 bags potassiam cloride, 1280 pkgs straw boards, 375 bags potato starch, 131 cases artificial silk yarn, 50 cases jam in tins, 468 cases rayan yarn, 100 bags dextrine, 100 boxes cream powder, 165 bales printing paper, 125 bags Dutch farina, 150 bags double sited farina, 2000 bags farina, 500 bags Dutch potato, 950 cases oat flakes, 100 boxes rolled oats, 600 cases condensed milk, 130 cases ice cream readymix, 1500 and 1080 bags maize starch powder, 80 drms coal tar dyes, 105 cases beer, 400 bags starch for the purpose of textile sizing, 169 cases square bolts, 200 cases ammonum chloride, 300 barrels pal ammonial ammoniam chloride, pal ammonial show white bars, 200 cases skimmed milk powder, 100 cases hobnails.

From Port Said:—75 bales crepe paper.

EXPORTS

EXPORTS
GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT
S.S. PENTAKOTA

To London:—22 cases bristles—H Rai and Sons, 22 cases bristles—E. P. Hellay Ltd., 14 cases bristles—Zain Ram.

S.S. HOUGH SILVER STREAM

To Boston—350 bales cotton raw—Volkart Bros.

To Norfolk:—300 bales cotton raw—Volkart Bros.

S.S. SONAVATI

To Karachi:—63 bags dry chillies, 101 bags turmeric—M. H. Kasam, 200 bags dry chillies—E. Kasam, 75 bags fenel seed, 9 bags chimed—M. H. A. Karim, 67 bags turmeric, 50 bags fenel seed—G. M. Oomar.

S.S. TIMAVO

To Aden:—100 bags turmeric—G. Ambalal.

S.S. TRIANON

To Gothenburg:—210 bags fenel seed—Gandhi Sons Ltd.

S.S. HARMAC CHEMAINUS

To Sydney:—3266 bags linseed—F. Haridas and Co.

To Melbourne:—20 bales wool—H. M. Husain and Co.

S.S BARALA

To Dubai:—6 bags cardamums—E. A. K. Abbas.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, June 24.

ARRIVALS

"FORT CHESTERFIELD" of Canadian nationality arrived from Novorosseley on June 23 with 2,300 tons of grain (Graham Trading).

"HOIGH SILVERSTREAM" arrived from Freemantle on June 24 with 5050 tons of general cargo (Volkart).

"STORFONN" arrived Le Mede, France, on June 24 (Caltex Ltd.)

"Kallada" arrived from London on June 24 with 5,000 tons of general cargo (M.M.).

DEPARTURES

"JALANSHA" sailed for Liverpool on June 23 with 4,423 tons of general cargo.

"PUNDUA" sailed for Abadan on June 23 with 6256 tons of general cargo.

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under Agency of Messrs. Volkart Brothers:

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY
From U.S. Pacific Coast.

S.S. "HOEGH MERCHANT" due 2nd July; S.S. "LOMBOK" due 9th July; S.S. "RIOUW" due 4th Aug.
From U.S. Atlantic Coast:

S.S. "RONDO" due 14th July; S.S. "HOEGH SILVERWAVE" due 25th July; S.S. "ROTTI" due 27th July.
From Rotterdam/Antwerp:

S.S. "LEOPOLDSKERK" due 3rd July; S.S. "LEUVEKERK" due 17th July.
From Persian Gulf via Karachi:

S.S. "LUTTERKERK" due 30th June; S.S. "HOEGH SILVERMOON" due 4th July; S.S. "JOHN BAKKE" due 6th July.
From Australia:

S.S. "HOEGH SILVERCREST" due 7th Aug.
DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY
For Calcutta via Colombo:

S.S. "STREEFKERK" sails 26th June; S.S. "LIEVE VROUWEKERK" sails 5th July; S.S. "LEOPOLDSKERK" sails 19th July; S.S. "LEUVEKERK" sails 31st July.
For U.S. Pacific Coast:

S.S. "MANOORAN" sails 29th June; S.S. "LOMBOK' sails 20th July.
For Persian Gulf via Karachi:

S.S. "HOEGH MERCHANT" sails 11th July; S.S. "RIOUW" sails 12th Aug.
For Australia:

S.S. "HOEGH SILVERMOON" sails 12th July.
For U.S. Atlantic Coast:

S.S. "HOEGH SILVERSTREAM" sails 29th June; S.S. "JOHN BAKKE" sails 10th July; S.S. "HOEGH SILVERCREST" sails 13th Aug.
For Mediterranean & North Continental Ports:

S.S. "ALUDRA" sails 26th June; S.S. "LUTTERKERK" sails 10th July.
For Indonesia:

S.S. "BANTAM" sails 30th June.

INCREASED LIQUIDATION IN NEARBY NEWYORK JULY CONTRACT

Wall Street Market Firm On Better Bussiness News

NEW YORK, June 23, (PTI-Reuter): COTTON: The quietly lower drift featured principally profittaking in newcrops, possibly reflecting failure of less favourable crop prospects and improved export demands to stimulate more aggressive buying interest. An earlier spell of steadiness was supported by scattered trade buying. Meanwhile textile markets continue slow.

Prices declined rather smartly in the afternoon influenced by increased liquidation in nearby July which broke to 32.93. Finally the list steadied again on the appearance of few trade covering orders. The session closed barely steady with sales placed at about 150,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 23.

July	33.00—20
October	29.34—06
October Highest	29.42+02
October Lowest	29.29—11
December	29.21—04
March	29.07—05
May	28.92—04
Middling Spot	33.57—23

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, June 23.

July	33.00—15
October	29.26—05
December	29.17—
March	29.04—03
Middling spot	32.65—30

WALL STREET MARKET

STOCK: Although the volume only occasionally enlarged a few brighter spots in the business news enable the market to convert a narrowly mixed opening to fairly well distributed gains of fractions to a dollar or more. Some industrial leaders, are optimistic that a major coal strike may be averted and operations resumed in the major unit one industrial equipment supplier which originally closed down due to lack of orders. The averages were industrials 166.69 and rails 43.17.

Followthrough buying was light in most sections in the afternoon. American hide and leather came to life rising more than one to 4-5/8 following the announcement of a yearend dividend of 50 cents on common. This is the first payment since the initial of the same amount in July 1947. Occasional request for shoe manufacturings reflected the belief that the 2-year recession in an important Newegland shoe industry was about over. The market closed firm.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

American Telephone and Telegraph	138-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	26-3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	26-7/8
Chase National Bank	33-3/4
Sinclair Oil	20-5/8
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	44-3/4
General Electric Co.	34-1/2
General Motors	54-7/8
Ingersol Rand	60
International Nickel	26-1/2
National City Bank of New York	38
New York Central Rail Road Co.	10
Socony Vacuum Corporation	14-1/2
Texas Corporation	50-1/2
Union Carbide	36-1/8
U.S. Smelting Refining Mining Co./Exdv.	37-7/8
U.S. Steel Corporation Common	21-1/2
Western Union Telegraph	14

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, June 23, (PTI-Reuter): GRAINS: Eased sharply under the leadership of wheat under a flurry of commission house selling and profittaking in sympathy with the weakness of soyabeans and lard futures which met only limited commercial demand. Some buying of wheat early was based on private advices of disappointing wheat yields in parts of the southwest and reports of insect and heat damage in the northwest spring wheat area.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, June 23.

July	1.97-7/8
September	1.98-3/4
December	2.00-3/8
March	1.96-1/2

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT

London, June 23.

Australian wheat June-July 89/7½

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 23.

	Selling	Buying
T.T. London on:		
New York	4,0275	4 0325
Montreal	4.0275	4.0325
Zurich	17.34	17.36
Sweden	14.47 to	14.50

COPRA MARKET QUIET

NEW YORK, June 23, (UPA): The copra market was quiet and unchanged on the basis of sales reported late Wednesday at 145 dollars a short ton c.i.f. Pacific Coast.

In coconut oil, immediate materiale was available at 15 cents, June 14 1/2, July 13 1/2, August 10 3/4.

SINGAPUR PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, June 23 (PTI-Reuter)

Quiet conditions again prevailed on the pepper market here today. Sellers of black lampong continued to quote 271 dollars per picul exgodown with arrivals of this grade again reported in very small volume. White Muntock was quoted at the unchanged level of 404 dollars in face of absence of inquiries.

NEW YORK PEPPER MARKET QUIET

NEW YORK, June 23 (PTI-Reuter): BLACK PEPPER: The spot black pepper market continued quiet with buyers advancing the bid price by one cent to 1.01 dollars while sellers held firmly at 1.02. While business remained small, it is said that grandees and dealers were slightly more interested with the possibility

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.

NEW YORK, June 24.

Previous Closing	29.34
Today's Opening	29.35
Difference	+1
Today's Closing	29.38
Difference	+4

New York Cotton Market will remain closed on Saturday, 25th inst.

LAST QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, June 24.

	Rs.	As.
Silver Ashad	180	8
Gold Ashad	115	2
Silver Bullion	180	8
Gold Ready	116	0
Sovereign	75	4

Karachi Cotton Market

KARACHI, June 24.

(From Our Correspondent)

Sind NT 88-8, Punjab 289F 92, LSS 87, Four F 83, Steadily held. Moderate demand against extra quotas declared for Cochin and few continental ports.

Spot business 417 bales.

Exports 1220 of which 672 for Bombay and Tuticorin.

New crop NT October 74-8 to 76 but without any business interest.

Trade And Finance

STEADY RETURN OF FUNDS FROM TRADE

Heavy Liquidation In Silver

DEMORALISED CONDITIONS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

(From Our Special Correspondent)

BOMBAY, June 24

MONEY: Owing to the steady return of funds from trade due to seasonal factors, conditions in the short-term money market continued unchanged during the week under review. Call loans were quoted at 1/2 per cent. Term deposit rates also remained unchanged at 1-1/4 per cent for three months and 1-1/2 per cent for six months.

The weekly statements of the Reserve Bank of India for the period ended 17th June 1949 show a sharp contraction of Rs. 12.54 crores in the active note circulation with a corresponding rise in the note held in the Banking Department. Government balances with the Reserve Bank have shrunk by Rs. 6.65 crores, but Bankers' deposits show a sharp rise of Rs. 9.14 crores. There is a fresh decline of Rs. 10.51 crores in the item of "Balances held abroad".

The only noteworthy change in the weekly statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India, made up to 17th June 1949, is the sharp fall of Rs. 5.82 crores in Advances and the consequent rise in the cash holding of the Bank of about Rs. 6.12 crores.

GILT-EDGED: Prices in the gilt-edged market recorded further all-round improvement on official support, which also gave an indication to the market that, if and when a new loan is floated for the conversion of the 3 per cent 1949-52 loans, it will be on the basis of the current yields and not at a higher rate of interest. There was some business in a few of the dated loans which were showing a higher yield, although 3 per cent 1986 conversion loan was a fraction lower at Rs. 98-8. 2-1/4 per cent 1954 loan improved to Rs. 98-10, 2-1/2 per cent 1950 bonds to Rs. 100-9 and 2-1/2 per cent 1961 loan to Rs. 96-10. 2-3/4 per cent 1960 loan was marked up to Rs. 99-10 2-3/4 per cent 1962 loan to Rs. 99-6 and 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan to Rs. 101-9. 3 per cent 1053-55 loan was bid up to Rs. 101-15 and 3 per cent 1957 Victory loan to Rs. 101-8. Long-dateds, however, remained more or less stable in the absence of any enquiry; 3 per cent 1959/61 loan was steady at Rs. 101 and 3 per cent 1963-65 loan at Rs. 100-5 whilst both the 3 per cent 1966-68 and 1970-75 loans were static at Rs. 100-3 and Rs. 100 respectively.

EXCHANGE: The rupee/sterling exchange market ruled quiet during the week on rumours emanating from Calcutta about the possible devaluation of the rupee. Moderate business was reported at race-course odds within the official range

Sellers of TT on London spot	1s. 5-31/32d
Sellers of TT on London upto Six months	1s. 5-15/16d
Buyers of TT on London spot and upto 9 months	1s. 6-1/32d.

GOLD: The gold market remained fairly stable during the early part of the week on moderate bull support, but after mid-week, the market turned easy in sympathy with silver and also due to increased weight of arrivals in the form of Kolar gold. After fluctuating narrowly between Rs. 118-8 and Rs. 117-10 until Monday, the quotation for ready gold gave way and closed at Rs. 116. The discount on the 11th July delivery gold gradually tapered off from Rs. 1-8 at the beginning to about a rupee at the close. The price of sovereigns remained steady around Rs. 75 during the week but closed somewhat lower at Rs. 74-12 in sympathy with gold. Floating stocks of the metal are estimated at about 50,000 tolas. Arrivals are reported to have averaged about 6,000 tolas a day and the offtake about 5,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were Rs. 118-8 and Rs. 116 for spot and Rs. 117 and Rs. 115 for forward.

SILVER: The silver price was also on the decline during the week, more particularly in the latter part of the week on heavy and continuous bull liquidation. The quotation for spot silver declined steadily from Rs. 187-12 at the beginning to Rs. 184-4 on Monday and fell precipitately to Rs. 179-8 on Thursday and closed at Rs. ..... The backwardation on the July settlement silver narrowed down from Rs 3-12 to about 8 annas at the close of the week. Floating stocks of silver are put at 4,500 bars whilst the average daily offtake is somewhat better at 80 bars. Both the New York and the London silver quotations remained pegged at 71-1/2 cents and 43-1/2d. during the week. The highest and lowest rates touched locally were Rs. 187-12 and Rs. 179-8 for spot and Rs. 184 and Rs. 179 for forward.

SHARES: The share market continued in a demoralised state and under the weight of increased offerings on a market devoid of buyers, prices of all equities moved down to fresh low levels. At the close, bear-covering caused a small rally.

Tata Defds. declined from Rs. 1261-4 to as low as Rs. 1132-8 on fresh unloading and Ordinaries from Rs. 258 to Rs. 236-8, but closed a shade better at Rs. 1170 and Rs. 242-8 on bear-covering. In the textile block of shares, Bombay Dyeings, which had remained remarkably steady so far, also succumbed to selling pressure, the quotation being marked down from Rs 943-12 to Rs. 910, but recovered to Rs 927-8 on short-covering. Kohinoors cheapened to Rs. 236 and Swadeshis to Rs. 255, closing somewhat nigher at Rs. 240 and Rs. 264 on renewed support. Nagpurs were offered at Rs 212. Both the Hydro-Electric and Bank sections came down on distressed selling; Andhra Valleys were quoted lower at Rs. 1385 and Powers at Rs. 1442-8. Amongst Banks, Central Banks declined to Rs. 77-4, Bank of Indias to Rs. 177-8 and Imperial Bank Fully Paids found sellers at Rs. 1766-8. Among miscellaneous scrips, Associated Cements and Belapurs ruled weak at Rs. 129 and Rs. 165 respectively but recorded a smart recovery at the close to Rs. 131-4 and Rs. 174. Bombay Burmas, on the other hand, eased off to Rs. 256-4 at the close. Scindia Steams were maintained at Rs. 13-7 whilst New Indias stood lower at Rs. 54.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

TEXTILES SPECIAL TENDER NO. 8.

Tenders are invited for the purchase and removal of the following surplus textile, leather and garniture stores.

Tenders should be submitted in prescribed forms which can be had from Director General of Disposals, New Delhi and Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Kanpur, Bombay and Madras at Rs. 5/- per set in cash or money order. Tender forms contain full particulars of stores, instructions to tenderers, tender opening date, conditions of sale and ins pection permit.

Tenders should be addressed to Director Generai of Disposals, Textiles and Leather Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi and should reach him by 4 p.m. on Monday, the 25th July 1949.

ALL QUANTITIES GIVEN BELOW ARE APPROXIMATE

(1) 1,84,625 yards Canvas Cotton Light Khaki Waterproof Special 36" wide, located at Central Provision Depot, Dehu. Reserve price Rs. 2/2/- per yard. Bids for a minimum of 50,000 yards.

(2) 98,000 yards Canvas Cotton Light Khaki Waterproof Common 36" wide, located at Central Provision Depot, Dehu. Reserve price Rs. 2/2/- per yard. Bids for a minimum of 50,000 yards.

(3) 27,702 yards Canvas Cotton S. S. No. 207 Waterproof Common 36" wide, located at Messrs. General Motors, Bombay. Reserve price Rs. 2/- per yard. Bids for the whole quantity.

(4) 5,99,474 yards Canvas Cotton Light S. S. No. 207 Waterproof Common 36" wide, located at Gun & Shell Factory, Dum Dum, Calcutta. Reserve price Rs. 2/- per yard. Bids for a minimum of 50,000 yards.

(5) 2,27,228 yards Canvas Cotton Light S. S. No. 207 Waterproof Common 30" wide, located at Gun & Shell Factory, Dum Dum, Calcutta. Reserve price Rs. 1/12/- per yard. Bids for a minimum of 50,000 yards.

(6) 36,283 yards Canvas Cotton Light Khaki Waterproof Special 39" wide, located at Gun & Shell Factory, Dum Dum, Calcutta. Reserve price Rs. 2/2 - per yard. Bids for the whole quantity.

(7) 3,10,640 yards Canvas Union Cotton Jute Waterproof of 26" wide, located at General Stores Inspection Depot, Hastings, Calcutta. Reserve price As. -/12/- per yard. Bids for a minimum of 50,000 yards.

(8) 54,800 yards Canvas Union Cotton Jute Waterproof 30" wide, located at General Stores Inspection Depot Hastings, Calcutta. Reserve price As. -/14/- per yard. Bids for the whole quantity.

(9) 91,000 yards Canvas Union Cotton Jute Waterproof 36" wide, located at General Stores Inspection Depot, Hastings, Calcutta. Reserve price Re. 1/- - per yard. Bids for a minimum of 50,000 yards.

(10) 11,273 pairs Boots Walking Out Black, sizes varying from 6/6 to 11/6, located at R.I.N. Depot, Vikhroli, Bombay. Reserve price Rs. 7/-/- per pair. Bids for a minimum of 5,000 pairs.

(11) 1,765 yards Serge Saddlers 40" wide, located at Harness and Saddlery Factory, Kanpur. Reserve price Rs. 2/8/- per yard. Bids for the whole quantity.

(12) 7,239 pairs Trousers Mazri Hospital, located at Central Ord- ... Reserve price Rs. 1 8 - per pair Bids for the whole quantity.

(13) 1,080 cwt. & 40 lbs. Cordage Coir Hawserlaid 4" located at C.O.D. Kanpur. Reserve price Rs. 30/- per cwt. Bids for the whole quantity.

(14) to (29):

93,000 gross in different sizes and weights of Brass and Brass Bronzed Buckles, Slides, Hooks, Rings, Studs etc., located at Gun and Shell Factory, Dum Dum, Calcutta. The reserve prices vary from As. -/6/6 to Rs. 28/- per gross according to sizes and weight of the material. Bids are invited for each lot. Full particulars of the store can be seen in tender form.

Issued by

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS.

NEW DELHI.

JGD

For INTERNAL CLEANLINESS

A REALLY EFFICACIOUS MEDICINE

Prepared by
Kavi Vinod
Vaidyabhushan Pandit
Thakur Datta Sharma, Vaid.
Inventor of Amritdhara

SHODHAK

One or two pills taken at bed time will serve as a mild laxative and will clean and tone up, and remove diseases of, your stomach, bowels, liver, spleen, kidney, bladder, and uterus (in the case of ladies).

Try it also for chronic constipation and enlargement of liver and spleen.

Price: Rs. 4/- for 64 pills. As. -/14/- extra for V. P. P upto 4 Phials.

Can be had of Chemists or direct from.

AMRITDHARA PHARMACY LTD., DEHRA DUN.

LARGE CLAIM FOR DAMAGES

High Court Dismisses Suit

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendulkar)

The Indus Cotton Co. & Others ..... Plaintiffs

vs.

The Indian Cotton Oil Mills ..... Defendants

A suit claiming Rs. 51,781-4-0 by way of damages for alleged breach of a contract to purchase 20,000 maunds of cotton seed was dismissed with costs by his Lordship on Wednesday.

By a contract dated 5th January 1948 the plaintiffs had agreed to sell to the defendants 20,000 maunds of N. T. Cotton seed Sind at Rs. 10-6 per maund F. O. R. Navsari, where the defendants had their mills. The contract provided that there would be no deteriorated seed. Part of the goods having arrived at Navsari on 23rd February 1948, the defendants rejected them as containing 35 to 40 per cent of deteriorated seed, and by a letter written the next day cancelled the whole contract. On that the plaintiffs filed the present suit, alleging that the defendants had wrongfully repudiated the contract because of a falling market.

The defendants contended that the plaintiffs had broken an essential condition of the contract with regard to the quality of the goods. The defendants further contended that they had communicated to the plaintiffs that the seeds were required for the purpose of extracting cotton oil and that the plaintiffs had also violated that condition by supplying seeds which were not reasonably fit for that purpose. The defendants counter-claimed for Rs. 12,550 as damages for breach of contract on the plaintiffs part.

On the evidence, his Lordship held that the goods supplied were not of the contract quality and were not reasonably fit for extracting cotton oil and that therefore it was the plaintiffs who had committed breach of the suit contract. In the result, his Lordship dismissed the plaintiffs' suit with costs. As the defendants did not press their counterclaim, his Lordship dismissed the counterclaim also, but made no order as to the costs of the counterclaim.

Mr. H. D. Banaji and Mr. C. J. Shah, instructed by Messrs. Dayalji & Dipchand appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. H. M. Seervai and Mr. J. R. Vimadalal, instructed by Messrs. Gagvat & Co. appeared for the defendants.

DEAD BODY FOUND IN TANK

BOMBAY, Friday:

The dead body of a 25-year old Hindu woman was found floating in a tank at Ghatkopar on Thursday mornin. It was taken charge of by the police and removed to the morgue for post mortem.

Inquiries reveal that the deceased Gaulabai, the wife of Dada Salvi, a fitter in the Hindustan Construction Company, had gone out of her residence to answer a call of nature. It is believed that while taking water from the tank, her feet had slipped and she was drowned. No foul play is suspected.

The mutilated dead body of an 18-year old coolie was found on railway track near Dadar on Thursday morning. It bore multiple injuries and it is believed that he was knocked down by a running train.

None Passes L L. M. Exam.

BOMBAY, Friday:

This year the Bombay University is not producing any Masters in Law. Ther ewere six men in the field for this coveted degree—three from the Ahmedabad Law College, two from Bombay and one from Kolhapur. The results of the gruelling examination are just out. The notice from the University is brief and cryptic:

NONE OF THE CANDIDATES PASSED THE EXAMINATION

Of the candidates three wanted to specialise, in Contracts, and one each in Property Law, Hindu Law and Roman Law.

B.Sc. Examination

The Aluisio Colaco Science Prize has been awarded to No. 1697 (Bengeri, Raghvendra Hucharo of Sir Parashurambhau College, Poona).

Final B.D.S. Examination

The Rustomji Bejonji Vachha Memorial Scholarship has been awarded to No. 1 (Udani, Tansukhrai Magandal of Sir C.E. M. Dental College.)

MAN ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Friday

The General Branch of the C.I.D. yesterday placed under arrest a man who, posing as one of the Secretaries of the Bombay and Suburban Tea-Shop Keepers Association, is alleged to have applied to the rationing authorities for permits for the supply of gram flour.

Tulsiram Motiram, the accused, it was found after investigations by the police, had not been authorised either by the Association or by any of the shop-keepers to obtain the permits.

Motiram was produced this morning before Mr K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court bail.

DOCK WORKERS ON TOKEN STRIKE

BOMBAY, Friday:

Two thousand six hundred workers of Mazagaon Docks, Ltd., went on a one day's token strike, today as their demand for a 4½ months' bonus had not been conceded by the management.

EXCHANGE BANK TO BE LIQUIDATED

High Court Gives Winding Up Orders

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee)

A winding-up order was made by his Lordship on Friday against the Exchange Bank of India and Africa Ltd., and the Official Liquidator was appointed Liquidator of the Bank.

A petition for moratorium was made to the High Court by the Bank in May last which was adjourned pending the report of the Reserve Bank of India with regard to the financial position of the Exchange Bank of India and Africa Ltd.

A winding-up petition was also presented to the High Court by Messrs. Associated Textile Engineers, creditors of the Bank to the tune of Rs. 1 lakh, alleging that large sums aggregating to well over a crore of rupees had been advanced without proper security to the Indian Overseas Airways Co. Ltd. and in other concerns in which Mr. J. M. Akhaney, the Managing Director of the Bank, had a controlling interest, and that there was hardly any prospect of recovering even a part of these advances.

In the vacation, Mr. Justice Chainani had adjourned the winding-up petition, but had dismissed the Bank's petition for moratorium and had appointed a provisional liquidator.

The winding-up petition having came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Coyajee on Friday, his Lordship ordered that the Bank be wound-up by the Court.

DEMAND FOR LIFTING OF CLOTH CONTROL

Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai On Economic Depression

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, June 24.

Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, a prominent industrialist in Ahmedabad giving a graphic picture of the present depressive conditions in industry and markets observed that the present economic crisis or depression is not a manufactured one but a real fact of the coming world crisis. It is evident not only in Ahmedabad, Bombay or India but in different parts of the world. He advocated for the early lifting of cloth control.

Giving figures of unemployment in Ahmedabad he said that in Ahmedabad alone more than 70,000 persons were unemployed, including gumastas of cloth market, mill hands and factory workers of different categories.

Increasing Indian Shipping Freights

British Companies Turn Down Proposal

BOMBAY, Friday: Indian shipping circles in Bomay today reported that their proposal to the Indian Shipping Conference to increase India's coastal shipping freight rates to meet the rising costs of operations had been turned down by the British shipping companies in Bombay.

The Indian Coastal Conference, which controls the range from Rangoon to Karachi, is composed of the British India Steam Navigation Company, the Asiatic Steam Navigation Company and the Scindia Steam Navigation Company. The first two companies are British-owned and British-operated

An official of an Indian shipping company told the PTI that the Conference had not raised its freight rates since 1942 though the costs of operations had gone up by 200 per cent since then, and unless India's coastal shipping freight rates were increased, the Indian shipping companies would be "in a very bad way."

REVISION OF COKE & STEAM COAL PRICES

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay has revised with immediate effect the prices of coke and steam coal in Kaira district and Cambay State. The revised rates are:

	Wholesale Price per ton, Rs. as. p.	Retail Price per cwt, Rs. as. p.
Steam Coal	44 4 0	2 10 0
Steam Coal Dust	18 0 0	..
Hard Coke	68 0 0	3 10 0
Soft Coke	55 0 0	3 1 0

The requisite notifications have been published in Part 1 of the Bombay Government "Gazette", of June 23, 1949.

TEXTILE EXPERTS COMMITTEE

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay has constituted a committee to assist and advise the Provincial Textile Controller on technical points relating to the distribution of yarn to handloom and powerloom weavers and other consumers, such as rope, tape, twine, and hoisery manufacturers, in the Bombay zone. The members of the committee, called the Textile Experts Committee, are:

Mr. D. E. Cooper, Regional Director of Textile Production, Mr. D. N Savkur, Textile Expert and Designer, Mr. M. P. Karve, Textile Expert (all of the Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay) and Mr. M. K. Neogy, Textile Officer for Industrial Co-operatives and Village Industries, Poona.

SETTLEMENT IN INDONESIA

Prospects Are Good, Says Kleffens

WASHINGTON, June 23 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. E. N. Van Kleffens, Netherlands Ambassador to the United States, said today that the outlook for a permanent settlement in Indonesia was "extremely good."

He told a press conference he was delighted to be able to confirm the preliminary settlement reached at Batavia today between representatives of the Netherlands, Indonesian Republic and Indonesian Federalists.

Mr. Van Kleffens said the Dutch were a peaceful nation and had been working hard for peace.

"Since the earliest days of this century we have been consistently working, as the record shows, for the progressive emancipation of peoples dependent on us" he said.

"With the added stimulus of Indonesian nationalism, that work is now coming to fruition.

It had been most difficult and serious obstacles were in our way. We felt completed to carry out what might be termed a surgical operation on last December to save the democratic future of Indonesia by taking action against the plots and excesses of armed gangs on the one hand and Communists on the other.

"This surgical operation cut away a cancerous growth which had been sapping the life of all orderly and stable government in Indonesia."

Mr. Van Kleffens said that large majority of Republicans and Federalists alike had "a burning desire" to work with the Dutch for the greater security and prosperity of the future United States of Indonesia.

The Union between the United States of Indonesia and Holland, he added, would be on the basis of an equal partnership of two independent and sovereign states.

COMMUNICATION STAFF DEMANDS

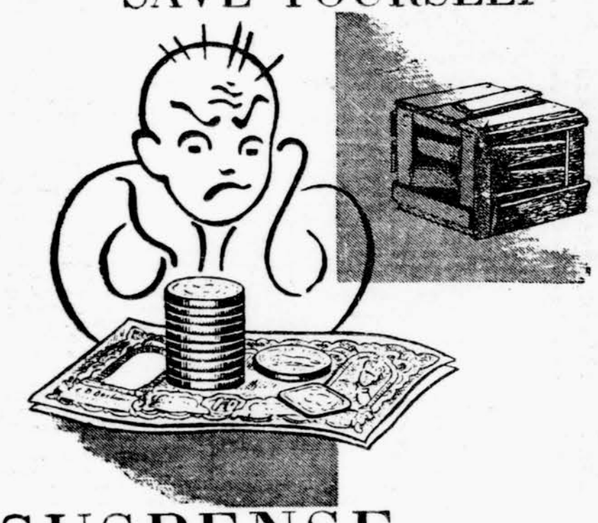
F. A. O.'S BIG PLAN

BOMBAY, Friday.

The staff union of the Government of India Overseas Communications Service has decided t hold a strike ballot on July 5, at Bombay, New Delhi,, Madras, Kirkee and Dhond.

A resolution passed by the Managing Committee of the union on June 22 said that since the Government of India had been "lethargic and irresponsive" to the repeated requests of the union for an increased dearness allowance, the union had called upon all its members" to hold a ballot and declare a token strike to arouse the Government."

SAVE YOURSELF



SUSPENSE AND EXPENSE

Damage or loss of goods consigned by rail is causing the public and the railways a great deal of unnecessary worry and expense. Sound packing, clear labelling and distinct marking will save consignments from being damaged or lost in transit and thus spare the consignors and consignees suspense and help to save the railways Two Crores of Rupees every year which at present they pay in compensation claims.

GIVE YOUR WARE PACK LABEL MARK CARE

Issued by the Indian Government Railways

RB 45P

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1665

"A VOICE LIKE HERS COMES BUT ONCE IN A CENTURY"

Marian Anderson, American Contralto

MARIAN ANDERSON, American contralto recently finished her fourteenth annual concert tour of the United States and is spending five months on a concert tour and visit to Europe. She left the United States in April and will be in Europe until late September.

The world of music and the public alike have acclaimed Miss Anderson as one of the truly great musical artists of her time. They have been as impressed with the "magnificent serenity" of her personality as with her voice. To her, the voice, which a critic said "unlocks the floodgates of musical emotion", is a direct gift from God, and her singing, a religious experience. Time magazine has said that she is "a dedicated character, devoutly simple, calm, religious".

Other critics cannot praise her tone and expressiveness enough. When Arturo Toscanini first heard her sing, he said, "A voice like hers comes once in a century." Jan Sibelius, the great Finish composer, told her: "The roof of my house is too low for your voice." Others have called hers the "voice of many rewarding timbers, clear and silvery in the soft upper tones, full and warm in the lower register, and one of "sheer loveliness".

Arthur Bronson, writing in the "American Mercury" magazine, said: "Her voice is one of the great instruments of our time, eminently musical in quality, rich in color, resilient, ample in range and invariably used with skill and sure instinct.. Her half-voice is warm and exquisite and her phrasing is meticulous."

SUCCESS STORRY

Miss Anderson's career has had much of the typical American success story about it. She was born of poor parents and received 50 cents at the age of eight her first public fee for singing at a concert. Today she receives an average of $40,000 for each concert.

HIGHEST PAID

She is the most popular, as well as the highest paid, concert singer in the United States. Her concerts, which average 60 a year and are in greater demand than those of any other singer, are booked two years in advance since 1939. Her annual gross income has averaged around $256,000 from concerts, and she also receives $4,000 each time she sings on the "Telephone Hour," a radio programme on which she appears.

Her royalties from recordings are also considerable. Her record of Schubert's "Ave Maria" has sold more than 250,000 copies. She has had many offers to appear in motion pictures but so far has refused them all.

Miss Anderson was born in South Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on a February 27 sometime between 1901 and 1908. She will not tell her age. Her musical start was early.

"I have expressed myself through my voice as long as I have known myself," she says.

As a child she also wanted to be a violinist. At the age of six she saw a violin in a nearby pawnshop priced at dollar 3.45, a tremendous sum to a poor child. But by scrubbing steps around the neighborhood for five and 10 cents, Marian finally got the violin.

"I played it until the strings gave way," she says.

At the age of eight she joined the junior choir of the Union Baptist Church, and at 13 became a member of the senior choir. She learned all four parts of every songs—soprano, alto, tenor, and even bass. When the bass was absent she sang his part, an octave higher.

After her father, a coal and ice dealer, died, she helped support her family by singing at church concerts although she was only 12. Her mother who had been a school teacher, took in washing to support Marian and the two younger daughters.

TURNING POINT

During her second year in high school in South Philadelphia Miss Anderson's remarkable voice gained the attention of John Thomas Butler, the distinguished actor. He sent her a music teacher who offered to teach her without pay. A few months later the Philadelphia Choral Society gave her a benefit concert and sent her to work with a leading contralto and teacher, Agnes Reifsnyder, of Philadelphia. When she was 19 her high school principal helped her meet Giuseppe Boghetti, the famous voice teacher.

Boghetti remembered her first audition well. It came at the end of a long, hard day's teaching, when he was weary of singing and singers. He did not wish to hear Miss Anderson. But he was prevailed upon, and the tall, calm girl who sang "Deep River" in the twilight made him weak the beauty of her voice.

When she was finished, Boghetti later related, "I just couldn't move. She had none of the refinements. She simply sang it the way she felt it, with all her natural feeling for music. She has never sung it better since."

Boghetti promptly took Miss Anderson under his wing. Members of the Union Baptist Church decided to underwrite her singing lessons, and painstakingly collected nickels and dimes for "Marian Anderson's Future" until they raised dollar 726 for her first lessons with Boghetti. In 1923 she made her formal debut with the Philharmonic Society of Philadelphia.

Two years later, Boghetti entered Miss Anderson's name in a contest in New York, the winner of which was to sing at the Lewisohn Stadium accompanied by the New York Philharmonic Orchestra. Competing against 300 singers, she won, and gave a triumphant concert.

After the concert one critic referred to her as "a voice in a thousand in ten thousand, nay in a hundred thousand." She was placed under contract and studied with Frank La Forge, but for six heartbreaking years nothing happened. America was not ready for her remarkable voice and personality.

TOURS AND HONOURS

Discouraged, she went to Europe in 1931, aided by a Julius Rosenwald scholarship. After a concert in Germany, success came swiftly. She toured Denmark, Norway, Sweden, and Finland; she sang in Stockholm before King Gustav, who decorated her, and before King Christian in Copenhagen.

From Sibelius she received one of his rare invitations. When she went to see him, Sibelius told his butler: "We will have coffee." After she sang, he shouted, "Not coffee, champagne!" Sibelius later dedicated his song "Solitude" to her.

She sang in Paris and London, and toured Italy, Austria, Spain, Poland, Latvia, and Russia. In Russia she was received enthusiastically. The famed theatre director, Constantin Stanislavsky, invited her to stay and study "Carmen" under his direction.

In 1935 she made a sensational appearance at the Mozarteum in Salzburg, and after the recital Toscanini, who was in the audience, expressed a desire to meet her. When the flattered manager said he would ask Miss Anderson to come down, Toscanini replied: "No, thank you, I shall go up to see her."

Returning home in 1935, Miss Anderson gave a memorable recital on December 30 at Carnegie Hall in New York City. The concert established her, in the words of the New York TIMES as "one of the great singers of our time," and marked the start of her fabulous concert career.

The following year she sang for the late President Roosevelt in the White House, and had the one attack of stage fright of her life. On Easter Sunday in 1939 she sang to 75,000 people who stood before the Lincoln Memorial in Washington, D.C., to hear her.

UNASSUMING

Somewhat shy, Miss Anderson is, nevertheless, easy, graceful, and unassuming offstage. She does not care for large parties, and declines to act the celebrity at the few she does attend. She usually keeps early hours. Much of her spare time at Marianna Farm is spent experimenting in the kitchen. She loves to cook and is noted for her gingerbread.

She is an avid collector of jazz records and owns an enormous library of recordings by all the popular dance bands. Among friends she often entertains with informal jazz recitals on the piano, which she plays somewhat inaccurately by ear. Her speaking voice is ruch and low. Arthur Bronson writing in the AMERICAN MERCURY, called her "a cultured, thoughtful woman, tall, graceful and unaffected, with deep-set eyes and a generous mouth."

The homage given her voice everywhere has not ruffled Miss Anderson. "You want to do your level best every time you perform," she says.

Marian Anderson, the most popular and highest paid American concert singer. The world-famous contralto left on a five-month concert tour of Europe in April—USIS Photo.

HEALTH STALL IN VICTORIA GARDENS

BOMBAY, Friday.

With a view to disseminating health knowledge among the citizens, the propaganda Section of the Municipal Health Department has put up a health stall at the Victoria Gardens Museum. The subject covered is "Child Health."

It is learnt that exhibits will be changed every fortnight. Different health subjects, such as typhoid, plague and rats, general health, food sanitation, food and nutrition, family planning, venereal diseases, body culture, materity and child welfare, tuberculosis, malaria, sanitation in chawls, insecticide work, school medical service, conservancy branch, small-pox etc. will be taken up in future.

Landlord Convicted For "Harassing Tenants"

BOMBAY, Friday.

Kishanchand Lalchand Eccpal, landlord of a building known as Eccpal Building, at Vithalwadi, corner at Girgaum, was convicted and sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300 or in default to undergo three weeks' rigorous imprisonment by T. S. Vyas, Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court today, under the Bombay Rents and Hotel Lodgings Rates Control Act of 1947.

Mohanlal P. Sohani, a tenant of the building, was the complainant in the case. According to the complainant, the landlord is alleged to have cut off the supply of electricity to Eccpal Building, causing "undue harassment to the tenants in order to get the building vacated by all the tenants."

Two Arrested On Theft Charge

BOMBAY, Friday.

Ramprakash N. Puri, Alladatta Mohamad Bhuta Zabbar Abdul Sattar, were arrested by the Esplanade Police early this morning, on a charge of theft of Rs. 1,128 in cash and a hundi draft for Rs. 50,000 from the room of Sirdarilal Thaper, at Delamer Hotel Marine Drive.

The accused are alleged to have committed this theft late last night. They were produced before Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, today, who ordered them to be remanded to police custody.

No Shifting Of Aussie Troops To Hong Kong

CANBERRA, June 24 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Joseph Chifley, Australian Prime Minister, said here to-day it was not proposed to shift Australian troops in Japan to Hong Kong.

Mr. Chifley who was replying to a question in the House of Representatives said General Douglas MacArthur, Supreme Commander in Japan, had expressed a desire that the Australians should continue to take part as much as possible in occupation work.

"We too have felt we should continue in that work until the peace treaty is reached" Mr. Chifley added.

JAYATE OR JAYATI?

Poll Favours Former

BOMBAY, Friday.

"Satyameva Jayate" or "Satyameva Jayati"? This controversy over the working of the motto—Truth Alone Triumphs—inscribed on free India's coat of arms, may now end.

A majority of Sanskrit scholars have endorsed "Satyameva Jayate" in a countrywide "select poll" conducted by the Press Trust of India.

Meanwhile, the PTI learns from New Delhi that the Government of India also have decided to stick to the original text, namely "Satyameva Jayate" and a communique is expected to be issued shortly setting out this decision. Many of the scholars, however, opined that the expression "Jayati" is probably more correct according to Panini, the great grammarian of ancient times.

Here are the views of some of the scholars interviewed by PTI correspondents:

RENDERING CORRECT

Mahamahopadhyaya P. V. Kane, Vice-Chancellor Bombay University: "The Indian Government's motto 'Satyameva Jayate' is part of a verse in Mundako Upanishad. The rendering is correct. 'Jayate' and 'Jayati' convey the same meaning in respect of tense and import. I am in favour of retaining 'Jayate' as found in the Upanishad."

Sastra Ratnakara T. V. Ramachandra Dikshit, Professor, Benares Hindu University: "Although 'Jayati' is grammatically correct, 'Jayate' is the form which finds common usage in our Vedas and Epics. The usage 'Jayate' in its archaic form should be more fitting than 'Jayati.'"

Mahamahopadhyaya Pandit Narayan Shashtri Khiste, Principal, Government Sanskrit College, Benares: "As a follower of Panini, no pandit will use the form 'Jayate,' but this being Vedic, has the support of ancient rishis (saints) and therefore the Government of India did well in adopting it as the state motto."

Robbers Caught Red Handed Near Kanpur

KANPUR, June 23 (PTI).—Three men, suspected to be members of a gang of robbers operating on Railways were caught red handed by the police near Kalapur, eight miles from here. The police detected them while they were throwing bales of yarn from a running goods train to a truck following it.

MOVE TO SAFEGUARD PHONE SUBCRIBERS' INTERESTS

Decision At City Meeting To Form Association

BOMBAY, Friday.

WOES and grievances of Bombay Telephone subscribers were voiced today at the first assemblage of telephone holders held at the Banquet Room, Taj Mahal Hotel, under the presidentship of Mr. Purshotumdas Trikumdas, Socialist M.L.A. of Bombay.

In a 100-minute preliminary conference of the fraternity of telephone users, one speakers after another narrated tales of sorrow and complaints of wrong numbers, inefficiency and indifference of the Telephone authority lastly the introduction of the 'message rate system'. The meeting resolved to form an association of telephone subscribers to safeguard and promote their interests.

Mr. N. S. Bathena, convenor of the conference said the introduction of the message rate system did bring about an appreciable decline in the number of calls, but it had not improved the telephone system of Bombay. He said that the fall in the telephone calls would reflect on the revenue of the Telephone Department. The Government, he said would be obliged to revise the present rate to meet the top heavy expenses in the administrative charges associated with the message rate system.

Mr. Bathena said that 26,000 subscribers of Bombay who contributed Rs. 50,00,000 annually for the maintenance and upkeep of the department, had no voice in its management. He pointed out that according to the clause of the telephone contract the telephone authority held absolute powers to disconnect any telephone connection by a seven day notice. The only remedy before the subscribers, he said was to form an association and assert their rights.

'NOT A LUXURY'

Mr. Trikumdas in the course of his remarks criticised the working and management of the Bombay telephone system and advised subscribers to organise to protect and safeguard their interests. He added that telephone today was no more a luxury, but an item of necessity in a city like Bombay.

The meeting decided to form an association of telephone subscribers and elected an 11-member committee to frame rules and regulations of the Association and enrol members Mr. Bathena was elected as organising secretary and convenor.

The office of the Association will be provisionally situated at Kalum Kutir, 219, Frere Road, Fort.

ALLEGED BLACKMAIL OF CITY BUSINESSMAN

Ex-Employee Trapped By C.I.D.

BOMBAY, Friday.

A shop assistant, who is alleged to have attempted to blackmail a city businessman, after being in his service for 25 years, was trapped and arrested by the Anti-corruption branch last evening.

Investigation by the department into the case led to the seizure of account books and other documents, allegedly stolen and secreted by the accused, not only in his house but deposited in the safety of various city banks.

It was alleged by the police that Prabhuram Tribhovandas Shah, who was formerly in the service of Messrs. Badruddin Mahomedalli and Sons of Nagdevi Street, carried on a campaign to extort money from Mr. Aftab Hussein Badruddin, the proprietor of the firm. He demanded Rs. 40,000 as his price. If the amount were not paid he threatened to "expose" the firm, as he was in possession of various "incriminating" documents and account books.

As his pressure increased Mr. Badruddin approached Superintendent Bashiruddin of the Anti-corruption Branch under whose direction Inspector Rao Saheb Shete effected the arrest of Shah last evening.

This morning Shah was presented before Mr. Kantilal C. Thakore at the Esplanade Court and was ordered into custody.

Rationing Inspector Arrested

BOMBAY, Friday:

Ali Dawood Patel, Rationing Inspector attached to the "B" Ward Rationing Office was arrested by the City Police on Thursday for the alleged illegal possession of ration cards and for giving false information for obtaining the same. With him was also arrested Mohmed Ismail for the abetment of the offence. Both the suspects were put up today before Mr. J. M. Barrot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, who ordered them to be enlarged on bail pending further inquiries by the police.

The police alleged before the Magistrate that on Thursday last the first accused was seen taking delivery of 17 ration cards on two "A" forms supposed to have been prepared by himself. Later seven out of these 17 cards were recovered from the second accused who is suspected to be in league with the first.

On police being informed the accused were put under arrest.

ADULTERATION OF MILK

Govt. Warns Dairy Owners

BOMBAY, Friday: Dairy owners supplying milk under the Bombay Government's milk distribution scheme have been warned by the Civil Supplies Minister Mr. Dinkarrao N. Desai today that their contracts would be terminated if they do not maintain the required quality of their supplies, it is learnt.

According to the Government's requirements, milk supplied every morning and evening should contain 6.3 per cent and 7 per cent of fat. There have been many complaints to the Milk Commissioner that the quality of milk supplied at the various distribution centres has deteriorated on account of adulteration.

The Minister gave the warning at a conference of representatives of the various dairy societies in the city, called at the Secretariat today. The Milk Commissioner Mr. Khurody was also present.

The dairy owners, while explaining their diffiulties have, however, agreed to maintain the required fat content in their supplies.

Mr. Desai has warned that defaulting members of societies, which are registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, would be expelled from these bodies.

Another question which was discussed was about the difficulty of getting enough supplies of grass at fair prices. Various suggestions were considered at the meeting on this issue.

SOCIAL EDUCATION FOR MASSES

'Community Centres' To Be Developed

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay has decided to change the designation of 'Adult Education' to 'Social Education.' This is being done on the recommendation of the Central Advisory Board of Education and also in conformity with the general consensus educational opinion in the country.

The Government has decided that the adult education machinery should be utilised for providing social education which would include, within its scope, education in civics and communical harmony, in personal and community hygiene and sanitation, in simple crafts, and in general knowledge and information about every day things. In addition, an attempt will be made to provide at adult centres cultural and recreational facilities also so as to make them genuinely attractive for adults.

A beginning has already been made in this direction and, wherever enthusiastic workers with the right outlook are available, much more than mere instruction in literacy is being done with the object of transforming the adult classes into something like 'community centres', providing a variety of activities and opportunities for all round development.

WARNING ABOUT 'YELLOW JOURNALS'

'Conch' Editor On Article Published In Paper

BOMBAY, Friday.

When the case, in which Mr R. P Aiyar, Editor of the weekly paper "Conch," is charged with extortion of money from Mr. R. K. Karanjia, Editor of "The Blitz", was resumed before Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate at Esplanade Court today, the accused was examined by the Court regarding a leading article published in "Conch" last January.

The accused stated that the article meant as a warning to certain newspapers of Bombay like "The Blitz," which the accused classified as "yellow journals." The accused defined "Yellow Journalism" as "sensational tabloid journalism absolutely opportunist in its political ideology." He said that these "yellow journals" were a menace to the security of State and to the profession of journalism in this country. He, therefore, wanted to rebutt these "yellow journals," he said.

The Magistrate adjourned the hearing of the case to June 29.

Mr. D. C. Munsif, Police Prosecutor with Mr. R K Khare, Police Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution, while the accused was defended by Mr. S. K. Ambedkar.

Bhagdari Abolition Act

BOMBAY, Friday.

After receipt of assent of the Governor-General of the Indian Union, the Bombay Bhagdari and Narwadari Tenures Abolition Act, 1949, has been published in the Bombay Government "Gazette", of June 23, 1949.

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

MANY years have passed since I saw it; but the scene lives in my memory, as if it were yesterday.

One dark night, people passing along the road heard what seemed like a boy sobbing and crying. When they looked in the direction indicated by the sound they found a boy weeping and groping for something on the ground, on the footpath under the uncertain light of a street lamp. With him was another boy, who was not weeping but was also peering intently and looking around for something.

The first man who reached the spot asked what it was. "Move aside, move aside", said the boy who was not weeping, and continued his search. The weeping boy kept weeping and sobbing and never let up.

More and more of the curious began to gather. As each came in they were brusquely told to move aside and not obstruct the light. No further information was vouchsafed to them, except that they could infer that the boys were searching for something. Others joined in the search. Everyone was looking everywhere—for what, they did not know.

Within a few minutes there was a huge crowd of people milling around and each asking the others what it was. Some said a hundred rupee note had been lost. Others said it was a diamond ring. These were the least fantastic theories current.

Ultimately someone, bolder and more sensible, collared the boys and insisted on knowing what it was.

"My father will abuse me", the boy sobbed. Wiping his tears he continued: "Mama will hammer me. She had given it to me. This chap lost it".

"You", he hissed making a grimace and shaking his fist at the other boy in anger.

"What is it?" challenged someone impatiently.

"He has lost a peanut", said the sobbing boy. "A peanut", they shouted aloud in chorus, as with a great burst of laughter they broke away from the crowd and fled from the scene.

Those boys knew their compatriots very well. That is how they could make a successful hit of their fooling.

The curiosity of the Indian, male or female, is insatiable. You can see them everywhere, with distended nostrils, hearts throbbing, rushing fleet footed towards any crowd, any sound, any sight. They forget their work, the waiting friend, the expectant wife or the irate boss. They have no regard for their lives or their limbs. They rush headstrong, crane their necks, push themselves forward and ask endless questions.

They want to participate too in all the great doings they come across. They are even more eager to do than to know.

You can try an experiment, if you want. Run down any busy street, shouting "chor, chor". Be assured that some unfortunate man will be caught hold of by some misguided enthusiasts and hammered. It is only afterwards that questions will be raised and the discovery made that it was some poor, innocent passer-by who had a raw deal.

TIES BETWEEN U. K. AND INDIA

Mr. Kitson's Views

BOMBAY, Friday.

Freedom and liberty for each nation to act as it thought best, both in its own interest and for the common good of the world, was the basis of the relationship between Britain and India, said Mr. G. V. Kitson, addressing the International Club this evening on the subject of Britain and India and their new relationship.

The Deputy High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in India added that the criterion of this association was also the libetry of every individual who was a national of the two countries united by the bonds of the Commonwealth.

The relationship further signified mutual trust and goodwill such as existed between the various nations which comprised the British Commonwealth and Empire in the past. While the present association between the two countries was represented by the office of the High Commissioner for the U. K. in India, a Mr. Kitson expressed the hope that the future would bring about deeper understanding and closer relationship between the two nations which would accentuate the harmony which today bound them together in Commonwealth ties. Such ought to be the feeling of trust and friendship which the future must evolve.

Britain and India had much to offer each other by way of trade, but further to cement their relations an exchange of their culture and scientific thought was needed, coupled with other information and news pertaining to their people. It was on this cultural level that the two countries had much to learn from each other.

Prohibition Cases

BOMBAY, Friday.

The prohibition department of the Greater Bombay Police have picked up 252 cases, arrested 122 persons and seized 365 gallons of illicit liquor, 3,998 gallons of wash, five gallons of foreign liquor and five gallons of spirit, during the week ended June 16.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Jeff Has Been Listening To The Neighbors Radio With No Choice — BY BUD FISHER

GOING UP!
HOW HIGH IS UP?
WHERE YA GOIN'?
WHAT DO YOU CARE?
FROM HERE TO WHERE?
THINK I'M GONNA TELL YOU?
WHAT BRIDGE?
NONE OF YOUR BUSINESS!
HEY, WAIT! I WAS ONLY HAVIN' A LITTLE FUN WITH HIM!
NUT WAGON
HUH?
HOW FAR IS IT FROM HERE TO THERE?
WHERE DOES THE OTHER END OF THE BRIDGE GO TO?

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.